



# TOURISM INDICATORS

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) FRI 1 NOV 2002

## CONTENTS

	<i>page</i>
Notes .....	2
Key tourism indicators .....	3
In brief .....	5
FEATURE ARTICLE	
A profile of two Tourism Regions: The Gold Coast and the Sunshine Coast .....	7
TABLES	
List of tables .....	20
Tourist accommodation .....	22
International tourism .....	60
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	
Explanatory notes .....	74
Glossary .....	80
Appendix: List of feature articles .....	83

- For further information about these and related statistics, please contact Linda Fardell on Canberra 02 6252 6348, or the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

## NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	<i>ISSUE (Quarter)</i> September 2002	<i>EXPECTED RELEASE DATE</i> 7 February 2003
ABOUT THIS PUBLICATION	This publication brings together tourism data from a number of sources, including data from the quarterly Survey of Tourist Accommodation (STA) and the Overseas Arrivals and Departures collection (OAD).	
FORTHCOMING CHANGES	<p>The September quarter 2002 issue of this publication will be the final quarterly issue. This publication will then be issued annually. The content will change to place greater emphasis on a wide variety of tourism related statistics. It will continue to include data from the STA and OAD collections but will also include data from other collections, for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ data from the Tourism Satellite Account</li><li>■ data on the construction of hotels, motels, hostels etc.</li><li>■ retail turnover for hotels, etc.</li></ul> <p>The publication will continue to include articles on tourism issues.</p> <p>The 2002 issue is expected to be released in May 2003.</p>	

Dennis Trewin  
Australian Statistician

## KEY TOURISM INDICATORS

	Unit	Period	Latest	Percentage change on	
			figures	Previous	Corresponding
			Value	period	period
				previous	previous
				year	year
<b>Tourist accommodation — supply and demand(a)</b>					
Licensed hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments					
Establishments	no.	Jun qtr 2002	3 826	-0.6	—
Guest rooms/units	'000	Jun qtr 2002	196.9	-0.5	0.2
Bed spaces	'000	Jun qtr 2002	565.4	-0.4	-0.5
Room nights occupied	'000	Jun qtr 2002	9 823.7	-5.8	-0.5
Room occupancy rate(b)	%	Jun qtr 2002	54.8	-3.8	-0.4
Guest nights	'000	Jun qtr 2002	17 104.8	-10.8	-1.4
Guest arrivals	'000	Jun qtr 2002	7 836.2	-5.4	-0.1
Takings from accommodation	\$'000	Jun qtr 2002	1 100 074	-9.4	-1.0
Caravan parks(c)					
Establishments	no.	End Dec 2000	1 800	-0.2	n.a.
Powered sites and cabins	no.	End Dec 2000	200 099	-0.1	n.a.
Holiday flats, units and houses(c)					
Letting entities	no.	End Dec 2000	632	0.2	n.a.
Flats, units and houses	no.	End Dec 2000	29 835	5.7	n.a.
Visitor hostels(c)					
Establishments	no.	End Dec 2000	466	—	n.a.
Bed spaces	no.	End Dec 2000	40 659	0.8	n.a.
<b>Tourist accommodation construction</b>					
Hotels, etc. approved(d)	\$m	Aug 2002	63.1	11.3	181.7
Hotels, etc. commenced(e)	\$m	Mar qtr 2002	134.3	-34.7	41.5
Hotels, etc. under construction(e)	\$m	Mar qtr 2002	715.8	7.4	-2.9
Hotels, etc. completed(e)	\$m	Mar qtr 2002	59.0	-26.8	-45.8
<b>Domestic tourism(f)</b>					
Number of overnight visitors	'000	Year ended Mar 2002	75 044	..	2.6
Number of visitor nights	'000	Year ended Mar 2002	293 188	..	1.8
<b>Short-term international visitor arrivals</b>					
Number of visitor arrivals(g)	'000	Jun 2002	339.4	-24.0	-7.2
Number of visitor arrivals(g)	'000	Jun qtr 2002	1 029.6	-18.5	n.y.a.
Number of visitor arrivals(g)	'000	Year end Jun 2002	4 768.3	..	n.y.a.
Number of person days(h)	'000	Jun qtr 2002	28 696.3	-41.1	n.y.a.
Median intended length of stay(h)	days	Jun qtr 2002	10	-9.1	n.y.a.
Expenditure by international visitors(i)	\$m	Nine months ended Mar 2002	p8 944.9	..	n.y.a.
International visitor nights(i)	'000	Nine months ended Mar 2002	p96 954	..	n.y.a.
<b>Short-term Australian departures</b>					
Departures(g)	'000	Jun 2002	318.6	12.4	n.y.a.
Departures(g)	'000	Jun qtr 2002	881.1	18.8	n.y.a.
Departures(g)	'000	Year end Jun 2002	3 367.9	..	n.y.a.
Number of person days(h)	'000	Jun qtr 2002	32 508.7	11.1	n.y.a.
Median intended length of stay(h)	days	Jun qtr 2002	17	12.2	n.y.a.

(a) *Tourist Accommodation, Australia* (cat. no. 8635.0).

(b) Change is shown in terms of percentage points.

(c) For caravan parks, holiday flats and units, and visitor hostels the previous period refers to the end of December 1997.

(d) *Building Approvals, Australia* (cat. no. 8731.0). For monthly reference periods, the previous period is three months prior to the current month.

(e) *Building Activity, Australia* (cat. no. 8752.0).

(f) Bureau of Tourism Research, *National Visitor Survey: Travel by Australians*.

(g) *Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0). For monthly reference periods, the previous period is three months prior to the current month.

(h) Overseas Arrivals and Departures Collection.

(i) Bureau of Tourism Research, International Visitor Survey. Excludes international airfares and inclusive package tours purchased outside Australia.

KEY TOURISM INDICATORS — *continued*

	Unit	Period	Latest	Percentage change on	
			figures	Previous	Corresponding
			Value	period	period
					last year
<b>Tourism satellite account(a)</b>					
Tourism gross domestic product	\$b	2000–01	31.8	..	14.2
Tourism share of gross domestic product(b)	%	2000–01	4.7	..	0.3
Tourism gross value added(c)	\$b	2000–01	26.3	..	5.9
Tourism share of gross value added(b)	%	2000–01	4.3	..	—
International visitor consumption	\$b	2000–01	17.1	..	17.0
Tourism share of exports of goods and services(b)	%	2000–01	11.2	..	–0.4
Tourism consumption(d)	\$b	2000–01	71.2	..	10.1
<b>Retail turnover(e)</b>					
Hospitality and services					
Hotels and licensed clubs	\$m	Aug 2002	1 350.9	4.1	4.0
Cafes and restaurants	\$m	Aug 2002	840.5	20.1	11.7
Selected services	\$m	Aug 2002	227.0	–13.2	3.7
<b>Price index(f)</b>					
Holiday travel and accommodation	1989–90=100	Jun qtr 2002	128.7	1.1	12.5
<b>Employment and earnings</b>					
Persons in tourism-generated employment(a)	'000	2000–01	551.0	..	3.0
Tourism share of total employment(a)	%	2000–01	6.0	..	—
Accommodation, cafes and restaurants					
Number employed(g)	'000	Aug 2002	436.8	–7.1	–3.3
Average weekly hours worked(g)	hours	Aug 2002	31.5	–0.6	–0.3
Proportion employed part-time(g)(b)	%	Aug 2002	47.0	–0.6	0.6
Average total weekly earnings(h)	\$	May 2002	403.7	1.3	3.2
Female/male ratio of average total full-time weekly earnings(h)(b)	%	May 2002	0.87	—	—
<b>Unemployment rate(g)(b)</b>					
Worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years in accommodation, cafes and restaurants	%	Aug 2002	6.8	–0.3	–0.6
<b>Balance of payments(i)</b>					
Travel exports	\$m	Jun qtr 2002	3 002	–34.1	–7.0
Travel imports	\$m	Jun qtr 2002	–2 803	10.4	1.5
Balance on travel services	\$m	Jun qtr 2002	199	–90.1	–57.3
<b>Exchange rates(j)</b>					
United States dollar	per \$A	Sep 2002	0.5407	–3.6	11.3
Japanese yen	per \$A	Sep 2002	65.82	–1.2	14.0
Euro	per \$A	Sep 2002	0.5469	–3.0	4.2

(a) *Australian National Accounts: Tourism Satellite Account* (cat. no. 5249.0).

(b) Change is shown in terms of percentage points.

(c) Tourism gross value added measures the value of tourism gross output at basic output at basic prices by all industries which supply tourism products, less the value of the inputs used in producing these tourism products. Gross value added is the preferred national accounts measure of industry production as it excludes taxes and subsidies on products.

(d) Tourism consumption is the total consumption made by a visitor or on behalf of a visitor for and during his/her trip and stay at the destination.

(e) *Retail Trade, Australia* (cat. no. 8501.0). For monthly reference periods, the previous period is three months prior to the current month. The previous period is therefore May 2002.

(f) *Consumer Price Index* (cat. no. 6401.0); base year: 1989–90=100.

(g) *Labour Force, Australia* (cat. no. 6203.0).

(h) *Average Weekly Earnings, States and Australia* (cat. no. 6302.0).

(i) *Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia* (cat. no. 5302.0).

(j) *Average Monthly Exchange Rates, Australia Data Report* (cat. no. 5654.0.40.001). Values shown are as at 7am (AEST) on the final trading day of the month.

## IN BRIEF

### OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES DATA

There have been significant delays in the receipt of final Overseas Arrivals and Departures (OAD) data from the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA) for the periods October 2000 to June 2001. Therefore, the statistics for these months have been compiled from information on passports, visas or other travel documents.

How these delays affect this issue:

- Data for the months October 2000 to June 2001 are preliminary and subject to revision.
- Parts of tables 28, 29, 36 and 39 would normally contain data which is not yet available. Where this is the case, the symbol 'n.y.a.' has been used.

Information on the expected release of final OAD data for October 2000 to June 2001 will be updated on the Demography Theme page on the ABS web site <<http://www.abs.gov.au>>, and in future issues of *Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0).

### INTERNATIONAL VISITOR SURVEY (IVS)

The Bureau of Tourism Research (BTR) released the latest figures on international tourism in Australia on 12 September 2002. These figures are for the nine months ended March 2002 and provide the first detailed insight into international visitors to Australia since the June quarter 2000. Results from the IVS have not been published since the June quarter 2000 due to delays in the processing of passenger card data by DIMIA. Passenger card data is used to weight IVS results.

### CULTURAL FUNDING BY GOVERNMENT

The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) recently released *Cultural Funding by Government, Australia, 2000–01* (cat. no. 4183.0). This publication contains estimates of Australian public funding for arts and cultural activities, facilities and services for the three years from 1998–99 to 2000–01.

Tourism draws on a range of cultural services funded by the Commonwealth, state, territory and local governments, including national parks, museums and art galleries.

Total government funding for cultural activities was \$4,454.5m in 2000–01. The Commonwealth Government contributed \$1,639.7m (37%) of this funding, state and territory governments contributed \$1,942.3m (44%) and local governments provided \$872.4m (20%).

Most of the funding supported Heritage activities (\$2,750.8m or 62% of total funding). In particular, Nature parks and reserves (\$985.6m), Libraries and archives (\$838.8m) and museums (804.0m) collectively accounted for 59% of the total government funding. Arts activities received the remaining \$1,703.7m (38%) of government funding.

## GAMBLING INDUSTRIES

*Gambling Industries, Australia, 2000–01* (cat. no. 8684.0) contains information on employing businesses providing gambling services by:

- state and territory
- sources of income
- items of expenditure
- characteristics of employment.

There were 6,012 employing businesses in Australia involved in the provision of gambling services at the end of June 2001. A large proportion (75%) of these businesses were hospitality clubs, pubs, taverns and bars. The total net takings from gambling during 2000–01 were \$13,838.6m, an increase of 26% since 1997–98.

## 2001 CENSUS

On Census Night 2001, there were 69,738 persons visiting caravan parks (including overseas visitors and excluding permanent residents).

There were 101,656 caravans, cabins and houseboats counted, making up 1.3% of the total number of dwellings counted (7,810,352).

Queensland had the largest number of caravans, cabins and houseboats, 35,784 (35%), followed by New South Wales with 27,987 (28%) and Western Australia with 14,096 (14%).

Census information is available on the Census home page at <<http://www.abs.gov.au>>.

Further information on ABS publications and services can be obtained by contacting the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

## NEW TOURISM THEME PAGE ON THE ABS WEB SITE

The online Tourism Theme Page has been redeveloped to assist users to access tourism information, products and services. To access the site, go to <<http://www.abs.gov.au>> then Themes>Tourism.

The new site highlights self-help options. The welcome page provides summaries and links to ABS products and services, non-ABS sources of tourism information, recent developments, and more. The site also links to a 'Guide to interpreting statistics' page to help tourism users understand commonly used statistical concepts and methods.

We welcome your feedback on the new Tourism Theme Page. To provide comments, please click on the 'Provide feedback' link on the Tourism Welcome Page, or email <[linda.fardell@abs.gov.au](mailto:linda.fardell@abs.gov.au)> and <[carrie.ashley@abs.gov.au](mailto:carrie.ashley@abs.gov.au)>.

## FEATURE ARTICLE

# A PROFILE OF TWO TOURISM REGIONS: THE GOLD COAST AND THE SUNSHINE COAST

### INTRODUCTION

The Gold Coast and the Sunshine Coast are among the most popular tourism destinations in Australia. In *Travel by Australians 2001: Annual results of the National Visitor Survey* (2002), the Bureau of Tourism Research ranked Tourism Regions according to the number of overnight visitors in 2001. The Gold Coast ranked fourth of all Tourism Regions visited by Australian residents aged 15 years and over (with around 3.5m overnight visitors to this region, or 5% of all overnight visitors). The Sunshine Coast ranked tenth (with about 2.2m overnight visitors or 3% of all overnight visitors).

This article uses data from the 2001 Census of Population and Housing and the latest available tourist accommodation data to profile the Gold Coast and the Sunshine Coast. The data presented include the state of usual residence and birthplace of residents in the regions on Census Night, together with characteristics of overseas visitors in these two regions. Tourist accommodation data, including capacity, occupancy, guest arrivals, average length of stay and takings from accommodation, are also used.

The Gold Coast is located along the southern coastline of Queensland and features beaches and beach front centres such as Main Beach, Surfers Paradise, Mermaid Beach, Burleigh Heads and Coolangatta. It includes inland areas such as Beaudesert and Labrador. The Sunshine Coast is situated north of Brisbane. It includes Noosa, Maroochydore, Mooloolaba and Caloundra.

The regions selected for this article are just two of the geographic areas for which data are available. One of the important aspects of both the Census of Population and Housing and the Survey of Tourist Accommodation is that they can be used to describe the characteristics of small geographic areas and small population groups. Regional data are used by government and private sectors to assist with planning and the provision of services. In terms of business opportunities and market research, these data can also be used to help identify and analyse the demographics of a particular location.

### DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILES OF PEOPLE IN THE GOLD COAST AND THE SUNSHINE COAST TOURISM REGIONS

The following Census data have been aggregated to the Gold Coast Tourism Region (TR) and the Sunshine Coast TR. The Statistical Local Areas that comprise these regions are specified in the appendix to this article, which also includes a map of Tourism Regions in Queensland.

#### Basic counts

On Census Night, 7 August 2001, 3,655,139 people were enumerated in Queensland (of these, 69,500 were overseas visitors). This represents 19.3% of all people counted in Australia on Census Night.

Including overseas visitors, there were 494,976 people in the Gold Coast TR (13.5% of people counted in Queensland).

There were 252,011 people in the Sunshine Coast TR (6.9%).

Basic counts *continued* There were 397,514 people aged 15 years and over (80.3%) in the Gold Coast TR. About the same percentage were aged 15 years and older in the Sunshine Coast TR (201,675 people or 80.0%) and in Queensland (2,884,181 people or 78.9%).

There were 71,625 people (14.5%) in the 65 and over age group in the Gold Coast TR. A greater proportion of people were aged 65 years and older in the Sunshine Coast TR (44,429 people or 17.6%). The percentage of people in this age group was lower in Queensland (by 2.2 percentage points compared to the Gold Coast TR and 5.3 percentage points compared to the Sunshine Coast TR.)

Most people were enumerated in private dwellings (96.6% in the Gold Coast TR, and 97.6% in the Sunshine Coast TR). Almost the same percentage were in this group in Queensland (96.1%).

In the Gold Coast TR, 16,801 people (3.4%) were 'enumerated elsewhere'. This group includes people in non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, guest houses, prisons, hospitals, etc.) and migratory people (those counted on an overnight journey by plane, train or bus). About the same proportion of people were enumerated elsewhere in the Sunshine Coast TR (5,925 people or 2.4%) and in Queensland (143,787 people or 3.9%).

There were 5,624 people who identified as being of Indigenous (Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander) origin in the Gold Coast TR. This represents 1.2% of people counted in that region, excluding overseas visitors. A similar percentage of people identified as being of Indigenous origin in the Sunshine Coast TR, (2,762 people). In Queensland, 112,772 people were in this group (3.1% of people, excluding overseas visitors).

Overseas visitors The Census allows the identification of people who are usually resident in another country. An overseas visitor is any person who stated that he or she would be in Australia for less than 12 months. Standard Census products present limited variables for overseas visitors, namely: age, sex and marital status.

On 7 August 2001, there were 15,701 overseas visitors in the Gold Coast TR (3.2% of people enumerated in that region) and 5,422 overseas visitors in Sunshine Coast TR (2.2%). These proportions were greater in these regions than for both Queensland and Australia. The 69,500 overseas visitors enumerated in Queensland represented 1.9% of people counted in that state and the 203,101 overseas visitors in Australia represented 1.1% of people counted in the nation.

In the Gold Coast TR, more overseas visitors were female (8,329 or 53.0% of overseas visitors in that region) than male (7,372 or 47.0%). This was also the case in the Sunshine Coast TR (2,983 females or 55.0% of overseas visitors, and 2,439 males or 45.0%).



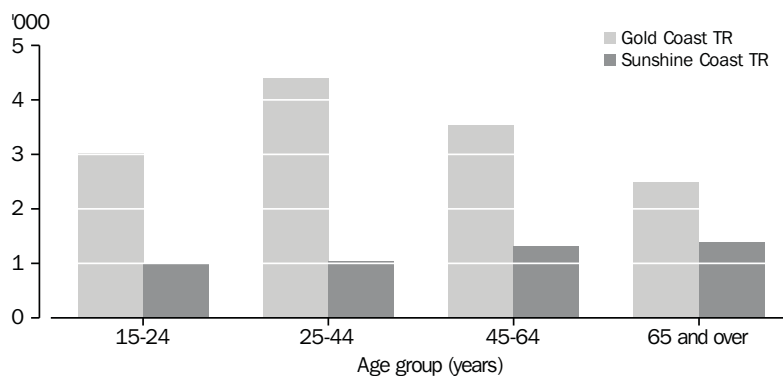
Overseas visitors *continued*

Graph F1.1 presents overseas visitors (aged 15 years and older) by age group for both regions.

Almost one-third of overseas visitors in the Gold Coast TR were in the 25–44 age group (4,388 or 32.6% of overseas visitors aged 15 years and older in that region), followed by the 45–64 age group (3,549 or 26.4%) and the 15–24 age group (3,028 or 22.5%).

In the Sunshine Coast TR, overseas visitors tended to be older than those in the Gold Coast TR, with 29.4% (1,396) aged 65 years and over. There were 1,322 overseas visitors aged 45–64 years (27.8%) and 1,044 overseas visitors in the 25–44 age group (22.0%).

F1.1 OVERSEAS VISITORS (AGED 15 YEARS AND OLDER) BY AGE



Source: 2001 Census of Population and Housing, Basic Community Profiles.

Australian state of usual residence on Census Night

This variable refers to the place in Australia where a person usually lives, rather than the place where they were counted on Census Night. Census counts compiled on this basis are less likely to be influenced by seasonal factors such as school holidays and snow seasons, and provide information about the usual residents of an area.

Most people in the two regions were counted at home. There were 442,327 people in this group in the Gold Coast TR (92.3% of people, excluding overseas visitors) and 224,858 people (91.2%) in the Sunshine Coast TR. A similar proportion of people in Queensland were counted at home on Census Night (93.7%).

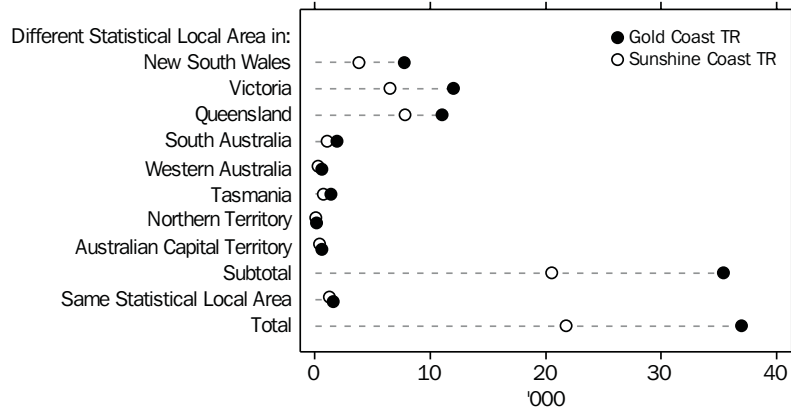
Graph F1.2 presents the state of usual residence on Census Night (excluding overseas visitors and people counted at home) of people enumerated in the Gold Coast and Sunshine Coast TRs. Over 90% of these domestic visitors in both the Gold Coast and the Sunshine Coast were counted in a different Statistical Local Area (rather than the same Statistical Local Area).

In the Gold Coast TR, most people counted in a different Statistical Local Area listed Victoria as their usual state of residence (12,018 people or 34.0%). This was followed by Queensland (11,022 people or 31.2%) and New South Wales (7,758 people or 21.9%).

Australian state of usual residence on Census Night  
continued

In the Sunshine Coast TR, Queensland was the state of usual residence with the most responses (7,815 people or 38.1%), then Victoria (6,484 people or 31.6%) and New South Wales (3,794 people or 18.5%).

F1.2 STATE OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT(a)



(a) Excluding overseas visitors and people counted at home.

Source: 2001 Census of Population and Housing, Basic Community Profiles.

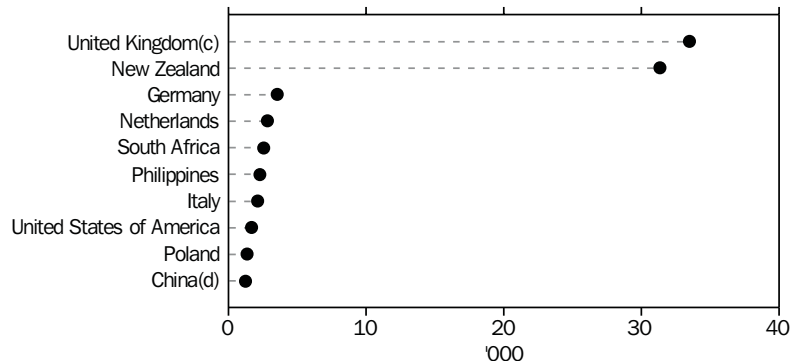
Birthplace

Most people enumerated in the two regions were born in Australia. In the Gold Coast TR, 335,922 people (70.1% of people excluding overseas visitors) were born in Australia, while in the Sunshine Coast TR, 191,897 people (77.8%) were Australian-born. Similarly, for Queensland, 77.7% of people were in this group.

Graphs F1.3 and F1.4 present the top 10 countries of birth (excluding Australia) for persons enumerated in the two regions (excluding overseas visitors).

The top five countries of birth were the same for both regions. As shown below, in the Gold Coast TR, 33,469 people were born in the United Kingdom (7.0%), 31,319 in New Zealand (6.5%), 3,564 in Germany (0.7%), 2,821 in the Netherlands (0.6%) and 2,556 in South Africa (0.5%).

F1.3 TOP 10 COUNTRIES OF BIRTH(a), Persons(b) in Gold Coast TR



(a) Excluding Australia. (b) Excluding overseas visitors. (c) Includes England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, Channel Islands, Isle of Man, and United Kingdom, nfd. (d) Excludes SARs and Taiwan Province. SAR is an abbreviation of Special Administrative Region. SARs comprise Hong Kong (SAR of China) and Macau (SAR of China).

Source: 2001 Census of Population and Housing, Basic Community Profiles.

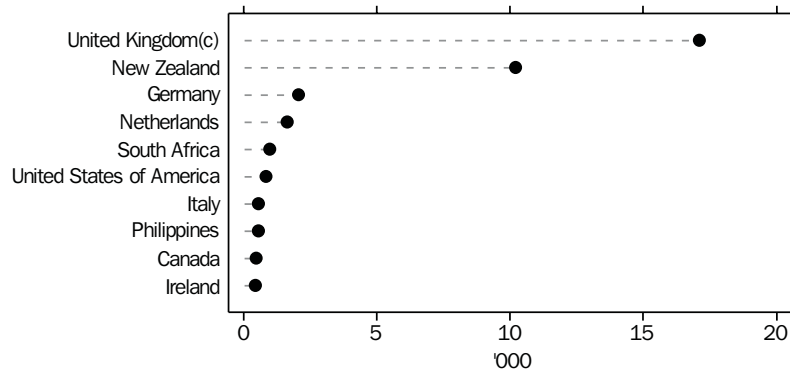
Birthplace *continued*

As shown in graph F1.4, in the Sunshine Coast TR, 17,103 people were born in the United Kingdom (6.9% of people excluding overseas visitors). There were 10,201 people (4.1%) born in New Zealand, a smaller proportion than that of the Gold Coast TR.

Germany was the country of birth for 2,065 people (0.8%), followed by the Netherlands (1,635 people or 0.7%) and South Africa (1,002 people or 0.4%).

In Queensland, the top four countries of birth (excluding Australia) were the same as in these Tourism Regions. However, the country with fifth greatest responses was Italy rather than South Africa (which ranked seventh).

F1.4 TOP 10 COUNTRIES OF BIRTH(a), Persons(b) in Sunshine Coast TR



(a) Excluding Australia. (b) Excluding overseas visitors. (c) Includes England, Scotland, Wales, Northern Ireland, Channel Islands, Isle of Man, and United Kingdom, nfd.

Source: 2001 Census of Population and Housing, Basic Community Profiles.

## TOURIST ACCOMMODATION

This section provides the latest available data (June quarter 2002) for tourist accommodation in the Gold Coast TR and the Sunshine Coast TR. Data relate to hotels, motels (including guest houses) and serviced apartment establishments with 15 or more rooms or units.

### Establishments and capacity

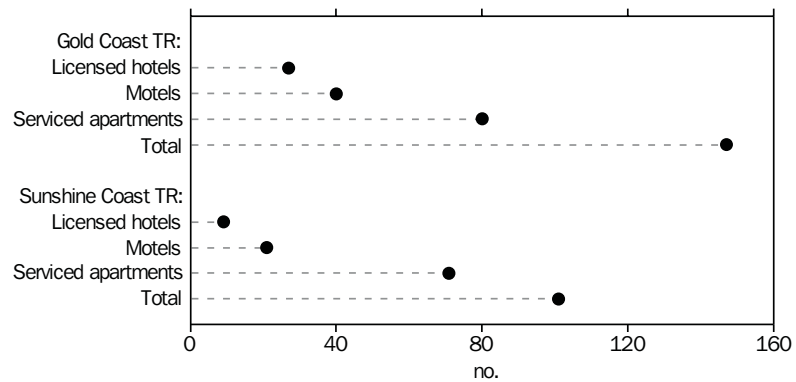
In the June quarter 2002, there were 147 hotels, motels (and guest houses) and serviced apartments in the Gold Coast TR (15.2% of total establishments in Queensland).

There were 101 total establishments in the Sunshine Coast TR (10.4%).

Graph F1.5 shows the number of establishments in the two regions by accommodation type.

There were 80 serviced apartments in the Gold Coast TR (54.4% of all accommodation types), 40 motels (27.2%) and 27 licensed hotels (18.4%). Compared to the Gold Coast TR, a greater proportion of total establishments in the Sunshine Coast TR were serviced apartments. The Sunshine Coast had 71 serviced apartments (70.3%), 21 motels (20.8%) and nine licensed hotels (8.9%).

F1.5 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS, Establishments—June quarter 2002



Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001)*.

Graph F1.6 presents the number of guest rooms of these establishments available in the two regions.

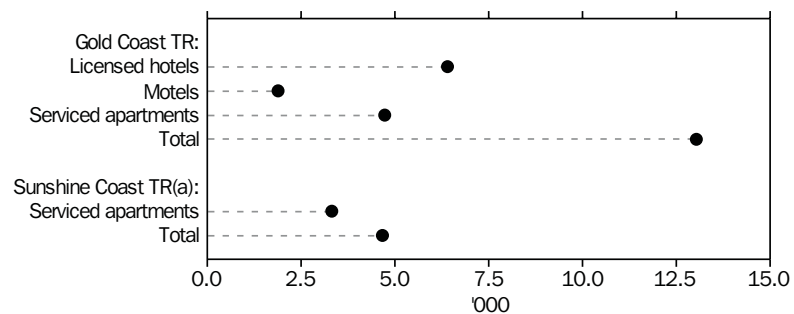
Guest rooms are the maximum number of rooms available at each establishment during the survey period for accommodating short-term paying guests. Units and apartments within serviced apartments are treated as rooms.

Nearly half of all guest rooms in the Gold Coast TR were in licensed hotels (6,399 rooms or 49.1% of all accommodation types). There were 4,740 rooms in serviced apartments (36.4%) and 1,889 rooms in motels (14.5%).

In the Sunshine Coast TR, there were 3,322 rooms in serviced apartments (71.1% of rooms in accommodation types in that region). The number of rooms in other accommodation types was not published due to confidentiality issues.

There were a total of 52,827 guest rooms available in Queensland in the June quarter 2002. The Gold Coast TR accounted for 13,028 rooms (24.7%) and the Sunshine Coast TR provided 4,670 rooms (8.8%) of the Queensland total.

F1.6 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS, Guest rooms—June quarter 2002



(a) Data for licensed hotels and motels are not published separately due to confidentiality issues.

Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001)*.

Occupancy Graph F1.7 shows room nights occupied and guest nights in the two regions in the June quarter 2002.

Room nights occupied are the total number of nights each guest room or unit was occupied during the survey period. 'Guest nights' refers to the total number of paying guests counted on each night they stayed at the accommodation establishment during the survey period. In this section, data have been rounded to the nearest 100.

There were 326,100 room nights occupied in licensed hotels in the Gold Coast TR (48.7% of all room nights occupied in that region). The next greatest number of room nights occupied was in serviced apartments (248,500 room nights occupied or 37.1%). There were 94,500 room nights occupied in motels (14.1%).

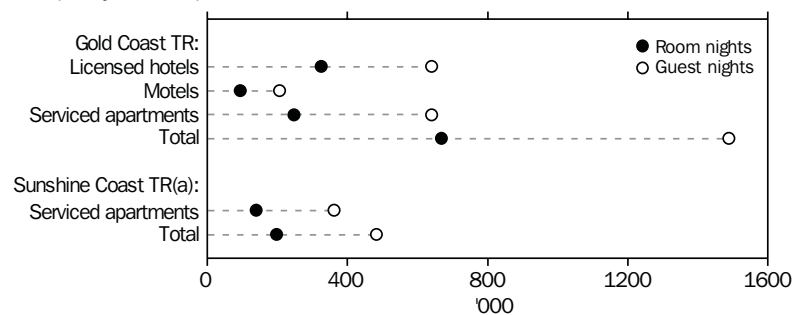
In the Sunshine Coast TR, about 70% of all room nights occupied were in serviced apartments (139,200 room nights occupied).

There were about 640,000 guest nights in both licensed hotels and serviced apartments in the Gold Coast TR. This represents 43.0% of all guest nights in each case. Motels recorded the smallest number with 207,300 guest nights (13.9%).

There were 361,700 guest nights in serviced apartments in the Sunshine Coast TR (74.9% of all guest nights in that region).

Total room nights occupied in the Gold Coast TR accounted for 24.8% of total room nights occupied and 28.8% of total guest nights in Queensland. The Sunshine Coast held a smaller percentage of occupancy (7.3% of room nights occupied in Queensland and 9.3% guest nights occupied).

F1.7 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS, Occupancy—June quarter 2002



(a) Data for licensed hotels and motels are not published separately due to confidentiality issues.

Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001)*.

Graph F1.8 presents occupancy rates for tourist accommodation. Occupancy rates are occupancy expressed as a percentage of the total capacity available for the period.

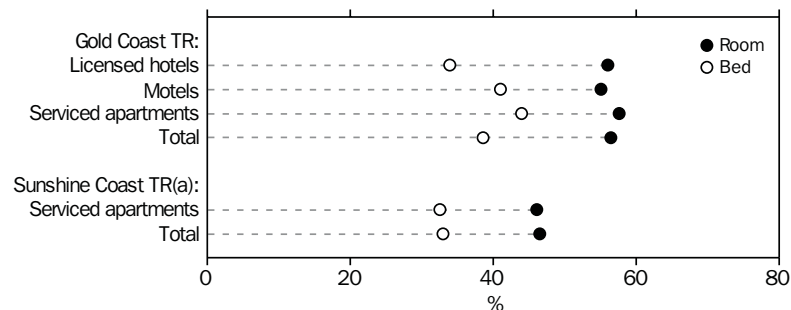
Occupancy *continued*

In the June quarter 2002, the room occupancy rate for total accommodation types was 56.4% in the Gold Coast TR (0.2 percentage points higher than in Queensland). Room occupancy rates by accommodation type ranged from 55.0% for motels to 56.0% for licensed hotels and 57.6% for serviced apartments.

In the Sunshine Coast TR, room occupancy rates were 46.1% for serviced apartments and 46.5% for all accommodation types.

Bed occupancy rates were generally lower than room occupancy rates. At the total level, the bed occupancy rate was 38.6% in the Gold Coast TR and 32.9% in the Sunshine Coast TR. The bed occupancy rate for total accommodation types for Queensland was 34.9%.

F1.8 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS,  
Occupancy rates—June quarter 2002



(a) Data for licensed hotels and motels are not published separately due to confidentiality issues.

Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland* (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001).

Guest arrivals

Guest arrivals are the total number of paying guests counted only on the first night they stayed at the accommodation establishment during the survey period.

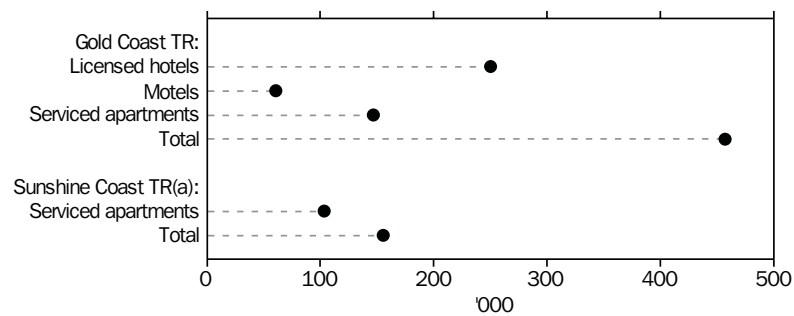
The number of guest arrivals are provided in graph F1.9. Data have been rounded to the nearest 100.

There were 457,500 total guest arrivals in the Gold Coast TR in the June quarter 2002 (23.5% of guest arrivals for Queensland). There was a smaller proportion of guest arrivals in the Sunshine Coast TR (155,500 arrivals or 8.0% of guest arrivals for Queensland).

Over half of all guest arrivals in the Gold Coast TR were in licensed hotels (250,300 arrivals or 54.7%). This was followed by 146,800 guest arrivals in serviced apartments (32.1%) and 60,400 guest arrivals in motels (13.2%).

In the Sunshine Coast TR, two thirds of guest arrivals were in serviced apartments (103,600 arrivals).

F1.9 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS,  
Guest arrivals—June quarter 2002



(a) Data for licensed hotels and motels are not published separately due to confidentiality issues.  
Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001)*.

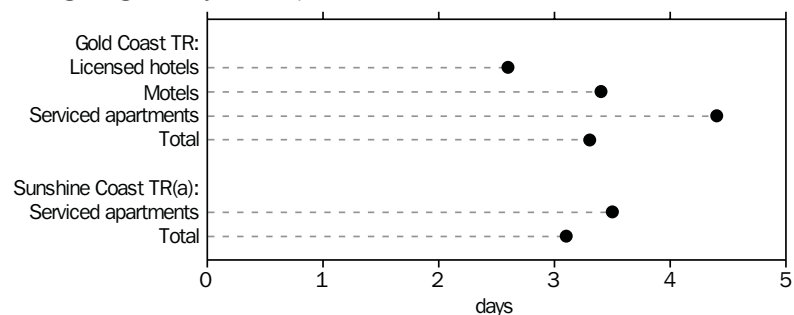
Average length of stay

Graph F1.10 presents the average length of stay in both the Gold Coast TR and the Sunshine Coast TR. Data are expressed in numbers of days and calculated by dividing guest nights by guest arrivals.

In the June quarter 2002, the greatest average length of stay of all accommodation types was in serviced apartments in the Gold Coast TR (4.4 days) and in the Sunshine Coast TR (3.5 days).

The average length of stay for all accommodation types was 3.3 days in the Gold Coast TR (0.6 days more than in Queensland) and 3.1 in the Sunshine Coast TR (0.4 days more than Queensland).

F1.10 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS,  
Average length of stay—June quarter 2002



(a) Data for licensed hotels and motels are not published separately due to confidentiality issues.  
Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001)*.

Takings from accommodation

Since 1 July 2000, takings from accommodation include gross revenue from the provision of accommodation, including the Goods and Services Tax. Takings from meals are excluded.

Graph F1.11 presents takings by accommodation type for both regions.

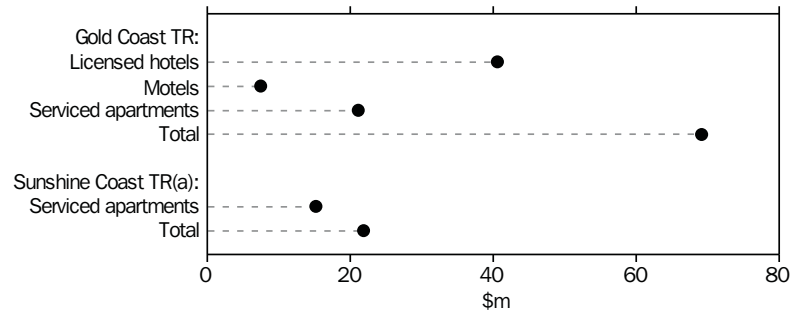
In the June quarter 2002, takings from all accommodation types were \$69.1m in the Gold Coast TR (24.5% of takings in Queensland) and \$21.9m in the Sunshine Coast TR (7.7%).

In the Gold Coast TR, most takings were generated from hotels (\$40.5m or 58.6% of total takings), followed by serviced apartments (\$21.2m or 30.6%) and motels (\$7.4m or 10.8%).

Takings from accommodation *continued*

In the Sunshine Coast TR, takings from accommodation in serviced apartments were \$15.2m or 69.6% of total takings.

F1.11 HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS, Takings from accommodation—June quarter 2002



(a) Data for licensed hotels and motels are not published separately due to confidentiality issues.

Source: *Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data, Queensland (cat. no. 8635.3.40.001)*.

## FURTHER INFORMATION

This article provides examples of some of the information that is available for Tourism Regions and other geographic levels (such as Statistical Local Areas). Many more variables describing the population of these areas are available, including age, sex, income levels, marital status and family type.

Census data used in this article were obtained from first release Basic Community Profiles (BCPs). BCPs are free of charge on the ABS web site down to the Statistical Local Area geographic level and are available for purchase for Collection Districts (the smallest available geographic level). These products comprise 21 tables containing the key characteristics of persons, families and dwellings. Second release BCPs, due for release in November 2002, will comprise 12 additional tables, including industry by age by sex of employed persons, and occupation by age by sex.

Census Snapshots, which present information in a narrative format, are free of charge on the ABS web site at the Australia, state/territory, Capital City Statistical Division, and Statistical Local Area geographic levels.

A range of other regional data are available, including regional statistics compendium publications published under cat. no. 1362, followed by the appropriate state/territory trailing character. These annual publications present summary demographic, economic, social and environmental statistics for geographic areas such as Local Government Areas, Statistical Districts and Statistical Divisions. Data may include: population, births, deaths, building approvals, agriculture, retail turnover, industry, education and training, health, labour force, wages and prices, local government finance, overseas trade, tourism, transport, and environmental protection and assets statistics.

For more information, please refer to the ABS web site <<http://www.abs.gov.au>> or contact the ABS National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.



**FEATURE ARTICLE****APPENDIX: COMPOSITION OF THE GOLD COAST AND SUNSHINE COAST TOURISM REGIONS**

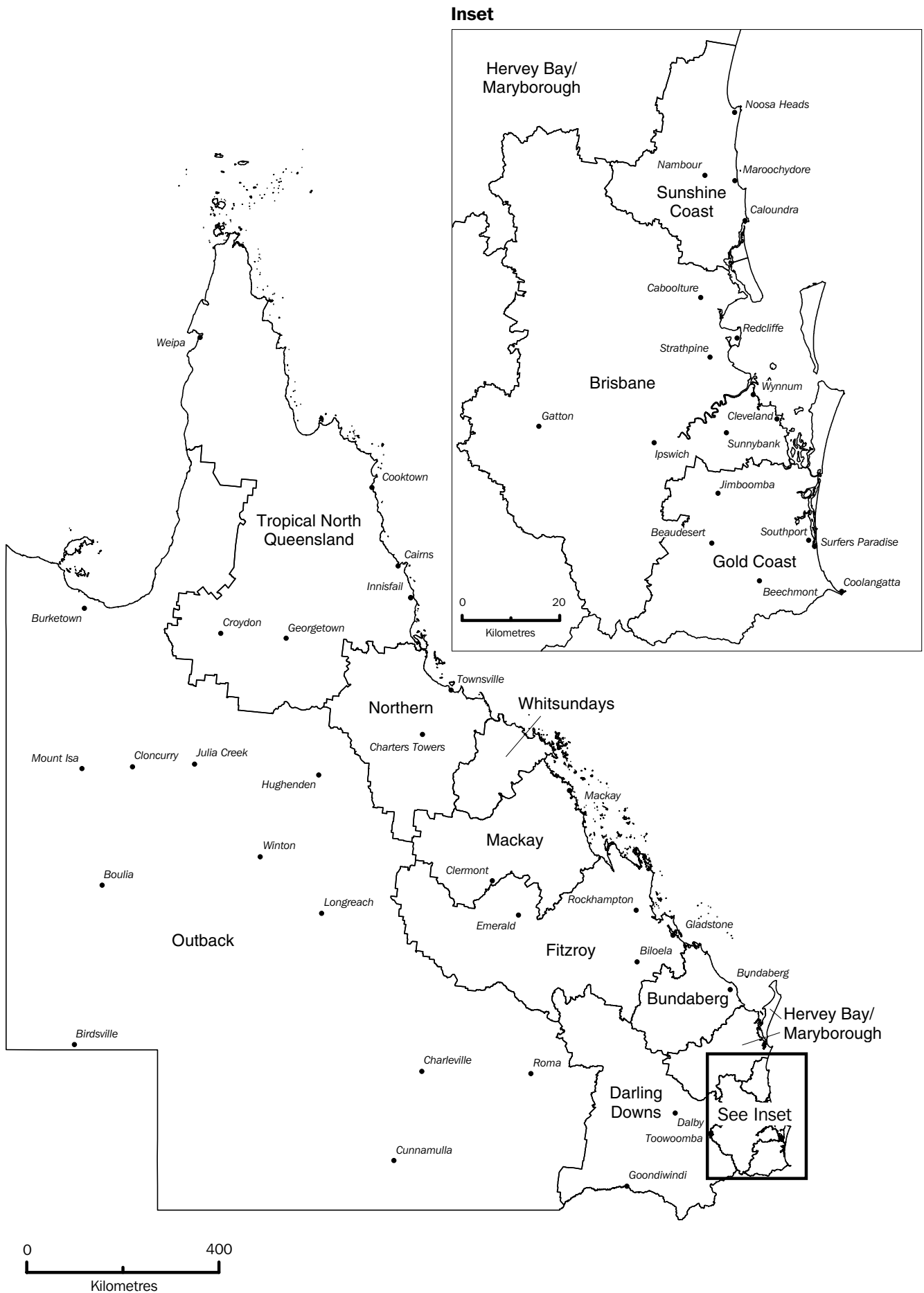
CONCORDANCE BETWEEN  
STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS  
(SLAs) OF THE AUSTRALIAN  
STANDARD GEOGRAPHIC  
CLASSIFICATION  
(2001 EDITION) AND  
TOURISM REGIONS

Gold Coast Tourism Region	SLA
Beaudesert (Shire)	
Part A	305150552
Part B	310200557
Gold Coast (City) - Part A	
Beenleigh	305103461
Bethania-Waterford	305103463
Eagleby	305103466
Edens Landing-Holmview	305103471
Mt Warren Park	305103476
Windaroo-Bannockburn	305103494
Balance in BSD	305103496
Gold Coast (City) - Part B	
Arundel	310053497
Ashmore	310053501
Benowa	310053504
Biggera Waters	310053507
Bilinga	310053512
Broadbeach	310053513
Broadbeach Waters	310053515
Bundall	310053517
Burleigh Heads	310053521
Burleigh Waters	310053523
Carrara-Merrimac	310053525
Coolangatta	310053527
Coomabah	310053531
Coomera-Cedar Creek	310053532
Currumbin	310053533
Currumbin Waters	310053535
Elanora	310053537
Ernest-Molendinar	310053541
Guanaba-Currumbin Valley	310053542
Helensvale	310053543
Hollywell	310053545
Hope Island	310053547
Labrador	310053553
Main Beach-Broadwater	310053555
Mermaid Beach	310053557
Mermaid Waters	
- Clear Island Waters	310053562
Miami	310053563
Mudgeeraba	310053565
Nerang	310053567
Oxenford	310053571
Palm Beach	310053573
Paradise Point	310053575
Parkwood	310053577
Robina	310053582
Runaway Bay	310053583
Southport	310053585
Stephens	310053586
Surfers Paradise	310053587
Tugun	310053591
Worongary-Tallai	310053593

CONCORDANCE BETWEEN  
 STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS  
 (SLAs) OF THE AUSTRALIAN  
 STANDARD GEOGRAPHIC  
 CLASSIFICATION  
 (2001 EDITION) AND  
 TOURISM REGIONS *continued*

Sunshine Coast Tourism Region	SLA
Caloundra (City)	
Caloundra N.	310152132
Caloundra S.	310152133
Hinterland	310202136
Kawana	310152135
Rail Corridor	310202138
Maroochy (Shire)	
Buderim	310154902
Coastal North	310154905
Maroochydore	310154907
Mooloolaba	310154911
Nambour	310154914
Balance in S Coast SSD	310154917
Balance	310204918
Noosa (Shire)	
Noosa-Noosaville	310155752
Sunshine-Peregian	310155755
Tewantin	310155756
Balance	310205758

# Tourism Regions, Queensland—2001



## LIST OF TABLES

TOURIST ACCOMMODATION			Page
Australia	<b>1</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	25
	<b>2</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	26
	<b>3</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	27
New South Wales	<b>4</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	29
	<b>5</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	30
	<b>6</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	31
Victoria	<b>7</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	33
	<b>8</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	34
	<b>9</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	35
Queensland	<b>10</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	37
	<b>11</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	38
	<b>12</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	39
South Australia	<b>13</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	41
	<b>14</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	42
	<b>15</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	43
Western Australia	<b>16</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	45
	<b>17</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	46
	<b>18</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	47
Tasmania	<b>19</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	49
	<b>20</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	50
	<b>21</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	51

Northern Territory	<b>22</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	53
	<b>23</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	54
	<b>24</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	55
Australian Capital Territory	<b>25</b>	Hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates	57
	<b>26</b>	Accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	58
	<b>27</b>	Takings, accommodation establishments, June quarter 2001 and June quarter 2002	59
<b>INTERNATIONAL TOURISM</b>			
Short-term overseas visitors	<b>28</b>	Arrivals, by country of residence, June quarter 2001 to June quarter 2002	62
	<b>29</b>	Arrivals by country of residence, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates, June quarter 2000 to June quarter 2002	63
	<b>30</b>	Arrivals by main purpose of journey and country of residence, persons	64
	<b>31</b>	Arrivals by main purpose of journey and country of residence, person days	65
	<b>32</b>	Arrivals by intended length of stay and country of residence, persons	66
	<b>33</b>	Arrivals by age group and country of residence, persons	67
	<b>34</b>	Arrivals by age group and selected countries of residence, persons	68
	<b>35</b>	Departures by state or territory in which most time was spent and country of residence	69
Australian resident departures	<b>36</b>	Short term trips abroad by country of intended stay, June quarter 2001 to June quarter 2002	70
	<b>37</b>	Short term trips abroad by main purpose of journey, persons	71
	<b>38</b>	Short term trips abroad by main purpose of journey, person days	72
	<b>39</b>	Short term trips abroad by country of intended stay, original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates, June quarter 2000 to June quarter 2002	73

## TOURIST ACCOMMODATION

### INTRODUCTION

The statistics presented in this section are from the quarterly Survey of Tourist Accommodation (STA). The data presented are for hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments with 15 or more rooms or units.

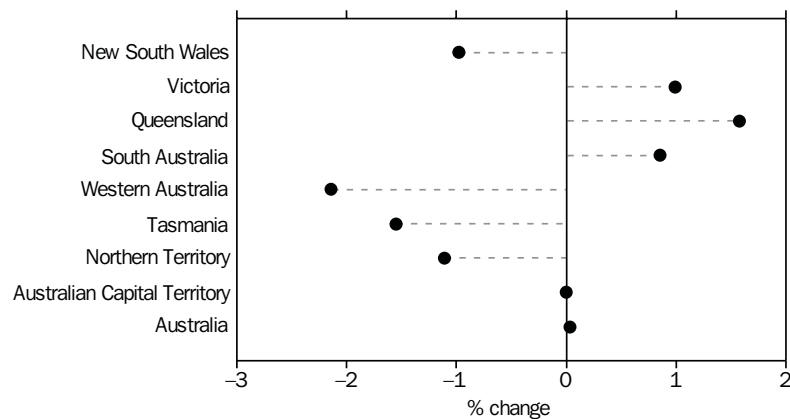
### AUSTRALIA

#### Establishments

The total number of accommodation establishments rose marginally in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001 to 3,826 establishments.

Queensland, Victoria and South Australia all recorded increases in the total number of establishments.

NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS—Jun qtr 2001–Jun qtr 2002



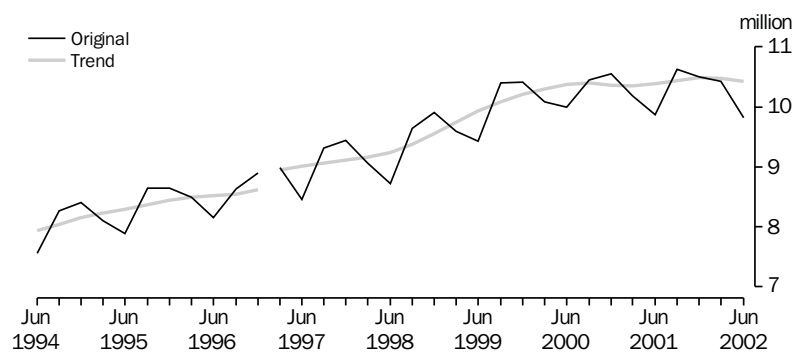
#### Guest rooms

The total number of guest rooms increased marginally (up 310 rooms) in the 12 months to June 2002, driven by an increase in rooms in serviced apartments (up 712 guest rooms or 2%).

#### Room nights occupied

In original terms, room nights occupied are at their lowest level since the June quarter 1999, down 0.5% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. In trend terms, room nights occupied increased 0.5% compared to the June quarter 2001.

QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Australia



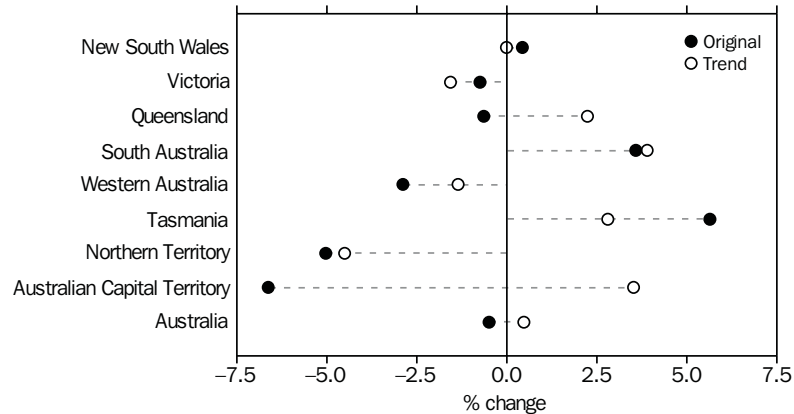
Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

Room nights occupied  
continued

In the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001, South Australia and the Australian Capital Territory showed the strongest growth in room nights occupied in trend terms (both up 4%), followed by Tasmania (up 3%).

The greatest decline in trend terms was seen in the Northern Territory (down 5%).

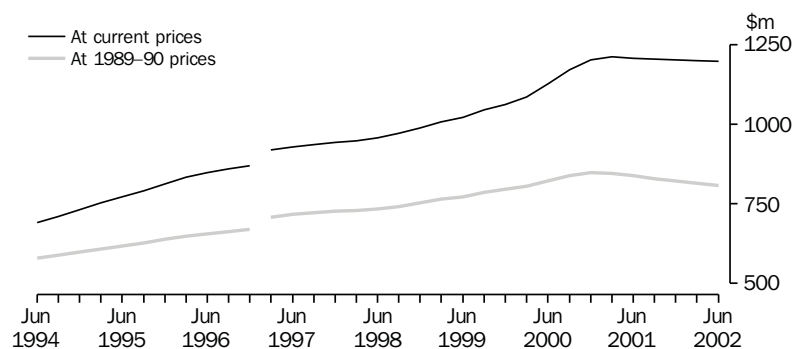
QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED—Jun qtr 2001–Jun qtr 2002



Takings from accommodation

In the June quarter 2002, the trend estimate for accommodation takings fell 1% (\$9.8m) at current prices and 4% at constant (1989–90) prices (\$29.6m), compared to the June quarter 2001. The trend estimate for accommodation takings at constant prices is at its lowest since the March quarter 2000. At current prices, the trend estimate for accommodation takings for the June quarter 2002 is the lowest it has been since the September quarter 2000.

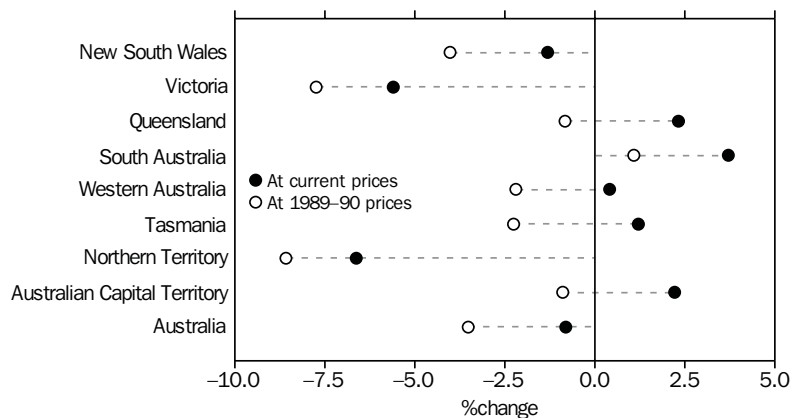
QUARTERLY TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION, Australia: Trend



Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

In constant price terms, the trend estimate for takings from accommodation declined in each state and territory except for South Australia (up 1% from June quarter 2001 to June quarter 2002). The biggest decrease in takings from accommodation at constant prices was in the Northern Territory (down 9%), followed by Victoria (down 8%) and New South Wales (4%).

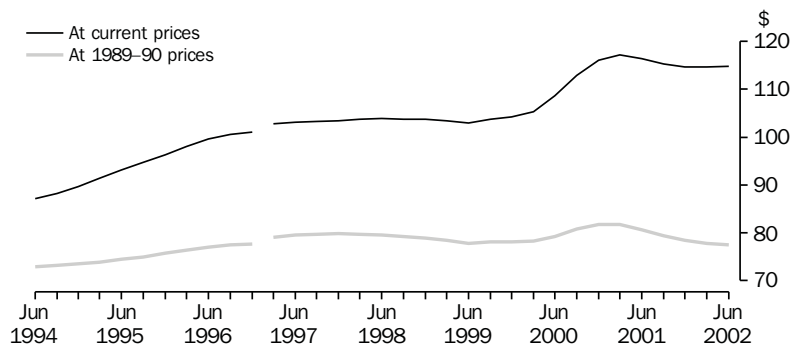
QUARTERLY TAKINGS: Trend—Jun qtr 2001–Jun qtr 2002



Average takings per room night occupied

In the June quarter 2002, the trend series for average takings per room night occupied decreased 1% at current prices, and 4% at constant prices, compared to the June quarter 2001.

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Australia: Trend



Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.



# 1

## HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS — AUSTRALIA(a)

	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	27 736.6	27 644.8	27 716.7	2 307.3	2 299.4	2 306.3	1 993.5	1 992.1	1 996.2
<b>1993</b>	29 834.6	29 833.6	29 801.3	2 503.1	2 502.5	2 497.9	2 124.0	2 123.0	2 120.2
<b>1994</b>	31 948.5	31 951.4	31 933.7	2 807.9	2 807.1	2 804.2	2 336.5	2 336.0	2 331.5
<b>1995</b>	33 278.7	33 300.7	33 328.7	3 124.9	3 125.5	3 130.8	2 482.9	2 483.9	2 491.1
<b>1996</b>	34 171.6	34 175.1	34 181.7	3 412.9	3 413.7	3 411.8	2 641.1	2 638.9	2 637.3
<b>1997</b>	36 182.8	36 169.0	36 127.2	3 727.8	3 728.5	3 727.2	2 876.0	2 876.7	2 873.1
<b>1998</b>	37 324.5	37 309.3	37 314.8	3 877.8	3 875.3	3 871.2	2 963.4	2 961.1	2 960.3
<b>1999</b>	39 822.3	39 825.0	39 971.1	4 139.7	4 143.1	4 140.7	3 120.6	3 119.2	3 121.0
<b>2000</b>	41 079.6	41 039.2	41 420.9	4 725.0	4 708.1	4 587.9	3 406.1	3 403.4	3 315.1
<b>2001</b>	41 176.2	41 245.1	41 659.5	4 765.5	4 774.4	4 827.7	3 297.9	3 298.4	3 336.5
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	10 188.6	10 331.5	10 348.1	1 218.1	1 214.1	1 212.1	851.0	847.9	846.4
Jun qtr	9 872.9	10 374.8	10 380.4	1 111.3	1 204.6	1 208.1	770.5	833.8	837.9
Sep qtr	10 619.0	10 389.1	10 442.0	1 226.5	1 199.3	1 204.3	848.3	828.3	829.2
Dec qtr	10 495.8	10 149.6	10 489.0	1 209.6	1 156.4	1 203.1	828.2	788.4	823.0
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	10 428.4	10 581.1	10 478.5	1 214.0	1 210.1	1 201.7	823.6	825.1	816.0
Jun qtr	9 823.7	10 338.5	10 428.4	1 100.1	1 194.4	1 198.3	741.3	802.6	808.3

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) Australian quarterly seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are the sum of the relevant state and territory estimates.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading					Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5		
<b>ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY</b>										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>										
Establishments	778	2 398	649	62	457	1 866	899	98	443	3 825
Guest rooms	78 050	84 093	34 401	2 009	13 252	71 054	70 819	23 542	15 868	196 544
Rooms per establishment	100	35	53	32	29	38	79	240	36	51
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>										
Establishments	776	2 382	668	62	449	1 855	944	105	411	3 826
Guest rooms	78 183	83 558	35 113	2 168	13 386	69 950	72 740	24 396	14 214	196 854
Rooms per establishment	101	35	53	35	30	38	77	232	35	51
<b>AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT</b>										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	59.5	17.9	29.9	11.1	12.4	19.7	48.3	154.4	15.4	28.4
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	60.3	18.5	31.9	13.4	13.6	20.2	48.3	149.9	16.0	29.3
May	59.6	17.6	29.3	12.5	12.8	18.8	47.1	149.2	15.1	28.1
Jun	55.9	17.1	29.8	13.3	12.8	18.3	45.2	136.8	15.7	27.2
Jun qtr	58.6	17.7	30.3	13.1	13.1	19.1	46.9	145.3	15.6	28.2
<b>AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM</b>										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	1.6	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8
May	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7
Jun	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8
Jun qtr	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7
<b>AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY</b>										
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	2.3	1.8	3.5	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.2
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	2.3	1.8	3.5	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.7	2.5	2.2
May	2.2	1.8	3.4	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2
Jun	2.2	1.8	3.4	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.2
Jun qtr	2.3	1.8	3.4	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.5	2.2

## 3

## TAKINGS, ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS — AUSTRALIA

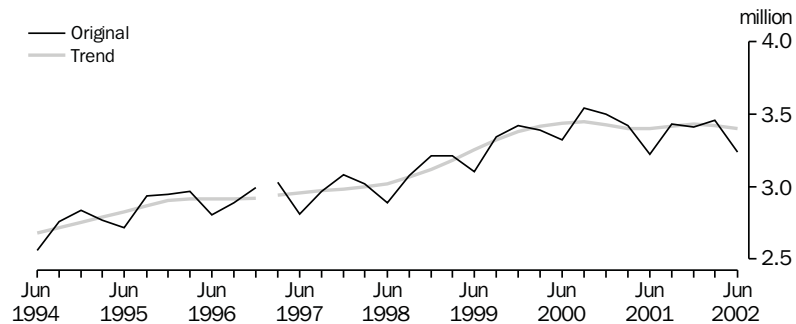
	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading					Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5		
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION										
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	569 936	336 607	204 794	4 188	33 024	288 972	481 425	249 007	54 720	1 111 337
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	192 900	115 578	75 054	1 464	11 821	97 227	164 479	90 475	18 066	383 532
May	196 448	110 370	68 869	1 389	11 203	91 063	164 326	90 620	17 085	375 687
Jun	168 273	105 263	67 320	1 741	11 148	86 416	149 170	74 862	17 519	340 856
Jun qtr	557 622	331 210	211 243	4 594	34 171	274 707	477 975	255 957	52 671	1 100 074
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT										
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	732.6	140.4	315.6	67.6	72.3	154.9	535.5	2 540.9	123.5	290.5
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	248.6	48.5	112.4	23.6	26.3	52.4	174.2	861.7	44.0	100.2
May	253.2	46.3	103.1	22.4	25.0	49.1	174.1	863.1	41.6	98.2
Jun	216.8	44.2	100.8	28.1	24.8	46.6	158.0	713.0	42.6	89.1
Jun qtr	718.6	139.0	316.2	74.1	76.1	148.1	506.3	2 437.7	128.2	287.5
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED										
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	135	86	116	67	64	86	122	181	88	113
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	137	87	118	59	65	87	120	192	92	114
May	137	85	113	58	63	84	119	187	89	113
Jun	130	86	113	70	65	85	117	174	90	109
Jun qtr	135	86	115	62	64	85	119	184	90	112
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE										
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	80	44	65	23	27	45	75	116	38	62
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	82	46	71	23	29	46	75	124	42	65
May	81	43	63	21	27	42	73	120	39	62
Jun	72	42	64	27	28	41	68	103	41	58
Jun qtr	78	44	66	23	28	43	72	115	41	61
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT										
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	83	50	55	42	36	48	70	110	49	64
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	83	49	54	36	36	47	66	113	49	63
May	88	52	57	36	38	49	72	119	51	68
Jun	80	50	54	42	37	47	67	106	49	62
Jun qtr	84	50	55	38	37	48	68	113	50	64

NEW SOUTH WALES

**Capacity** The capacity of accommodation establishments with 15 or more rooms in New South Wales fell slightly (2%) in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001.

**Room nights occupied** Room nights occupied increased slightly in original and seasonally adjusted terms in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001 (up 0.4% and 0.9% respectively). The trend estimate for room nights occupied fell marginally.

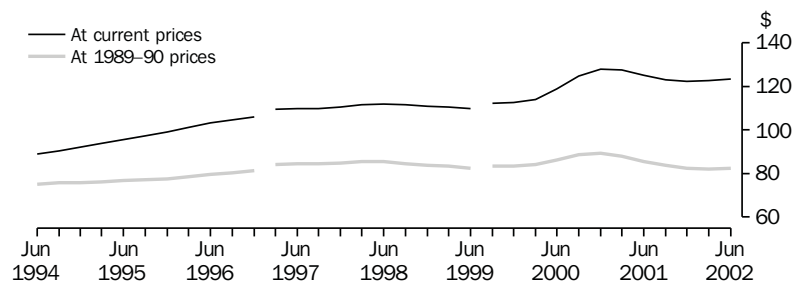
QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, New South Wales



Notes: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

**Takings from accommodation** Total takings from accommodation establishments rose 0.6% in original terms in the June quarter 2002 compared to the corresponding period in 2001. Takings from serviced apartments and licensed hotels increased by 5.2% and 0.7% respectively, while takings from motels and guest houses fell 1.3%.

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, New South Wales: Trend



Notes: There are two breaks in series:  
 (a) between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7  
 (b) between June quarter and September quarter 1999 because of a sudden sustained increase in takings from accommodation.

## 4

## HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS — NEW SOUTH WALES(a)

	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	9 389.7	9 356.7	9 376.0	812.6	810.1	811.8	702.7	702.9	703.4
<b>1993</b>	10 065.0	10 061.4	10 050.5	863.7	863.4	863.4	736.1	735.9	736.5
<b>1994</b>	10 817.2	10 807.3	10 787.7	972.9	972.1	970.4	814.4	814.0	811.9
<b>1995</b>	11 363.4	11 358.7	11 385.4	1 097.1	1 096.7	1 099.0	873.1	873.1	876.3
<b>1996</b>	11 654.7	11 669.8	11 662.5	1 209.5	1 211.6	1 210.3	933.1	933.0	932.6
<b>1997</b>	11 887.0	11 867.4	11 856.4	1 303.6	1 304.1	1 304.6	1 003.5	1 002.9	1 001.5
<b>1998</b>	12 195.4	12 195.6	12 205.7	1 361.2	1 361.3	1 361.7	1 035.5	1 035.0	1 035.9
<b>1999</b>	13 081.1	13 090.3	13 135.9	1 463.7	1 465.3	1 462.3	1 095.0	1 094.1	1 093.2
<b>2000</b>	13 753.2	13 736.0	13 721.3	1 808.2	1 801.2	1 665.2	1 291.8	1 290.2	1 193.2
<b>2001</b>	13 484.6	13 503.6	13 650.3	1 671.6	1 675.4	1 700.0	1 143.4	1 143.8	1 160.2
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	3 421.1	3 394.8	3 402.1	441.9	431.7	433.9	304.9	298.0	299.4
Jun qtr	3 223.7	3 358.0	3 398.9	388.3	419.0	425.6	266.1	286.8	291.2
Sep qtr	3 429.2	3 451.3	3 416.6	428.7	428.7	420.8	292.8	290.6	286.0
Dec qtr	3 410.6	3 299.4	3 432.7	412.9	396.0	419.7	279.5	268.4	283.5
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	3 459.4	3 431.5	3 423.7	429.3	419.6	419.7	287.9	281.5	281.4
Jun qtr	3 237.3	3 387.6	3 398.7	390.7	423.1	420.0	260.3	280.6	279.5

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Sydney All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

## 5

## ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS — NEW SOUTH WALES

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Total
				1	2	3	4	5	Ungraded	
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>										
Establishments	198	994	134	31	177	704	220	26	168	1 326
Guest rooms	25 033	32 835	7 620	1 187	5 079	25 682	21 000	6 893	5 647	65 488
Rooms per establishment	126	33	57	38	29	36	95	265	34	49
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>										
Establishments	196	983	134	31	181	696	229	25	151	1 313
Guest rooms	24 296	32 211	7 565	1 172	5 324	25 039	20 949	6 742	4 846	64 072
Rooms per establishment	124	33	56	38	29	36	91	270	32	49
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	75.3	16.6	30.3	12.5	13.3	19.0	59.6	162.5	11.9	26.7
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	79.1	17.6	34.8	12.1	14.3	20.0	60.9	187.6	13.1	28.6
May	79.2	16.2	32.7	11.3	13.2	18.6	59.6	186.9	12.5	27.3
Jun	69.7	15.7	31.6	12.1	12.6	17.6	55.2	149.7	13.4	25.4
Jun qtr	76.0	16.5	33.0	11.8	13.4	18.7	58.6	174.9	13.0	27.1
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	1.6	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8
May	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.6
Jun	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7
Jun qtr	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY										
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	2.3	1.6	3.1	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.0
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	2.5	1.6	3.1	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.8	2.2	2.0
May	2.4	1.6	3.0	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.0
Jun	2.3	1.6	3.0	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.5	2.2	2.0
Jun qtr	2.4	1.6	3.0	1.5	1.6	1.7	2.3	2.6	2.2	2.0

## 6

## TAKINGS, ACCOMMODATION ESTABLISHMENTS — NEW SOUTH WALES

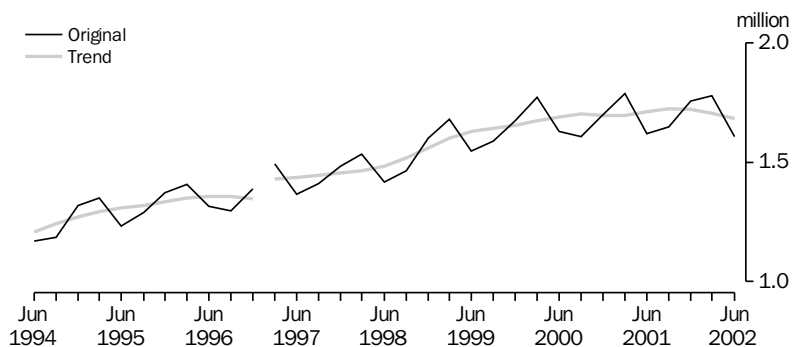
	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5			
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	203 743	132 209	52 316	2 662	13 724	109 444	162 684	84 418	15 337	388 268	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	70 875	46 401	19 591	737	5 059	36 789	55 831	32 935	5 517	136 867	
May	75 434	43 016	18 429	687	4 620	34 847	56 795	34 646	5 285	136 879	
Jun	58 847	41 087	17 033	1 026	4 281	32 265	49 064	24 597	5 734	116 967	
Jun qtr	205 156	130 504	55 053	2 450	13 960	103 901	161 690	92 177	16 535	390 713	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	1 029.0	133.0	390.4	85.9	77.5	155.5	739.5	3 246.8	91.3	292.8	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	361.6	47.2	146.2	23.8	28.0	52.9	243.8	1 317.4	36.5	104.2	
May	384.9	43.8	137.5	22.2	25.5	50.1	248.0	1 385.8	35.0	104.2	
Jun	300.2	41.8	127.1	33.1	23.7	46.4	214.3	983.9	38.0	89.1	
Jun qtr	1 046.7	132.8	410.8	79.0	77.1	149.3	706.1	3 687.1	109.5	297.6	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	150	88	142	75	64	90	136	220	84	120	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	152	89	140	65	65	88	133	234	93	122	
May	157	87	136	63	62	87	134	239	91	123	
Jun	144	89	134	91	63	88	130	219	94	117	
Jun qtr	151	88	137	73	63	88	133	232	93	121	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	89	44	75	25	30	47	85	135	30	65	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	97	48	86	21	32	49	89	163	38	71	
May	100	43	79	19	28	45	88	166	35	69	
Jun	81	43	75	29	27	43	78	122	39	61	
Jun qtr	93	45	80	23	29	46	85	150	38	67	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	95	51	73	50	35	50	84	139	48	71	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	95	49	67	41	36	48	78	142	52	69	
May	103	52	73	40	37	52	85	159	53	76	
Jun	90	51	67	52	34	49	79	139	52	68	
Jun qtr	96	51	69	45	35	50	80	147	52	71	

VICTORIA

**Capacity** The total capacity of accommodation establishments with 15 or more rooms in Victoria rose 2% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. The number of guest rooms in licensed hotels rose for the ninth consecutive quarter, up 3% on the June quarter 2001. The number of rooms in serviced apartments also increased (5%), while the number of rooms in motels and guest houses declined marginally.

**Room nights occupied** Room nights occupied decreased in original, seasonally adjusted and trend terms in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001 (down 1%, 1% and 2% respectively).

QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Victoria

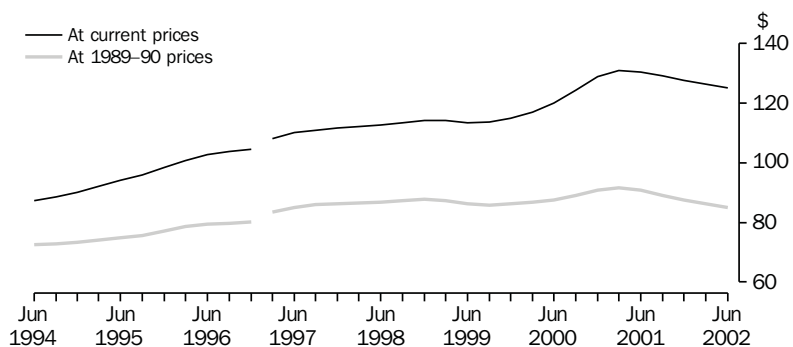


Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

**Takings from accommodation** Takings from accommodation decreased 5% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. Takings from licensed hotels fell 7%, takings from serviced apartments decreased 4% and takings from motels and guest houses fell 2%.

Average takings per room night occupied have been declining in both current and constant price terms since the March quarter 2001.

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Victoria: Trend



Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.



## 7

## HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS — VICTORIA(a)

	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	4 367.6	4 359.1	4 366.1	382.5	381.9	382.5	327.3	327.3	327.5
<b>1993</b>	4 490.5	4 497.6	4 498.1	391.6	392.8	388.2	328.8	329.6	326.1
<b>1994</b>	4 890.8	4 895.0	4 894.4	432.5	432.8	432.1	356.8	356.6	356.1
<b>1995</b>	5 248.4	5 259.7	5 255.5	497.7	499.2	500.1	394.0	395.5	396.4
<b>1996</b>	5 411.1	5 409.8	5 411.2	555.7	556.6	556.9	431.2	430.4	430.4
<b>1997</b>	5 754.2	5 762.5	5 765.8	634.9	635.8	635.6	490.3	491.6	491.2
<b>1998</b>	6 016.7	6 026.0	6 026.2	681.0	682.4	681.9	523.9	524.9	524.8
<b>1999</b>	6 488.5	6 497.0	6 525.9	741.5	743.8	744.1	561.5	562.6	563.5
<b>2000</b>	6 709.9	6 701.4	6 761.9	823.0	821.5	828.7	595.4	594.8	598.7
<b>2001</b>	6 813.2	6 825.0	6 853.8	879.1	880.7	887.4	609.9	608.8	615.0
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	1 787.2	1 700.8	1 696.7	241.4	224.0	222.0	168.9	156.0	155.4
Jun qtr	1 619.6	1 697.7	1 711.7	202.6	221.4	223.3	141.0	153.7	155.3
Sep qtr	1 649.2	1 706.8	1 724.6	214.1	216.6	222.5	148.3	151.1	153.6
Dec qtr	1 757.3	1 719.6	1 720.7	221.0	218.7	219.6	151.7	148.0	150.7
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	1 777.1	1 690.3	1 704.3	230.1	213.2	215.5	156.5	147.0	146.9
Jun qtr	1 607.4	1 684.8	1 684.9	193.0	210.9	210.8	130.5	142.3	143.3

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Melbourne All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

	<i>Licensed hotels with facilities</i>	<i>Motels and guest houses</i>	<i>Serviced apartments</i>	<i>Star grading</i>						<i>Total</i>
				<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>Ungraded</i>	
<b>ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY</b>										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>										
Establishments	128	494	83	8	68	369	201	20	39	705
Guest rooms	12 165	15 501	4 629	259	1 720	11 545	12 988	4 184	1 599	32 295
Rooms per establishment	95	31	56	32	25	31	65	209	41	46
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>										
Establishments	131	494	87	8	64	373	205	20	42	712
Guest rooms	12 572	15 480	4 842	315	1 676	11 767	13 102	4 174	1 860	32 894
Rooms per establishment	96	31	56	39	26	32	64	209	44	46
<b>AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT</b>										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	58.7	14.6	36.9	12.8	8.0	15.1	40.1	134.5	21.1	25.2
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	59.1	16.2	37.3	21.5	9.8	16.5	40.6	137.6	23.2	26.7
May	56.7	14.5	33.4	19.5	8.0	14.4	38.1	138.0	21.2	24.6
Jun	53.1	13.4	33.6	20.2	7.6	13.5	36.1	128.0	20.3	23.2
Jun qtr	56.3	14.7	34.7	20.4	8.5	14.8	38.3	134.6	21.6	24.8
<b>AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM</b>										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.7
May	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.6
Jun	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7
Jun qtr	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.6
<b>AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY</b>										
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	2.0	1.7	3.4	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.7	2.0
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	2.0	1.7	3.4	1.1	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.0
May	2.0	1.7	3.1	1.1	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.0
Jun	1.9	1.7	3.2	1.1	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.0
Jun qtr	2.0	1.7	3.2	1.1	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.0

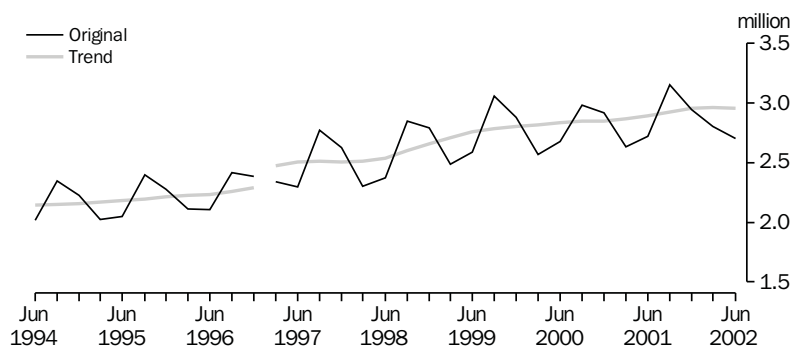
	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5			
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	102 671	60 679	39 207	588	3 098	44 482	94 383	49 875	10 131	202 556	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	33 221	21 832	13 447	304	1 262	16 023	31 314	15 898	3 699	68 500	
May	33 396	19 761	12 270	273	1 047	13 935	30 131	16 480	3 562	65 428	
Jun	29 336	17 908	11 831	267	1 017	12 978	27 388	14 119	3 307	59 075	
Jun qtr	95 954	59 501	37 549	843	3 326	42 937	88 833	46 497	10 568	193 004	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	802.1	122.8	472.4	73.5	45.6	120.5	469.6	2 493.7	259.8	287.3	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	253.6	44.2	154.6	38.0	19.7	43.0	152.8	794.9	88.1	96.2	
May	254.9	40.0	141.0	34.1	16.4	37.4	147.0	824.0	84.8	91.9	
Jun	223.9	36.3	136.0	33.3	15.9	34.8	133.6	706.0	78.7	83.0	
Jun qtr	732.5	120.4	431.6	105.4	52.0	115.1	433.3	2 324.9	251.6	271.1	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	150	92	141	63	63	88	129	204	135	125	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	143	91	138	59	67	87	125	193	126	120	
May	145	89	136	56	66	84	124	193	129	121	
Jun	141	90	135	55	69	86	124	184	129	119	
Jun qtr	143	90	137	57	67	86	125	190	128	120	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	93	43	93	25	20	42	80	131	70	69	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	88	47	93	32	25	45	80	127	66	69	
May	86	41	82	28	20	38	74	127	62	64	
Jun	78	39	81	28	20	37	70	113	59	60	
Jun qtr	84	42	85	29	22	40	75	122	62	65	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	98	53	76	36	35	49	80	137	76	75	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	94	51	72	32	37	48	75	131	70	71	
May	100	54	78	31	38	50	80	136	75	76	
Jun	92	53	73	32	40	49	76	123	71	72	
Jun qtr	95	53	74	32	38	49	77	130	72	73	

## QUEENSLAND

**Establishments and capacity** The number of establishments with 15 or more rooms in Queensland rose 2% between the June quarter 2001 and the June quarter 2002. Capacity also increased (1%), with small increases recorded for all accommodation types.

**Room nights occupied** Room nights occupied during the June quarter 2002 fell 1% in original and seasonally adjusted terms compared to the June quarter 2001. The trend estimate rose 2%.

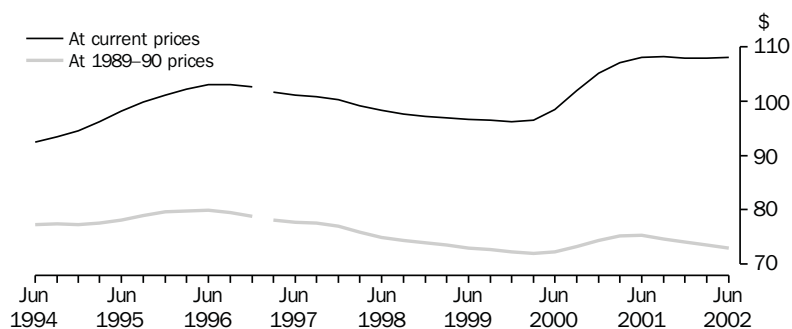
QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Queensland



Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

**Takings from accommodation** Takings from accommodation rose 1% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001, driven by a 5% rise in takings from serviced apartments.

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Queensland: Trend



Notes: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	7 224.9	7 191.6	7 236.8	609.4	605.9	610.0	528.8	527.6	530.9
<b>1993</b>	8 089.6	8 088.2	8 074.9	702.5	701.4	701.5	596.3	595.5	595.5
<b>1994</b>	8 566.7	8 564.7	8 562.5	797.1	796.4	795.4	661.9	661.6	660.1
<b>1995</b>	8 753.9	8 755.1	8 761.2	866.1	865.1	866.5	687.5	686.6	688.7
<b>1996</b>	9 023.1	9 007.5	9 008.2	928.2	926.7	925.4	718.5	717.8	716.3
<b>1997</b>	10 034.9	10 021.5	9 993.2	1 012.1	1 010.2	1 008.9	778.2	777.0	775.8
<b>1998</b>	10 317.9	10 293.6	10 304.1	1 015.0	1 011.8	1 010.6	772.3	770.4	770.3
<b>1999</b>	11 014.0	11 005.2	11 057.0	1 068.9	1 068.2	1 067.6	806.1	805.1	805.4
<b>2000</b>	11 149.5	11 132.3	11 352.9	1 146.1	1 138.6	1 141.0	827.9	826.9	828.4
<b>2001</b>	11 457.1	11 466.8	11 639.9	1 234.8	1 236.3	1 254.9	857.2	858.0	870.5
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	2 635.3	2 852.6	2 868.5	288.3	306.5	307.1	202.5	216.6	215.6
Jun qtr	2 720.6	2 911.2	2 890.6	280.2	312.7	312.3	194.9	216.9	217.6
Sep qtr	3 155.7	2 884.4	2 926.2	336.6	312.8	316.5	233.7	216.8	218.6
Dec qtr	2 945.6	2 818.6	2 954.6	329.7	304.3	319.0	226.1	207.6	218.7
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	2 806.1	3 049.4	2 963.5	306.0	325.4	319.9	207.9	222.6	217.7
Jun qtr	2 702.9	2 891.5	2 955.4	282.6	315.4	319.5	190.7	212.2	215.8

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Brisbane All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Total
				1	2	3	4	5	Ungraded	
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>										
Establishments	167	513	274	9	96	417	293	32	107	954
Guest rooms	20 516	18 343	13 420	209	2 405	15 360	21 879	8 067	4 359	52 279
Rooms per establishment	123	36	49	23	25	37	75	252	41	55
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>										
Establishments	170	513	286	9	95	417	317	36	95	969
Guest rooms	20 806	18 433	13 588	283	2 570	15 055	22 987	8 455	3 477	52 827
Rooms per establishment	122	36	48	31	27	36	73	235	37	55
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	73.7	20.2	26.4	9.3	11.0	20.4	43.9	163.4	20.5	31.4
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	69.9	19.2	27.5	15.1	12.4	18.9	42.5	140.1	20.0	30.6
May	70.0	19.8	25.2	14.7	12.2	18.7	42.1	138.6	19.1	30.2
Jun	70.0	21.0	26.5	16.0	13.4	20.2	42.9	137.5	19.7	31.2
Jun qtr	70.0	20.0	26.4	15.3	12.6	19.3	42.5	138.7	19.6	30.7
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM										
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	1.8	1.8	2.4	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	1.9	1.8	2.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.0
May	1.7	1.7	2.2	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.9	1.8
Jun	1.8	1.8	2.3	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9
Jun qtr	1.8	1.7	2.3	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY										
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	2.7	2.0	4.1	2.9	1.8	2.3	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.7
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	2.8	2.1	4.1	2.1	2.1	2.3	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.8
May	2.6	2.0	3.8	2.1	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6
Jun	2.6	2.0	3.8	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.9	2.6	2.7	2.6
Jun qtr	2.7	2.0	3.9	2.1	2.0	2.3	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.7

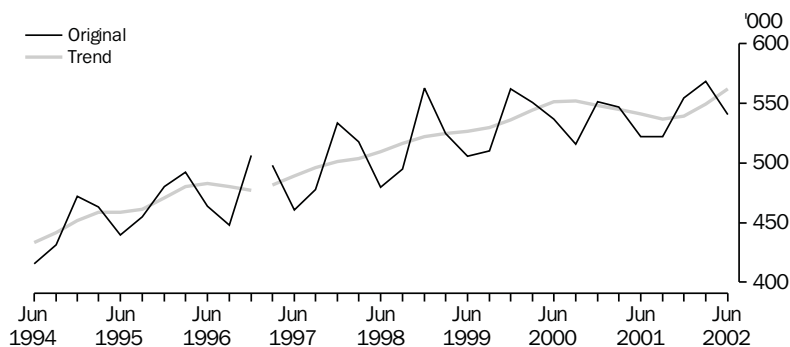
	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5			
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	142 244	74 937	63 035	365	5 774	61 074	120 914	74 533	17 556	280 217	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	49 373	23 862	23 859	203	2 225	19 285	43 113	27 415	4 855	97 095	
May	47 580	24 896	20 951	205	2 173	18 829	42 709	25 059	4 450	93 427	
Jun	44 690	25 775	21 602	216	2 414	19 884	41 651	23 415	4 487	92 068	
Jun qtr	141 643	74 533	66 413	624	6 813	57 999	127 473	75 889	13 793	282 590	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	851.8	146.1	230.1	40.6	60.1	146.5	412.7	2 329	164.1	293.7	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	290.4	46.5	83.4	22.5	23.4	46.2	136.0	761.5	51.1	100.2	
May	279.9	48.5	73.3	22.8	22.9	45.2	134.7	696.1	46.8	96.4	
Jun	262.9	50.2	75.5	24.0	25.4	47.7	131.4	650.4	47.2	95.0	
Jun qtr	833.2	145.3	232.2	69.3	71.7	139.1	402.1	2 108	145.2	291.6	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	127	79	96	48	60	79	103	157	88	103	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	139	81	101	50	63	81	107	181	85	109	
May	129	79	94	50	60	78	103	162	79	103	
Jun	125	80	95	50	63	79	102	158	80	101	
Jun qtr	131	80	97	50	62	79	104	167	81	105	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	76	45	52	19	26	44	61	102	44	59	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	79	43	59	24	29	43	63	108	47	61	
May	74	44	50	23	27	40	60	96	41	57	
Jun	72	47	53	25	31	44	60	92	43	58	
Jun qtr	75	44	54	24	29	42	61	99	44	59	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	69	45	40	26	35	41	52	84	45	53	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	73	46	42	32	34	43	51	94	42	55	
May	74	48	43	32	35	43	56	93	41	57	
Jun	69	45	41	31	36	41	52	85	40	53	
Jun qtr	72	46	42	32	35	42	53	91	41	55	

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

**Capacity** The total capacity of accommodation establishments with 15 or more rooms in South Australia rose by 3% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001, to 10,955 guest rooms.

**Room nights occupied** Room nights occupied rose in original, seasonally adjusted and trend terms (4%, 3% and 4% respectively) compared to the June quarter 2001.

QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, South Australia

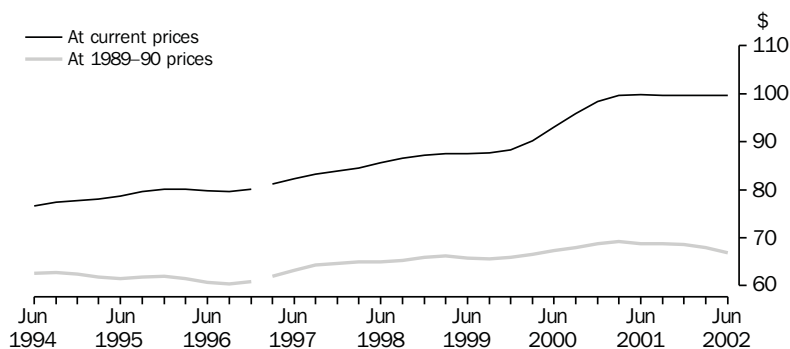


Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3-7.

**Average length of stay** Serviced apartments was the only accommodation type to record an increase in average length of stay, up 16% (from 3.2 days to 3.7 days).

**Takings from accommodation** Total takings from accommodation establishments in the June quarter 2002 were up 2% on the corresponding period in 2001. Licensed hotels showed the strongest growth in takings (up 2%).

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, South Australia: **Trend**



Note: There is a series break between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.



	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	1 661.7	1 659.5	1 656.6	122.2	122.0	121.8	103.7	103.2	103.2
<b>1993</b>	1 687.0	1 689.0	1 689.7	126.6	126.6	126.8	105.2	105.2	105.1
<b>1994</b>	1 754.5	1 756.8	1 758.2	135.3	135.3	135.2	110.1	109.9	109.9
<b>1995</b>	1 838.0	1 843.5	1 849.3	145.1	145.6	146.2	113.4	113.8	114.2
<b>1996</b>	1 910.2	1 924.8	1 920.1	152.6	153.5	153.5	116.7	116.6	116.8
<b>1997</b>	1 970.3	1 970.6	1 967.8	163.1	163.2	162.8	125.1	125.4	125.0
<b>1998</b>	2 054.3	2 055.4	2 051.7	176.8	177.2	176.4	134.5	134.0	134.0
<b>1999</b>	2 102.6	2 100.8	2 117.1	185.0	184.9	185.7	138.9	139.1	139.3
<b>2000</b>	2 154.5	2 153.6	2 195.2	204.7	204.6	207.1	147.2	147.3	148.5
<b>2001</b>	2 145.8	2 154.5	2 162.3	213.9	214.9	215.5	147.6	147.8	148.8
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	547.1	543.2	544.8	55.5	54.8	54.3	38.6	37.6	37.7
Jun qtr	521.9	546.6	541.3	52.1	54.8	54.0	36.0	37.4	37.2
Sep qtr	521.9	539.6	536.8	50.4	53.0	53.5	34.8	37.2	36.9
Dec qtr	554.8	525.2	539.3	55.8	52.3	53.7	38.2	35.5	37.0
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	568.2	556.9	549.3	58.2	56.3	54.7	39.5	38.9	37.3
Jun qtr	540.6	565.0	562.3	52.9	55.5	56.0	35.5	36.8	37.6

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Adelaide All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5			
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY											
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>											
Establishments	61	146	27	6	51	116	47	4	10	234	
Guest rooms	4 066	5 230	1 300	143	1 505	4 439	2 975	1 263	271	10 596	
Rooms per establishment	67	36	48	24	30	38	63	316	27	45	
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>											
Establishments	62	145	29	5	50	113	51	6	11	236	
Guest rooms	4 364	5 234	1 357	121	1 479	4 167	3 359	1 572	257	10 955	
Rooms per establishment	70	36	47	24	30	37	66	262	23	46	
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT											
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	37.3	18.1	30.4	4.7	11.5	19.9	38.4	224.4	11.0	24.5	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	42.0	20.2	35.0	6.8	12.9	21.8	44.0	174.8	10.6	27.8	
May	39.8	18.5	29.7	6.5	11.7	19.7	40.3	169.0	9.2	25.5	
Jun	35.2	15.9	27.4	5.5	12.1	16.9	33.8	149.6	10.3	22.4	
Jun qtr	39.0	18.2	30.7	6.3	12.2	19.5	39.4	164.6	10.0	25.2	
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM											
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.8	1.6	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.8	1.7	
May	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.6	
Jun	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.6	
Jun qtr	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.7	1.6	
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY											
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	1.9	1.8	3.2	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.0	2.6	2.0	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	1.9	1.7	3.8	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.4	2.1	3.0	2.0	
May	1.9	1.8	3.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.4	1.9	2.7	2.0	
Jun	1.8	1.7	3.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.3	1.9	2.8	1.9	
Jun qtr	1.9	1.7	3.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.4	2.0	2.8	2.0	

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading						Ungraded	Total
				1	2	3	4	5			
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	23 849	20 289	7 959	119	3 167	16 908	19 096	12 079	728	52 096	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	8 850	7 570	3 110	41	1 141	6 019	7 582	4 474	272	19 529	
May	8 753	7 085	2 660	38	1 077	5 518	7 176	4 460	230	18 498	
Jun	6 759	5 828	2 308	33	1 120	4 536	5 630	3 332	243	14 895	
Jun qtr	24 362	20 482	8 078	112	3 338	16 074	20 388	12 266	745	52 923	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT											
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	391.0	139.0	294.8	19.8	62.1	145.8	406.3	3 019.8	72.8	222.6	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	142.7	52.2	107.2	8.2	22.8	53.3	148.7	745.7	24.7	82.8	
May	141.2	48.9	91.7	7.5	21.5	48.8	140.7	743.3	20.9	78.4	
Jun	109.0	40.2	79.6	6.6	22.4	40.1	110.4	555.4	22.1	63.1	
Jun qtr	392.9	141.3	278.6	22.3	66.8	142.2	399.8	2 044.4	67.8	224.2	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	115	85	106	46	59	81	116	148	72	100	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	113	86	102	40	59	81	113	142	78	99	
May	114	85	100	38	60	80	113	142	73	99	
Jun	104	84	97	40	62	79	109	128	72	95	
Jun qtr	111	85	100	39	60	80	112	138	74	98	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	65	43	67	9	23	42	71	105	30	54	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	68	48	76	11	26	48	75	95	35	59	
May	65	44	63	10	24	43	69	92	29	55	
Jun	52	37	57	9	25	36	56	73	32	46	
Jun qtr	62	43	65	10	25	42	67	87	32	53	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT											
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
<b>2001</b>											
Jun qtr	78	50	53	27	35	46	70	113	41	61	
<b>2002</b>											
Apr	77	50	51	25	35	46	67	108	43	60	
May	80	53	54	23	37	49	71	108	45	64	
Jun	73	53	50	25	39	47	69	98	43	60	
Jun qtr	77	52	51	25	37	47	69	105	44	61	

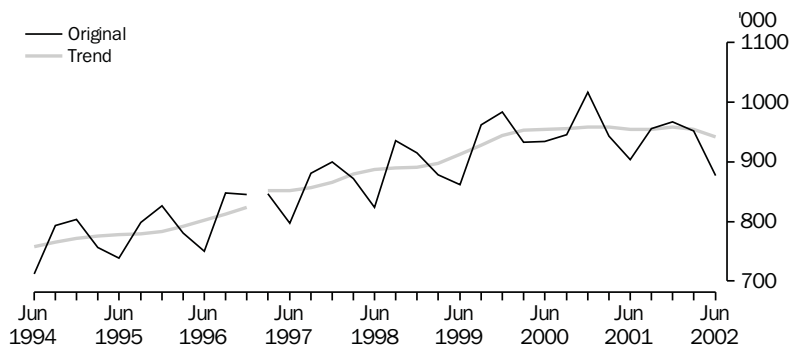
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

**Capacity** The total capacity of accommodation establishments with 15 or more rooms in Western Australia rose slightly in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. Serviced apartments was the only accommodation type to record increased capacity (up 7%).

**Room nights occupied** Room nights occupied fell in original, seasonally adjusted and trend terms (down 3%, 3% and 1%, respectively) compared to the June quarter 2001.

In original terms, in the June quarter 2002 room nights occupied were at their lowest level since the June quarter 1999.

QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Western Australia

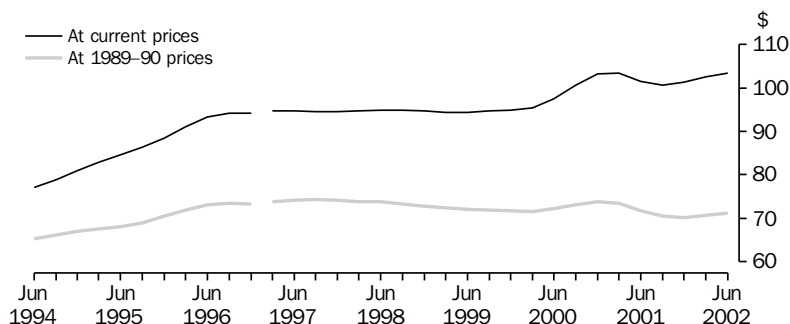


Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

**Average length of stay** Serviced apartments was the only accommodation type to record a longer average length of stay, up 6% compared to the June quarter 2001.

**Takings from accommodation** In original terms, takings from licensed hotels and motels and guest houses both fell 6% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. Takings from serviced apartments rose 16%.

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Western Australia: Trend



Notes: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

## HOTELS, MOTELS, GUEST HOUSES AND SERVICED APARTMENTS — WESTERN AUSTRALIA(a)

	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	2 645.7	2 634.5	2 636.5	189.6	188.8	188.6	165.5	165.2	165.0
<b>1993</b>	2 835.3	2 836.0	2 841.5	209.0	209.0	209.4	179.7	179.4	179.8
<b>1994</b>	3 041.7	3 042.4	3 042.6	237.9	237.6	237.8	200.2	200.0	199.7
<b>1995</b>	3 119.8	3 122.4	3 117.7	266.8	266.9	266.8	214.3	214.3	214.5
<b>1996</b>	3 223.3	3 220.1	3 229.3	301.2	300.8	300.9	235.8	235.7	235.7
<b>1997</b>	3 424.9	3 426.1	3 424.9	323.8	323.8	324.2	253.8	253.7	253.9
<b>1998</b>	3 547.2	3 548.9	3 547.1	336.5	336.5	336.1	260.7	260.7	260.5
<b>1999</b>	3 686.1	3 684.8	3 681.5	348.4	348.8	348.3	265.2	265.0	265.1
<b>2000</b>	3 827.7	3 821.2	3 821.8	380.3	379.1	379.1	278.1	278.0	277.8
<b>2001</b>	3 769.7	3 779.2	3 825.7	383.0	383.7	389.1	269.5	269.6	273.2
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	942.7	964.2	957.6	98.6	100.1	99.0	70.3	71.0	70.3
Jun qtr	903.1	948.9	954.9	90.3	95.9	97.0	63.5	68.0	68.5
Sep qtr	956.3	936.3	954.5	95.0	93.4	96.0	66.7	65.2	67.2
Dec qtr	967.5	929.8	958.8	99.2	94.3	97.1	69.0	65.4	67.3
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	952.1	972.2	954.5	99.1	100.9	97.8	68.4	69.2	67.4
Jun qtr	877.1	921.0	942.0	89.0	94.5	97.4	61.1	65.4	67.0

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Perth All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

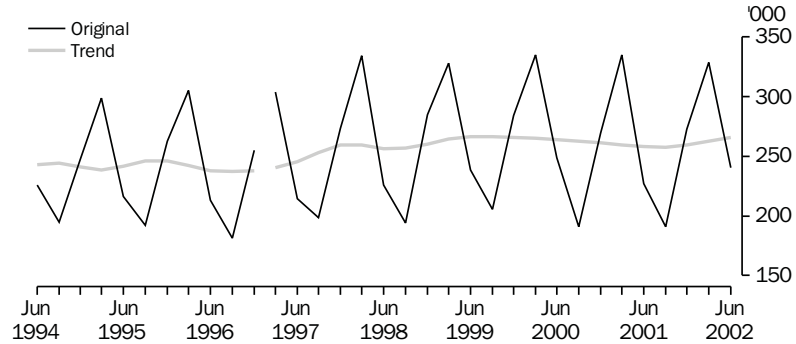
	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading					Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4	5	
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY									
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>									
Establishments	132	126	69	87	23	135	70	12	327
Guest rooms	9 519	5 659	3 881	2 852	776	7 445	5 626	2 360	19 059
Rooms per establishment	72	45	56	33	34	55	80	197	58
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>									
Establishments	128	122	70	79	20	133	74	14	320
Guest rooms	9 424	5 509	4 148	2 511	664	7 399	5 830	2 677	19 081
Rooms per establishment	74	45	59	32	33	56	79	191	60
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT									
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>									
Jun qtr	40.3	20.5	29.4	13.3	14.6	26.7	47.2	126.4	30.4
<b>2002</b>									
Apr	40.2	21.1	32.7	12.9	15.3	26.9	45.7	123.6	31.3
May	38.9	20.1	29.4	11.4	16.5	25.5	43.7	116.9	29.7
Jun	39.0	18.8	30.6	11.7	16.4	24.5	44.9	113.9	29.5
Jun qtr	39.4	20.0	30.9	12.0	16.1	25.6	44.7	118.1	30.1
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM									
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>									
Jun qtr	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6
<b>2002</b>									
Apr	1.5	1.6	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7
May	1.5	1.5	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6
Jun	1.5	1.6	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Jun qtr	1.5	1.6	2.2	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY									
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>									
Jun qtr	2.2	2.1	3.2	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.8	2.3
<b>2002</b>									
Apr	2.1	2.1	3.3	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.9	2.4
May	2.1	2.1	3.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.4
Jun	2.0	2.1	3.5	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.3
Jun qtr	2.1	2.1	3.4	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.4

	<i>Star grading</i>								<i>Total</i>	
	<i>Licensed hotels with facilities</i>	<i>Motels and guest houses</i>	<i>Serviced apartments</i>	<i>1 and ungraded</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>		
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION										
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	52 890	18 647	18 803	7 031	2 235	26 410	34 926	19 740	90 341	
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	16 855	6 200	7 860	2 261	680	8 916	11 602	7 457	30 916	
May	16 901	5 911	6 893	2 001	701	8 424	11 468	7 111	29 705	
Jun	15 833	5 436	7 128	2 051	706	7 912	11 153	6 575	28 397	
Jun qtr	49 589	17 548	21 881	6 314	2 087	25 252	34 223	21 142	89 018	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT										
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	400.7	148.0	272.5	80.8	97.2	195.6	498.9	1 645.0	276.3	
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	131.7	50.8	112.3	28.6	34.0	67.0	156.8	532.6	96.6	
May	132.0	48.5	98.5	25.3	35.1	63.3	155.0	507.9	92.8	
Jun	123.7	44.6	101.8	26.0	35.3	59.5	150.7	469.6	88.7	
Jun qtr	387.4	143.8	312.6	79.9	104.3	189.9	462.5	1 510.2	278.2	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED										
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	109	79	102	67	73	80	116	143	100	
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	109	80	114	74	74	83	114	144	103	
May	109	78	108	72	68	80	115	140	101	
Jun	106	79	111	74	72	81	112	137	101	
Jun qtr	108	79	111	73	71	81	114	141	102	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE										
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	61	36	53	27	32	39	68	92	52	
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	60	38	63	30	34	40	66	93	54	
May	58	35	54	26	34	37	64	86	50	
Jun	56	33	57	27	35	36	64	82	50	
Jun qtr	58	35	58	28	35	38	65	87	51	
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT										
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>										
Jun qtr	74	49	49	43	47	48	70	89	61	
<b>2002</b>										
Apr	71	49	50	47	48	49	64	81	60	
May	73	51	52	49	49	50	67	85	62	
Jun	71	50	52	50	48	49	65	82	61	
Jun qtr	72	50	51	48	48	49	66	83	61	

TASMANIA

**Capacity** Capacity in accommodation establishments with 15 or more rooms in Tasmania rose 1% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001, due to a 17% increase in guest rooms in serviced apartments. Serviced apartments was the only accommodation type to record increased capacity.

QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Tasmania

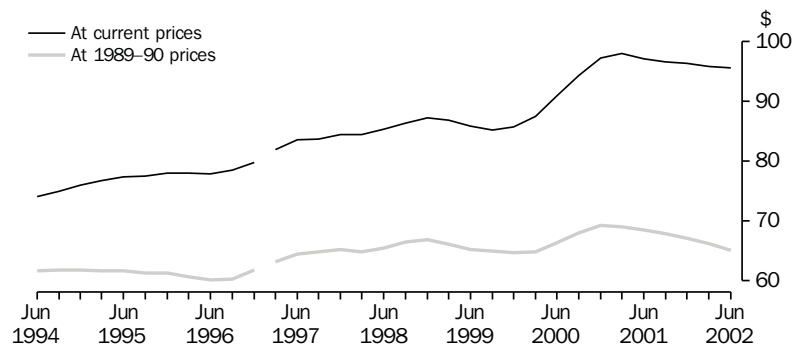


Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

**Room nights occupied** Room nights occupied rose in original (6%), seasonally adjusted (6%) and trend terms (3%) in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001.

**Takings from accommodation** Takings from accommodation establishments rose 2% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001, driven by a 17% increase in takings from serviced apartments. Takings from licensed hotels and motels and guest houses each fell 1%.

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Tasmania: Trend



Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3-7.



	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	815.4	815.3	822.4	59.1	59.0	59.5	51.4	51.6	52.0
<b>1993</b>	878.6	876.6	872.2	63.9	63.7	63.4	54.2	54.0	53.8
<b>1994</b>	954.9	960.9	964.3	70.9	71.5	71.8	58.7	59.4	59.4
<b>1995</b>	970.1	975.9	972.5	75.0	75.5	75.3	59.7	59.9	59.8
<b>1996</b>	954.4	952.8	955.0	75.2	74.9	75.0	58.3	57.8	58.0
<b>1997</b>	990.3	997.3	998.2	82.5	83.2	83.3	63.7	64.3	64.1
<b>1998</b>	1 039.1	1 035.7	1 032.6	89.7	89.2	88.6	68.7	68.5	68.1
<b>1999</b>	1 056.3	1 062.0	1 063.8	90.1	90.8	91.4	68.6	68.9	69.4
<b>2000</b>	1 043.9	1 045.4	1 053.0	96.2	96.8	97.4	70.2	70.3	70.8
<b>2001</b>	1 025.9	1 028.0	1 034.7	100.3	100.1	100.4	70.5	70.5	70.6
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	335.1	264.7	259.3	33.7	26.2	25.4	23.9	18.4	17.9
Jun qtr	227.3	254.5	258.5	21.8	24.8	25.1	15.3	17.4	17.7
Sep qtr	190.9	252.6	257.6	17.9	24.2	24.9	12.6	16.9	17.5
Dec qtr	272.6	256.1	259.3	26.9	24.9	25.0	18.8	17.7	17.4
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	328.8	259.0	262.8	32.4	25.1	25.2	22.4	17.0	17.4
Jun qtr	240.1	269.3	265.7	22.3	25.5	25.4	15.2	17.4	17.3

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Hobart All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

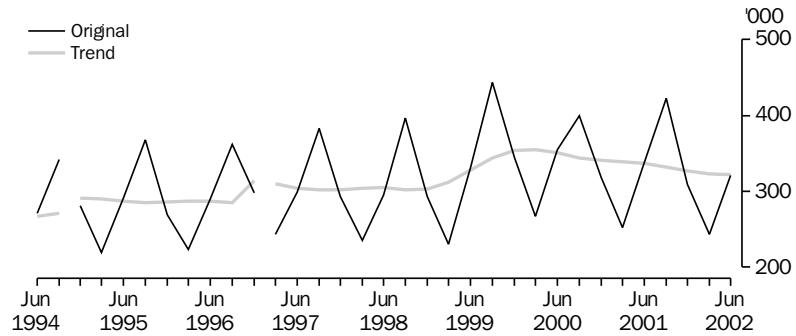
	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading				Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4 and 5	
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>								
Establishments	54	50	25	10	16	71	32	129
Guest rooms	2 913	1 684	881	264	514	2 634	2 066	5 478
Rooms per establishment	54	34	35	26	32	37	65	42
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>								
Establishments	52	49	26	11	13	71	32	127
Guest rooms	2 879	1 648	1 030	295	454	2 620	2 188	5 557
Rooms per establishment	55	34	40	27	35	37	68	44
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	24.2	15.1	17.4	7.9	8.2	15.7	36.7	19.4
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	30.3	19.8	24.4	12.7	14.3	20.1	44.7	25.0
May	27.0	15.9	18.4	9.7	12.2	15.9	39.8	21.0
Jun	21.4	11.3	15.5	9.2	10.0	11.7	31.5	16.3
Jun qtr	26.3	15.7	19.5	10.5	12.2	15.9	38.7	20.8
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.2	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.8
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.3	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.8
May	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.6
Jun	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.4	1.3	1.9	1.6	1.7
Jun qtr	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.2	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.7
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY								
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1.8	1.8	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.9
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.9
May	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.6	1.8	1.9	1.9
Jun	1.8	1.8	2.4	2.3	2.6	1.9	1.9	1.9
Jun qtr	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.3	1.8	2.0	1.9

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading				Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4 and 5	
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	11 301	6 057	4 398	611	661	8 001	12 483	21 755
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	4 297	2 551	2 159	380	296	3 519	4 811	9 006
May	3 965	2 036	1 699	282	233	2 746	4 439	7 701
Jun	2 876	1 419	1 296	252	175	1 952	3 212	5 591
Jun qtr	11 139	6 006	5 153	914	704	8 217	12 463	22 298
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	209.3	121.1	175.9	61.1	41.3	112.7	390.1	168.6
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	82.6	52.1	83.0	34.6	22.8	49.6	150.4	70.9
May	76.3	41.6	65.3	25.6	17.9	38.7	138.7	60.6
Jun	55.3	29.0	49.8	22.9	13.4	27.5	100.4	44.0
Jun qtr	214.2	122.6	198.2	83.1	54.2	115.7	389.5	175.6
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	95	88	111	86	55	79	117	96
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	91	88	113	91	53	82	113	95
May	91	84	114	86	48	79	112	93
Jun	86	86	107	83	45	78	106	90
Jun qtr	90	86	112	87	49	80	111	93
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	43	40	55	25	14	33	66	44
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	50	52	70	43	22	45	74	54
May	44	40	53	31	17	34	65	45
Jun	33	29	42	29	13	25	49	34
Jun qtr	43	40	55	34	17	35	63	44
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	59	46	51	40	34	40	71	53
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	56	48	51	40	36	42	68	52
May	62	48	60	43	34	44	75	57
Jun	55	47	50	35	34	41	67	52
Jun qtr	58	48	54	39	35	42	70	54

NORTHERN TERRITORY

Room nights occupied Room nights occupied in hotels, motels and guest houses and serviced apartments with 15 or more rooms fell 5% in original, seasonally adjusted and trend terms in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001.

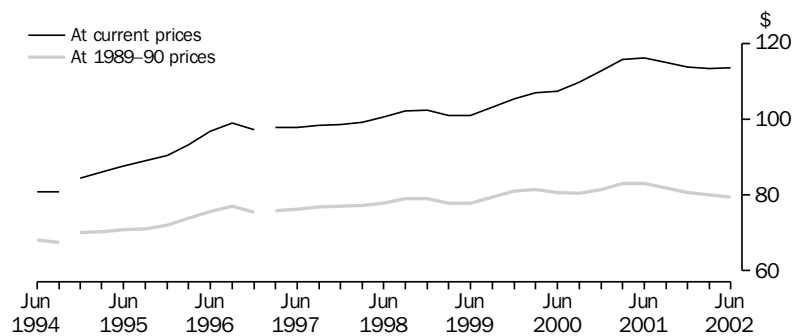
QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Northern Territory



Notes: There is a break in series relating to the Northern Territory because two establishments previously classified as holiday units were reclassified as motels between the September and December quarters 1994. There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

Takings from accommodation Takings from accommodation establishments fell 6% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. Takings from all accommodation types fell, with the biggest fall recorded by serviced apartments (down 15%).

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Northern Territory: Trend



Notes: There is a break in series relating to the Northern Territory because two establishments previously classified as holiday units were reclassified as motels between the September and December quarters 1994. There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

	<i>Room nights occupied(b)</i>			<i>Takings at current prices(b)</i>			<i>Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)</i>		
	<i>Original</i>	<i>Seasonally adjusted</i>	<i>Trend</i>	<i>Original</i>	<i>Seasonally adjusted</i>	<i>Trend</i>	<i>Original</i>	<i>Seasonally adjusted</i>	<i>Trend</i>
	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>\$m</i>	<i>\$m</i>	<i>\$m</i>	<i>\$m</i>	<i>\$m</i>	<i>\$m</i>
<b>1992</b>	872.7	872.1	869.3	69.0	69.1	69.2	59.9	60.2	60.1
<b>1993</b>	989.8	985.1	986.7	78.6	78.3	78.3	67.0	66.9	67.0
<b>1994</b>	1 096.3	1 095.0	1 092.5	89.7	89.4	89.3	75.0	75.2	74.8
<b>1995</b>	1 146.4	1 145.3	1 149.8	101.3	100.9	101.5	81.3	81.1	81.8
<b>1996</b>	1 173.1	1 171.6	1 173.4	113.9	113.3	113.4	88.7	88.7	88.6
<b>1997</b>	1 217.7	1 220.1	1 217.8	119.8	119.9	119.6	93.2	93.5	93.2
<b>1998</b>	1 220.7	1 218.5	1 214.8	124.1	123.3	122.8	95.9	95.5	95.1
<b>1999</b>	1 347.9	1 336.3	1 336.9	139.0	137.8	137.5	106.7	105.7	105.8
<b>2000</b>	1 338.8	1 345.5	1 389.6	149.1	148.8	151.8	110.0	110.5	112.6
<b>2001</b>	1 322.2	1 326.0	1 334.8	153.3	153.5	153.7	109.4	109.4	109.6
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	252.6	335.9	338.5	28.1	39.6	39.2	20.3	28.3	28.1
Jun qtr	337.9	341.4	337.3	39.0	39.3	39.2	27.9	27.9	28.0
Sep qtr	422.3	325.5	332.1	51.8	38.7	38.2	36.9	28.0	27.2
Dec qtr	309.4	323.1	327.0	34.4	36.0	37.2	24.3	25.2	26.4
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	243.5	320.4	323.3	26.8	37.1	36.7	18.9	26.4	25.9
Jun qtr	320.9	324.3	322.1	36.6	36.8	36.6	25.6	25.6	25.6

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Darwin All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading				Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4 and 5	
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY								
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
Establishments	23	50	17	22	19	33	16	90
Guest rooms	1 935	3 155	1 150	719	774	2 465	2 282	6 240
Rooms per establishment	84	63	68	33	41	75	143	69
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>								
Establishments	23	49	17	22	19	32	16	89
Guest rooms	1 975	3 189	1 133	781	773	2 459	2 284	6 297
Rooms per establishment	86	65	67	36	41	77	143	71
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	54.1	34.5	43.7	14.4	19.4	41.6	103.3	41.3
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	50.6	30.0	33.5	14.2	16.0	38.4	84.9	36.0
May	55.0	32.5	41.3	16.1	19.3	39.2	99.0	40.0
Jun	55.5	35.1	48.3	18.1	21.9	41.8	104.0	42.9
Jun qtr	53.7	32.5	41.0	16.1	19.1	39.8	96.0	39.6
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7
May	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.7
Jun	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7
Jun qtr	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.7
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY								
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1.9	1.9	2.9	2.2	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.0
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	1.7	1.7	2.9	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.8
May	1.8	1.7	2.9	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.9
Jun	1.9	1.8	3.2	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.0
Jun qtr	1.8	1.7	3.0	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.9

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading				Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4 and 5	
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	15 429	15 502	8 111	2 188	2 574	14 987	19 291	39 041
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	4 781	4 577	1 676	657	636	4 472	5 269	11 034
May	5 181	4 963	2 450	860	859	4 543	6 332	12 594
Jun	5 002	5 231	2 777	1 020	960	4 712	6 319	13 011
Jun qtr	14 964	14 771	6 903	2 537	2 455	13 728	17 919	36 639
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	670.8	310.0	477.1	99.5	135.5	454.1	1 205.7	433.8
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	207.9	93.4	98.6	29.9	33.5	139.7	329.3	124.0
May	225.2	101.3	144.1	39.1	45.2	142.0	395.7	141.5
Jun	217.5	106.8	163.4	46.3	50.5	147.3	394.9	146.2
Jun qtr	650.6	301.5	406.1	115.3	129.2	429.0	1 120.0	411.7
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	136	99	120	76	77	120	128	116
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	137	104	98	70	70	121	129	115
May	132	101	113	78	76	117	129	114
Jun	131	101	113	85	77	117	127	114
Jun qtr	133	102	109	79	74	119	128	114
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	88	54	78	33	37	67	93	69
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	81	48	49	28	27	61	77	58
May	85	50	70	36	36	60	89	65
Jun	84	55	82	44	41	64	92	69
Jun qtr	83	51	67	36	35	61	86	64
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	86	58	62	42	45	66	80	68
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	86	60	51	41	45	63	82	67
May	86	60	62	45	49	65	84	69
Jun	82	59	58	48	47	62	79	66
Jun qtr	85	60	58	45	47	63	82	67

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL  
TERRITORY

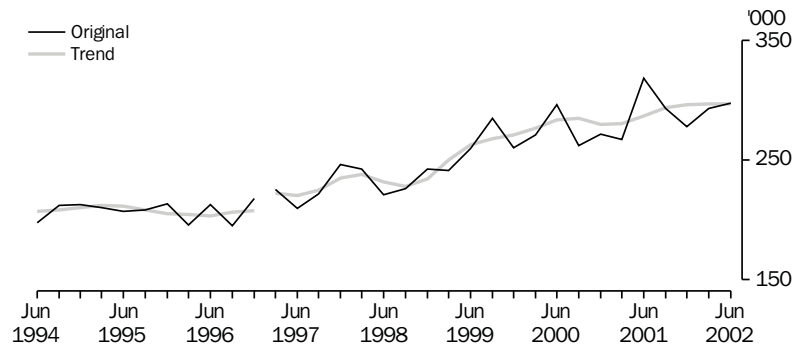
Establishments and capacity

Motels and guest houses was the only accommodation type with increased guest rooms (10%) between the June quarter 2001 and the June quarter 2002. Guest rooms in serviced apartments fell 5% while rooms in licensed hotels were down 2%.

Room nights occupied

Room nights occupied fell 7% in both original and seasonally adjusted terms during the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001. Room nights occupied rose 4% in trend terms.

QUARTERLY ROOM NIGHTS OCCUPIED, Australian Capital Territory

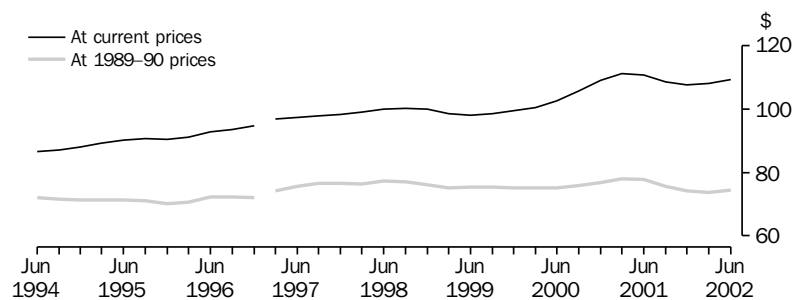


Note: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

Takings from  
accommodation

Takings from accommodation establishments fell 11% in the June quarter 2002 compared to the June quarter 2001, in original terms, following strong growth in takings in the June quarter 2001. Takings from all accommodation types fell in the June quarter 2002, with the largest fall in takings from licensed hotels (down 17%).

AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED, Australian Capital Territory:  
Trend



Notes: There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes to the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.



	Room nights occupied(b)			Takings at current prices(b)			Takings at average 1989–90 prices(c)		
	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Original	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
	'000	'000	'000	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
<b>1992</b>	758.9	756.1	753.1	62.9	62.5	62.8	54.1	54.1	54.2
<b>1993</b>	798.9	799.8	787.7	67.2	67.3	67.0	56.6	56.6	56.4
<b>1994</b>	826.4	829.4	831.5	71.6	72.0	72.2	59.4	59.4	59.7
<b>1995</b>	838.7	840.0	837.2	75.7	75.7	75.5	59.6	59.7	59.5
<b>1996</b>	821.5	818.7	822.1	76.5	76.3	76.5	58.8	58.9	58.9
<b>1997</b>	903.3	903.4	903.2	88.1	88.2	88.3	68.3	68.2	68.4
<b>1998</b>	933.1	935.6	932.6	93.5	93.6	93.1	71.9	72.0	71.6
<b>1999</b>	1 045.8	1 048.6	1 053.0	103.1	103.5	103.9	78.7	78.7	79.2
<b>2000</b>	1 102.0	1 103.8	1 125.2	117.4	117.4	117.5	85.4	85.4	85.3
<b>2001</b>	1 157.7	1 162.0	1 158.0	129.5	129.8	126.8	90.5	90.5	88.5
<b>2001</b>									
Mar qtr	267.5	275.2	280.6	30.6	31.1	31.2	21.6	21.8	21.9
Jun qtr	318.7	316.4	287.2	37.1	36.8	31.8	25.9	25.8	22.3
Sep qtr	293.4	292.6	293.6	32.0	32.0	31.9	22.4	22.5	22.2
Dec qtr	278.1	277.8	296.6	29.8	30.0	31.9	20.6	20.4	22.0
<b>2002</b>									
Mar qtr	293.3	301.3	297.2	32.0	32.5	32.1	22.0	22.3	21.9
Jun qtr	297.6	295.1	297.3	32.9	32.6	32.5	22.3	22.2	22.1

(a) There is a break in series between December quarter 1996 and March quarter 1997 because of scope changes in the STA. Refer to Explanatory Notes, paragraphs 3 to 7.

(b) For presentation purposes the quarterly seasonally adjusted estimates for room nights occupied and takings at current prices are derived by summing the relevant monthly figures, while the quarterly trend estimates are derived from these quarterly seasonally adjusted figures.

(c) The deflator used to revalue current price data in this table is the Canberra All Groups Consumer Price Index. See paragraphs 9 to 11 of the Explanatory Notes.

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading				Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4 and 5	
ESTABLISHMENTS AND CAPACITY								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Jun qtr 2001</b>								
Establishments	15	25	20	8	7	21	24	60
Guest rooms	1 903	1 686	1 520	368	479	1 484	2 778	5 109
Rooms per establishment	127	67	76	46	68	71	116	85
<b>Jun qtr 2002</b>								
Establishments	14	27	19	9	7	20	24	60
Guest rooms	1 867	1 854	1 450	464	446	1 444	2 817	5 171
Rooms per establishment	133	69	76	52	64	72	117	86
AVERAGE NIGHTLY ROOMS OCCUPIED PER ESTABLISHMENT								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	94.4	41.5	52.5	26.4	40.8	45.4	85.6	58.4
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	85.5	37.8	52.1	29.4	36.5	40.1	78.5	53.5
May	92.0	38.9	52.9	28.8	35.3	38.5	86.2	55.7
Jun	91.0	37.2	51.4	31.3	34.2	38.4	81.9	54.3
Jun qtr	89.6	38.0	52.1	29.8	35.3	39.0	82.3	54.5
AVERAGE NIGHTLY GUESTS PER OCCUPIED ROOM								
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.7
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.7
May	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6
Jun	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.7
Jun qtr	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7
AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY								
	days	days	days	days	days	days	days	days
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1.9	2.0	3.6	2.9	2.8	2.2	2.2	2.3
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	1.7	2.1	3.4	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.2
May	1.6	2.2	3.9	2.7	3.0	2.3	2.1	2.3
Jun	1.6	2.3	3.7	2.7	3.1	2.3	2.1	2.3
Jun qtr	1.7	2.2	3.7	2.6	2.9	2.3	2.1	2.3

	Licensed hotels with facilities	Motels and guest houses	Serviced apartments	Star grading				Total
				1 and ungraded	2	3	4 and 5	
TAKINGS FROM ACCOMMODATION								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	17 809	8 287	10 965	1 593	1 792	7 666	26 010	37 062
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	4 647	2 586	3 351	603	522	2 204	7 255	10 584
May	5 238	2 701	3 516	602	492	2 220	8 141	11 455
Jun	4 930	2 577	3 345	625	476	2 175	7 576	10 852
Jun qtr	14 815	7 864	10 212	1 830	1 490	6 599	22 971	32 890
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ESTABLISHMENT								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	1 187.3	331.5	548.3	199.2	256.1	365.1	1 083.8	617.7
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	331.9	95.8	176.4	67.0	74.5	110.2	302.3	176.4
May	374.1	100.0	185.1	66.9	70.3	111.0	339.2	190.9
Jun	352.1	95.4	176.0	69.4	68.0	108.8	315.7	180.9
Jun qtr	1 058.2	291.2	537.5	203.3	212.8	330.0	957.1	548.2
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT OCCUPIED								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	138	88	115	83	69	88	139	116
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	129	85	113	76	68	92	128	110
May	131	83	113	75	64	93	127	111
Jun	129	86	114	74	66	94	128	111
Jun qtr	130	84	113	75	66	93	128	111
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER ROOM NIGHT AVAILABLE								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	103	54	79	48	41	57	103	80
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	83	47	77	43	39	51	86	68
May	91	47	78	42	36	50	93	72
Jun	88	46	77	45	36	50	90	70
Jun qtr	87	47	77	43	37	50	90	70
AVERAGE TAKINGS PER GUEST NIGHT								
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>2001</b>								
Jun qtr	88	50	59	43	34	47	86	67
<b>2002</b>								
Apr	82	49	58	44	34	48	78	63
May	90	50	63	41	37	52	84	68
Jun	87	47	62	39	32	51	82	66
Jun qtr	86	49	61	41	34	50	81	66

## INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

### INTRODUCTION

The statistics in this section are sourced from incoming and outgoing passenger cards collected by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA).

There have been significant delays in the receipt of final Overseas Arrivals and Departures (OAD) data from DIMIA for the periods October 2000 to June 2001.

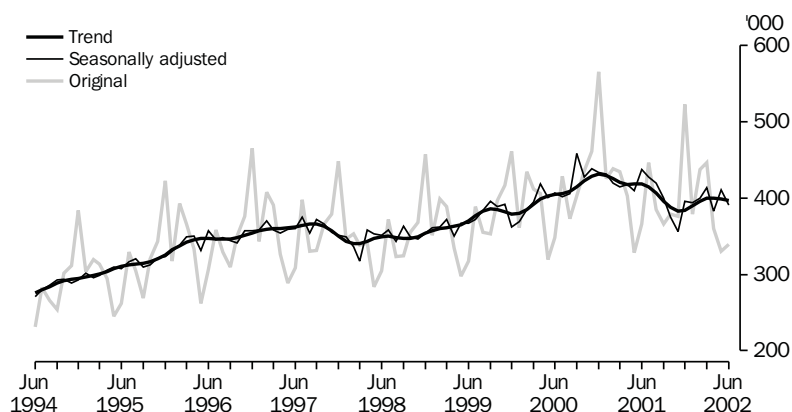
Therefore, the statistics for the months of October 2000 to June 2001 are preliminary estimates of short-term (less than 12 months) movements of visitors to Australia, compiled from information on passports, visas or other travel documents.

The statistics presented here supplement those already released in the publication, *Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0).

### SHORT-TERM VISITOR ARRIVALS

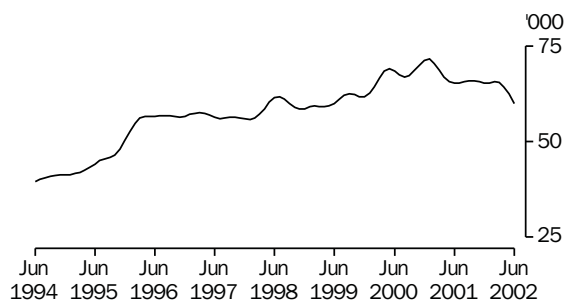
An estimated 1,029,643 short-term visitors arrived in Australia during the June quarter 2002, a 6% decrease on the June quarter 2001. Arrivals also fell in seasonally adjusted and trend terms, by 6% and 5%, respectively.

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS, Short-term visitors, Total

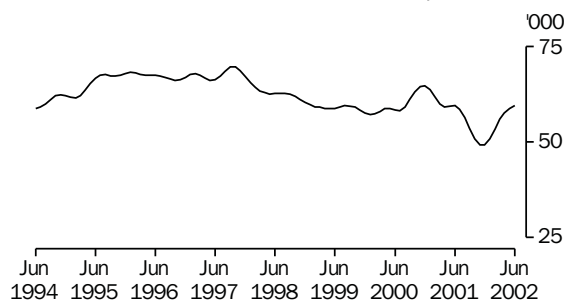


In original terms, the major source countries of short-term visitor arrivals to Australia during the June quarter 2002 were New Zealand (19%), Japan (15%), and the United Kingdom and the United States of America (9% each).

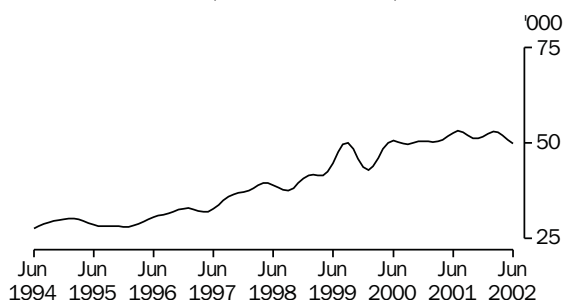
OVERSEAS ARRIVALS, Short-term visitors, NZ: Trend



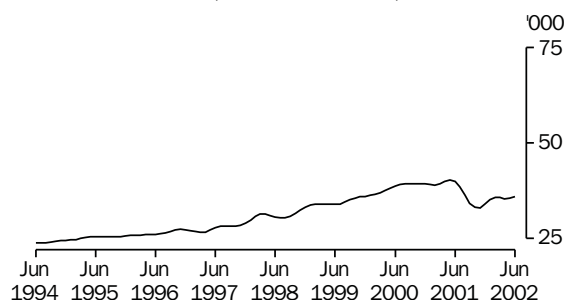
OVERSEAS ARRIVALS, Short-term visitors, Japan: Trend



OVERSEAS ARRIVALS, Short-term visitors, UK: Trend



OVERSEAS ARRIVALS, Short-term visitors, USA: Trend



In trend terms, short-term visitor arrivals from the four major source countries fell when compared to the June quarter 2001. Short-term visitor arrivals from Japan showed the smallest decrease (1%). Visitors from the United States of America fell by the largest amount (11%).

Purpose of journey

The reason most short-term visitors came to Australia in the June quarter 2002 was for a holiday (48% or 499,364), followed by visiting friends and relatives (16% or 165,510).

Business travel accounted for 11% of all arrivals (112,586) with most coming from New Zealand (29% or 32,259) and the United States of America (15% or 16,472).

Length of stay

Most visitors (64% or 659,114) planned to spend less than two weeks in Australia.

European visitors intended to stay the longest, with those from Switzerland recording the longest median intended stay at 30 days, followed by those from the Netherlands (29 days) and Germany (23 days).

Age of visitors

Visitors in the 25–34 age group made up almost one-quarter of all short-term visitor arrivals (23%) during the June quarter 2002.

Country of residence	Jun qtr 2001 p	Sep qtr 2001	Dec qtr 2001	Mar qtr 2002	Jun qtr 2002	Change over Jun qtr 2001	Proportion of total visitors Jun qtr 2002	Median intended length of stay Jun qtr 2002	Person days
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%	%	days	'000
Oceania and Antarctica									
New Zealand	198.4	233.1	203.5	159.9	191.2	-3.6	18.6	9	3 056.9
Other	31.8	29.6	32.2	31.8	26.2	-17.5	2.5	9	496.5
<i>Total</i>	230.2	262.6	235.7	191.7	217.5	-5.5	21.1	9	3 553.4
Europe and the former USSR									
France	n.y.a.	14.5	14.5	12.8	10.1	n.y.a.	1.0	19	456.7
Germany	25.7	34.0	42.7	38.2	21.8	-15.2	2.1	23	936.9
Italy	7.4	14.8	10.8	8.6	6.9	-7.0	0.7	20	257.6
Netherlands	8.5	13.1	18.6	15.2	7.7	-9.2	0.7	29	423.5
Switzerland	7.3	9.8	15.5	12.0	6.2	-15.7	0.6	30	267.1
United Kingdom	111.8	121.9	203.0	206.7	95.6	-14.5	9.3	21	4 900.8
Other	(a)46.9	49.8	69.9	60.8	36.8	-21.6	3.6	21	1 906.9
<i>Total</i>	207.6	257.9	375.1	354.2	185.0	-10.9	18.0	22	9 149.5
Middle East and North Africa									
<i>Total</i>	10.3	21.4	13.1	12.5	9.4	-8.7	0.9	20	440.5
Southeast Asia									
Indonesia	18.4	21.8	31.1	22.1	19.7	6.8	1.9	11	530.3
Malaysia	39.5	38.6	38.8	35.2	41.7	5.5	4.0	9	808.8
Singapore	78.3	65.4	89.9	64.2	76.2	-2.7	7.4	9	1 279.3
Thailand	25.2	18.0	18.8	18.8	24.3	-3.5	2.4	8	642.4
Other(b)	15.0	13.3	15.1	15.0	14.6	-2.7	1.4	11	374.3
<i>Total</i>	176.4	157.2	193.8	155.3	176.5	0.0	17.1	9	3 635.1
Northeast Asia									
China	32.9	40.9	39.2	53.9	38.2	16.2	3.7	10	1 433.6
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	n.y.a.	40.1	36.2	43.0	29.3	n.y.a.	2.8	9	641.5
Japan	157.8	186.9	136.7	177.3	158.3	0.3	15.4	6	3 246.2
Korea	36.6	39.2	51.6	51.5	38.9	6.3	3.8	6	1 231.7
Taiwan	34.2	26.6	20.3	28.1	24.1	-29.6	2.3	8	551.6
Other	(c)36.1	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	-99.0	0.0	15	16.6
<i>Total</i>	297.6	334.4	284.6	354.2	289.2	-2.8	28.1	7	7 121.2
Southern Asia									
<i>Total</i>	n.y.a.	14.5	14.9	14.1	17.9	n.y.a.	1.7	15	734.4
The Americas									
Canada	16.8	17.5	28.5	32.4	14.6	-12.9	1.4	17	585.9
United States of America	109.5	105.2	101.0	121.1	97.0	-11.4	9.4	14	2 670.1
Other	7.4	8.5	9.1	8.9	7.1	-3.6	0.7	15	294.8
<i>Total</i>	133.7	131.2	138.6	162.4	118.8	-11.2	11.5	14	3 550.7
Africa									
<i>Total</i>	18.4	18.3	21.5	17.9	15.0	-18.2	1.5	15	505.7
Other and not stated	(d)22.1	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.3	-98.7	0.0	15	5.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 096.3</b>	<b>1 197.8</b>	<b>1 277.9</b>	<b>1 263.0</b>	<b>1 029.6</b>	<b>-6.1</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>28 696.3</b>

(a) Includes France.

(b) Includes East Timor.

(c) Includes Hong Kong.

(d) Includes Southern Asia.

Country of residence	2000					2001			2002
	Jun qtr	Sep qtr	Dec qtr p	Mar qtr p	Jun qtr p	Sep qtr	Dec qtr	Mar qtr	Jun qtr
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
ORIGINAL									
Canada	14.2	20.3	29.0	30.4	16.8	17.5	28.5	32.4	14.6
Germany	24.6	32.3	46.4	44.7	25.7	34.1	42.8	38.2	21.8
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	35.4	37.6	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	40.1	36.2	43.0	29.4
Japan	154.7	182.2	195.1	195.4	157.8	186.9	136.7	177.3	158.4
Malaysia	36.5	31.3	45.8	37.6	39.5	38.6	38.8	35.2	41.7
New Zealand	212.4	229.1	224.5	164.7	198.4	233.1	203.5	159.9	191.3
Papua New Guinea	10.7	11.7	13.5	10.4	11.4	10.3	8.8	8.5	8.2
Singapore	74.3	47.4	96.4	59.7	78.3	65.4	89.9	64.3	76.2
United Kingdom	105.4	107.3	206.9	184.4	111.8	121.9	203.0	206.7	95.5
United States of America	107.4	131.8	126.5	127.4	109.5	105.2	101.1	121.1	96.9
Other and not stated	297.3	374.3	(a)478.0	(a)444.4	(a)347.0	344.8	388.6	376.5	295.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 072.8</b>	<b>1 204.9</b>	<b>1 462.2</b>	<b>1 299.1</b>	<b>1 096.3</b>	<b>1 197.8</b>	<b>1 277.9</b>	<b>1 263.0</b>	<b>1 029.6</b>
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED									
Canada	21.5	25.1	23.2	24.0	25.0	21.6	22.8	25.3	22.1
Germany	35.6	38.1	36.3	37.8	37.3	40.6	33.7	32.0	31.2
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	42.7	35.8	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	38.8	36.2	39.9	35.8
Japan	176.0	171.2	202.6	180.3	178.3	174.4	142.4	161.6	178.8
Malaysia	36.9	33.9	43.5	39.9	39.4	41.2	36.6	34.8	41.1
New Zealand	209.7	197.3	213.6	210.8	197.4	199.8	196.4	193.8	194.7
Papua New Guinea	11.2	11.1	11.9	11.7	11.9	10.0	8.1	9.4	8.6
Singapore	70.2	62.6	73.0	74.9	73.7	86.1	70.6	76.3	71.7
United Kingdom	154.3	149.7	149.9	152.1	172.0	164.0	147.7	167.0	147.7
United States of America	116.0	150.2	118.9	116.5	118.0	113.5	95.5	110.8	103.5
Other and not stated	351.4	390.7	(a)426.4	(a)417.8	(a)412.5	357.6	336.5	355.8	349.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 225.6</b>	<b>1 265.8</b>	<b>1 299.5</b>	<b>1 265.8</b>	<b>1 265.1</b>	<b>1 247.5</b>	<b>1 126.3</b>	<b>1 206.6</b>	<b>1 185.1</b>
TREND									
Canada	21.0	22.4	23.1	24.4	24.4	22.1	23.0	24.4	22.5
Germany	35.1	37.3	37.7	37.1	38.9	38.8	34.1	31.9	32.5
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	37.2	36.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	38.2	36.3	38.1	36.0
Japan	176.2	178.6	192.4	185.7	178.1	168.6	149.3	160.2	176.2
Malaysia	37.1	36.1	40.5	40.8	39.9	39.8	36.3	36.8	39.9
New Zealand	206.2	202.0	210.2	211.0	198.1	197.0	197.1	196.6	187.0
Papua New Guinea	11.4	11.5	11.7	11.9	11.4	9.9	8.8	9.0	8.4
Singapore	68.8	64.9	70.9	74.9	77.6	81.1	74.4	73.3	71.2
United Kingdom	149.2	149.9	150.9	151.1	155.3	158.1	154.2	158.5	152.7
United States of America	114.5	118.0	118.0	117.4	120.2	109.2	100.3	106.5	107.1
Other and not stated	349.9	371.6	(a)426.4	(a)421.1	(a)411.6	354.8	340.8	349.8	362.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>1 206.6</b>	<b>1 228.5</b>	<b>1 282.0</b>	<b>1 275.2</b>	<b>1 255.3</b>	<b>1 217.8</b>	<b>1 154.5</b>	<b>1 185.3</b>	<b>1 196.0</b>

(a) Includes Hong Kong.

Country of residence	Main purpose of journey							Total
	Convention/ conference	Business	Visiting friends/ relatives	Holiday	Employment	Education	Other and not stated	
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
Oceania and Antarctica								
New Zealand	9 030	32 259	46 035	71 219	2 841	2 142	27 688	191 215
Other	936	2 711	4 420	10 044	269	527	7 340	26 247
<i>Total</i>	9 966	34 970	50 455	81 263	3 111	2 669	35 028	217 462
Europe and the former USSR								
France	1 070	1 054	1 554	2 835	320	1 465	1 843	10 140
Germany	545	2 182	1 928	13 554	569	769	2 238	21 784
Italy	602	876	1 186	2 536	126	317	1 240	6 883
Netherlands	250	797	1 434	4 227	202	119	690	7 720
Switzerland	223	636	1 125	3 257	129	192	592	6 153
United Kingdom	1 523	8 428	26 340	44 504	4 624	761	9 387	95 567
Other	3 300	3 626	6 265	15 456	1 501	1 317	5 304	36 770
<i>Total</i>	7 513	17 599	39 832	86 368	7 471	4 939	21 295	185 017
Middle East and North Africa								
<i>Total</i>	690	867	2 177	3 503	100	386	1 677	9 399
Southeast Asia								
Indonesia	981	1 629	2 935	8 015	298	1 679	4 114	19 652
Malaysia	1 544	2 864	6 305	24 596	422	1 276	4 665	41 672
Singapore	1 824	6 974	7 909	43 073	794	2 023	13 627	76 225
Thailand	1 312	1 337	2 799	12 511	314	2 190	3 865	24 329
Other	947	1 265	2 507	4 171	316	451	4 944	14 601
<i>Total</i>	6 609	14 069	22 455	92 366	2 145	7 620	31 216	176 479
Northeast Asia								
China	1 911	7 897	4 654	15 305	419	2 971	5 080	38 237
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	848	3 308	6 443	12 487	402	1 435	4 401	29 323
Japan	1 667	8 120	4 895	116 368	1 685	3 164	22 448	158 347
Korea	1 175	1 756	3 485	23 275	577	2 639	5 982	38 890
Taiwan	369	852	1 904	15 069	69	902	4 921	24 086
Other	35	14	93	92	—	36	93	366
<i>Total</i>	6 005	21 947	21 474	182 596	3 153	11 148	42 925	289 248
Southern Asia								
<i>Total</i>	897	1 672	2 905	7 546	550	638	3 723	17 931
The Americas								
Canada	724	2 061	3 677	5 225	402	381	2 157	14 627
United States of America	4 060	16 472	17 106	33 757	3 162	7 473	14 987	97 016
Other	1 116	681	1 203	2 103	68	957	1 002	7 130
<i>Total</i>	5 900	19 214	21 986	41 084	3 632	8 811	18 146	118 774
Africa								
<i>Total</i>	661	2 203	4 126	4 568	525	295	2 667	15 044
Not stated								
	10	46	100	70	—	—	63	290
<b>Total</b>	<b>38 251</b>	<b>112 586</b>	<b>165 510</b>	<b>499 364</b>	<b>20 687</b>	<b>36 506</b>	<b>156 740</b>	<b>1 029 643</b>



Country of residence	Main purpose of journey and intended length of stay							Total no.
	Convention/ conference no.	Business no.	Visiting friends/ relatives no.	Holiday no.	Employment no.	Education no.	Other and not stated no.	
Oceania and Antarctica								
New Zealand	72 025	274 328	861 702	991 629	381 734	66 989	408 445	3 056 851
Other	9 473	27 331	141 177	145 629	10 597	53 322	109 010	496 540
<i>Total</i>	<i>81 498</i>	<i>301 660</i>	<i>1 002 879</i>	<i>1 137 258</i>	<i>392 332</i>	<i>120 311</i>	<i>517 455</i>	<i>3 553 391</i>
Europe and the former USSR								
France	11 935	21 479	60 375	75 847	45 159	155 335	86 617	456 748
Germany	6 057	44 376	64 541	575 839	76 737	84 882	84 436	936 868
Italy	4 966	16 343	59 315	74 168	18 088	38 386	46 287	257 553
Netherlands	3 332	17 155	54 289	268 554	34 626	9 440	36 129	423 526
Switzerland	2 700	12 038	42 384	148 464	12 103	26 617	22 823	267 128
United Kingdom	22 977	232 413	892 101	2 544 162	702 281	93 712	413 112	4 900 758
Other	36 643	94 986	275 827	909 147	238 157	175 785	176 386	1 906 931
<i>Total</i>	<i>88 610</i>	<i>438 790</i>	<i>1 448 832</i>	<i>4 596 183</i>	<i>1 127 151</i>	<i>584 156</i>	<i>865 791</i>	<i>9 149 512</i>
Middle East and North Africa								
<i>Total</i>	<i>7 628</i>	<i>20 801</i>	<i>112 295</i>	<i>193 223</i>	<i>8 429</i>	<i>40 541</i>	<i>57 579</i>	<i>440 496</i>
Southeast Asia								
Indonesia	8 338	26 890	77 221	120 757	19 742	201 957	75 373	530 278
Malaysia	12 082	41 810	155 051	280 241	51 335	190 178	78 115	808 811
Singapore	16 626	97 532	172 198	459 668	66 312	251 678	215 296	1 279 309
Thailand	12 456	22 591	64 227	160 622	24 058	287 302	71 104	642 362
Other(a)	8 397	25 269	115 137	63 581	19 983	47 471	94 506	374 343
<i>Total</i>	<i>57 899</i>	<i>214 092</i>	<i>583 834</i>	<i>1 084 870</i>	<i>181 430</i>	<i>978 586</i>	<i>534 394</i>	<i>3 635 104</i>
Northeast Asia								
China	19 616	153 332	513 188	143 443	29 991	443 275	130 768	1 433 612
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	5 742	44 202	135 704	152 931	22 374	204 312	76 262	641 527
Japan	19 573	349 525	103 903	1 459 385	117 072	647 375	549 336	3 246 168
Korea	10 177	42 188	158 113	422 285	69 466	354 718	174 793	1 231 740
Taiwan	4 155	23 165	55 397	260 777	3 049	125 563	79 463	551 568
Other	391	221	3 083	1 158	192	6 847	4 741	16 632
<i>Total</i>	<i>59 654</i>	<i>612 633</i>	<i>969 388</i>	<i>2 439 977</i>	<i>242 143</i>	<i>1 782 089</i>	<i>1 015 363</i>	<i>7 121 248</i>
Southern Asia								
<i>Total</i>	<i>11 518</i>	<i>57 272</i>	<i>211 085</i>	<i>128 791</i>	<i>79 847</i>	<i>106 122</i>	<i>139 754</i>	<i>734 389</i>
The Americas								
Canada	13 098	41 355	116 483	267 023	63 947	35 447	48 545	585 898
United States of America	40 317	450 024	440 341	673 040	329 859	426 846	309 664	2 670 091
Other	12 753	12 651	66 532	43 687	9 007	129 646	20 481	294 755
<i>Total</i>	<i>66 167</i>	<i>504 030</i>	<i>623 356</i>	<i>983 749</i>	<i>402 813</i>	<i>591 938</i>	<i>378 690</i>	<i>3 550 743</i>
Africa								
<i>Total</i>	<i>7 138</i>	<i>45 861</i>	<i>146 954</i>	<i>116 546</i>	<i>67 489</i>	<i>48 882</i>	<i>72 877</i>	<i>505 747</i>
Not stated								
	300	463	2 086	1 139	—	—	1 663	5 651
<b>Total</b>	<b>380 412</b>	<b>2 195 601</b>	<b>5 100 709</b>	<b>10 681 736</b>	<b>2 501 634</b>	<b>4 252 624</b>	<b>3 583 567</b>	<b>28 696 282</b>

(a) Includes East Timor.

Country of residence	Intended length of stay							Total(a)
	Under 1 week	1 week and under 2 weeks	2 weeks and under 1 month	1 month and under 2 months	2 months and under 3 months	3 months and under 6 months	6 months and under 12 months	
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Oceania and Antarctica</b>								
New Zealand	68 359	73 277	34 033	6 793	2 639	3 151	2 963	191 215
Other	10 006	7 973	4 294	1 838	414	1 282	441	26 247
<i>Total</i>	78 365	81 251	38 327	8 630	3 053	4 433	3 404	217 462
<b>Europe and the former USSR</b>								
France	1 699	2 086	2 268	1 228	749	1 443	668	10 140
Germany	2 697	3 298	7 131	4 296	1 286	1 838	1 238	21 784
Italy	1 198	1 541	1 895	812	541	562	334	6 883
Netherlands	1 085	1 133	1 781	1 331	642	1 118	632	7 720
Switzerland	824	895	1 353	1 366	636	812	268	6 153
United Kingdom	10 443	17 019	30 515	15 311	6 171	7 692	8 415	95 567
Other	5 299	7 585	9 320	5 784	2 235	3 234	3 313	36 770
<i>Total</i>	23 243	33 557	54 262	30 128	12 260	16 700	14 867	185 017
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>								
<i>Total</i>	1 202	2 510	1 670	1 083	853	1 421	660	9 399
<b>Southeast Asia</b>								
Indonesia	4 033	7 617	4 104	1 821	728	617	732	19 652
Malaysia	13 138	17 830	5 850	1 937	1 033	887	998	41 672
Singapore	22 398	36 631	10 238	2 833	1 493	1 194	1 439	76 225
Thailand	9 561	7 891	2 577	1 555	679	824	1 241	24 329
Other(b)	3 053	6 326	2 311	1 227	471	750	464	14 601
<i>Total</i>	52 182	76 295	25 080	9 373	4 404	4 272	4 873	176 479
<b>Northeast Asia</b>								
China	9 474	17 522	4 128	1 431	586	1 937	3 158	38 237
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	9 139	12 213	3 964	1 374	1 044	764	825	29 323
Japan	99 020	40 956	5 156	1 990	1 209	3 404	6 611	158 347
Korea	22 922	7 036	1 975	1 471	1 158	1 816	2 511	38 890
Taiwan	8 358	11 150	1 391	853	519	865	949	24 086
Other	38	111	62	24	75	38	18	366
<i>Total</i>	148 952	88 990	16 675	7 142	4 591	8 825	14 072	289 248
<b>Southern Asia</b>								
<i>Total</i>	2 885	5 784	3 821	1 842	746	1 587	1 265	17 931
<b>The Americas</b>								
Canada	2 044	3 819	4 215	1 812	798	1 136	804	14 627
United States of America	16 574	31 718	27 257	7 877	5 136	6 031	2 423	97 016
Other	1 212	2 160	1 374	777	404	698	505	7 130
<i>Total</i>	19 829	37 698	32 845	10 466	6 338	7 865	3 731	118 774
<b>Africa</b>								
<i>Total</i>	2 412	3 842	4 500	2 059	513	1 173	546	15 044
<b>Not stated</b>								
	85	33	96	50	25	—	—	290
<b>Total</b>	<b>329 154</b>	<b>329 960</b>	<b>177 277</b>	<b>70 773</b>	<b>32 783</b>	<b>46 277</b>	<b>43 419</b>	<b>1 029 643</b>

(a) Includes 'Not stated'.

(b) Includes East Timor.

Country of residence	Age group (years)							Total(a)
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Oceania and Antarctica</b>								
New Zealand	17 143	16 532	28 731	41 929	39 033	28 247	19 600	191 215
Other	2 888	2 027	4 853	5 941	5 944	3 208	1 387	26 247
<i>Total</i>	<i>20 031</i>	<i>18 559</i>	<i>33 584</i>	<i>47 870</i>	<i>44 977</i>	<i>31 454</i>	<i>20 987</i>	<i>217 462</i>
<b>Europe and the former USSR</b>								
France	642	2 569	2 109	1 573	1 760	1 075	412	10 140
Germany	585	3 579	6 171	3 987	3 138	3 238	1 088	21 784
Italy	261	615	2 516	1 378	1 062	657	393	6 883
Netherlands	250	1 966	2 632	926	986	587	372	7 720
Switzerland	182	1 168	1 777	1 392	834	527	273	6 153
United Kingdom	3 274	18 622	26 462	13 983	12 107	12 692	8 426	95 567
Other	1 514	7 500	10 667	6 161	5 880	3 627	1 422	36 770
<i>Total</i>	<i>6 709</i>	<i>36 019</i>	<i>52 334</i>	<i>29 400</i>	<i>25 767</i>	<i>22 403</i>	<i>12 385</i>	<i>185 017</i>
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>935</i>	<i>2 126</i>	<i>1 919</i>	<i>1 508</i>	<i>1 560</i>	<i>948</i>	<i>402</i>	<i>9 399</i>
<b>Southeast Asia</b>								
Indonesia	1 938	2 560	3 361	3 889	4 938	2 167	799	19 652
Malaysia	5 116	4 752	7 694	9 169	7 993	4 726	2 221	41 672
Singapore	12 124	8 471	17 030	16 729	12 866	6 177	2 827	76 225
Thailand	2 763	3 488	4 810	5 592	4 829	1 961	885	24 329
Other(b)	1 363	1 886	3 523	3 340	2 646	1 197	646	14 601
<i>Total</i>	<i>23 305</i>	<i>21 158</i>	<i>36 418</i>	<i>38 720</i>	<i>33 272</i>	<i>16 228</i>	<i>7 378</i>	<i>176 479</i>
<b>Northeast Asia</b>								
China	605	2 951	6 758	11 226	8 912	5 443	2 340	38 237
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	2 067	2 978	6 477	7 162	6 235	2 544	1 860	29 323
Japan	6 076	24 188	49 605	19 590	24 027	22 490	12 371	158 347
Korea	1 756	4 260	12 600	6 803	5 607	5 499	2 365	38 890
Taiwan	1 438	2 610	7 394	4 443	4 360	2 313	1 528	24 086
Other	26	51	45	41	148	49	6	366
<i>Total</i>	<i>11 969</i>	<i>37 038</i>	<i>82 879</i>	<i>49 265</i>	<i>49 289</i>	<i>38 338</i>	<i>20 470</i>	<i>289 248</i>
<b>Southern Asia</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>2 167</i>	<i>2 036</i>	<i>3 974</i>	<i>3 714</i>	<i>3 018</i>	<i>1 883</i>	<i>1 140</i>	<i>17 931</i>
<b>The Americas</b>								
Canada	744	2 593	2 608	2 509	2 945	2 220	1 009	14 627
United States of America	7 713	18 568	15 675	16 582	18 609	13 169	6 699	97 016
Other	238	1 605	1 577	1 179	1 239	695	597	7 130
<i>Total</i>	<i>8 695</i>	<i>22 765</i>	<i>19 861</i>	<i>20 270</i>	<i>22 794</i>	<i>16 085</i>	<i>8 305</i>	<i>118 774</i>
<b>Africa</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>1 152</i>	<i>1 438</i>	<i>2 791</i>	<i>2 844</i>	<i>2 964</i>	<i>2 003</i>	<i>1 853</i>	<i>15 044</i>
<b>Not stated</b>								
	—	41	62	65	35	66	20	290
<b>Total</b>	<b>74 961</b>	<b>141 181</b>	<b>233 821</b>	<b>193 656</b>	<b>183 675</b>	<b>129 408</b>	<b>72 941</b>	<b>1 029 643</b>

(a) Includes 'not stated'.

(b) Includes East Timor.

Purpose of journey	Age group (years)							Total(a)
	0-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
JAPAN								
Convention/conference	—	110	421	704	318	57	56	1 667
Business	—	356	2 150	2 604	2 135	818	57	8 120
Visiting friends/relatives	295	788	1 880	642	649	406	236	4 895
Holiday	4 938	16 938	37 922	12 908	16 738	16 873	10 051	116 368
Employment	—	261	648	191	193	281	109	1 685
Education	64	1 906	637	439	117	—	—	3 164
Other and not stated	779	3 829	5 946	2 101	3 877	4 053	1 863	22 448
<b>Total</b>	<b>6 076</b>	<b>24 188</b>	<b>49 605</b>	<b>19 590</b>	<b>24 027</b>	<b>22 490</b>	<b>12 371</b>	<b>158 347</b>
NEW ZEALAND								
Convention/conference	—	489	1 518	2 720	2 949	1 095	259	9 030
Business	—	1 008	7 212	11 849	8 591	3 244	354	32 259
Visiting friends/relatives	4 394	4 462	4 886	6 861	8 161	8 212	9 058	46 035
Holiday	9 462	5 758	9 526	14 272	13 826	11 326	7 050	71 219
Employment	41	1 015	988	215	253	330	—	2 841
Education	122	381	383	416	622	219	—	2 142
Other and not stated	3 124	3 419	4 218	5 597	4 631	3 821	2 879	27 688
<b>Total</b>	<b>17 143</b>	<b>16 532</b>	<b>28 731</b>	<b>41 929</b>	<b>39 033</b>	<b>28 247</b>	<b>19 600</b>	<b>191 215</b>
UNITED KINGDOM								
Convention/conference	—	26	276	456	403	193	169	1 523
Business	—	339	2 130	3 057	1 922	894	86	8 428
Visiting friends/relatives	1 454	2 951	5 558	3 809	3 408	5 065	4 096	26 340
Holiday	1 346	12 067	14 082	4 440	4 866	4 796	2 907	44 504
Employment	—	1 210	2 078	711	260	211	153	4 624
Education	34	289	131	204	27	50	25	761
Other and not stated	440	1 740	2 206	1 307	1 221	1 484	990	9 387
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 274</b>	<b>18 622</b>	<b>26 462</b>	<b>13 983</b>	<b>12 107</b>	<b>12 692</b>	<b>8 426</b>	<b>95 567</b>
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA								
Convention/conference	—	44	287	1 015	1 636	720	358	4 060
Business	—	657	3 507	4 970	4 767	2 290	280	16 472
Visiting friends/relatives	1 537	3 268	2 306	2 711	3 396	2 436	1 451	17 105
Holiday	3 201	5 332	5 458	5 067	5 799	5 232	3 669	33 757
Employment	—	1 030	905	551	254	339	82	3 162
Education	1 335	4 681	612	204	440	201	—	7 473
Other and not stated	1 641	3 555	2 600	2 064	2 317	1 951	858	14 987
<b>Total</b>	<b>7 713</b>	<b>18 568</b>	<b>15 675</b>	<b>16 582</b>	<b>18 609</b>	<b>13 169</b>	<b>6 699</b>	<b>97 016</b>
TOTAL(b)								
Convention/conference	—	1 275	6 266	12 724	11 938	4 749	1 299	38 251
Business	15	3 543	27 309	40 425	29 201	10 777	1 316	112 586
Visiting friends/relatives	13 222	19 215	26 387	25 411	30 016	27 457	23 802	165 510
Holiday	45 322	69 701	124 517	80 265	79 835	64 646	35 078	499 364
Employment	73	5 464	7 823	3 313	1 905	1 622	486	20 687
Education	3 338	19 847	6 857	3 291	2 291	782	100	36 506
Other and not stated	12 990	22 136	34 661	28 228	28 490	19 374	10 861	156 740
<b>Total</b>	<b>74 961</b>	<b>141 181</b>	<b>233 821</b>	<b>193 656</b>	<b>183 675</b>	<b>129 408</b>	<b>72 941</b>	<b>1 029 643</b>

(a) Includes 'Not stated'.

(b) Includes the rest of the world.

Country of residence	State or Territory in which most time was spent								
	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia(a)
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Oceania and Antarctica</b>									
New Zealand	68 839	36 491	67 371	3 475	7 668	937	2 211	1 727	188 719
Other	11 550	2 475	11 348	174	429	59	442	421	26 900
<i>Total</i>	80 389	38 967	78 720	3 649	8 097	996	2 653	2 148	215 618
<b>Europe and the former USSR</b>									
France	5 781	1 311	1 627	335	654	82	293	119	10 200
Germany	10 267	3 761	6 531	943	2 212	268	1 313	207	25 512
Italy	3 528	1 768	1 050	315	644	62	10	61	7 440
Netherlands	3 632	1 679	2 097	324	1 013	90	451	89	9 376
Switzerland	3 017	1 005	1 793	202	1 820	46	226	30	8 139
United Kingdom	57 248	18 833	26 265	5 034	16 937	782	1 565	1 279	127 944
Other	21 870	6 547	8 091	1 240	3 262	239	1 169	381	42 799
<i>Total</i>	105 343	34 903	47 455	8 393	26 543	1 569	5 027	2 166	231 409
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>									
<i>Total</i>	4 734	2 418	1 047	185	583	28	99	130	9 223
<b>Southeast Asia</b>									
Indonesia	8 939	4 066	2 077	377	5 085	49	1 216	192	22 012
Malaysia	12 503	10 870	7 939	1 499	11 313	255	374	277	45 030
Singapore	25 522	22 270	20 825	2 558	28 040	698	1 658	392	101 993
Thailand	13 494	7 064	3 273	475	4 446	206	288	470	29 715
Other(b)	6 096	2 165	2 725	173	1 137	20	1 200	278	13 794
<i>Total</i>	66 554	46 434	36 839	5 081	50 021	1 228	4 737	1 608	212 544
<b>Northeast Asia</b>									
China	22 300	9 032	6 054	498	1 049	90	251	650	39 924
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	16 500	6 787	7 763	1 114	3 718	134	302	263	36 582
Japan	60 107	7 081	85 725	1 955	8 397	283	1 142	583	165 273
Korea	30 060	1 510	4 112	364	375	101	137	94	36 753
Taiwan	13 460	1 691	6 457	166	463	10	79	50	22 376
Other	94	91	33	3	5	—	16	—	244
<i>Total</i>	142 520	26 192	110 144	4 100	14 008	618	1 928	1 642	301 151
<b>Southern Asia</b>									
<i>Total</i>	7 429	3 738	3 719	221	830	17	172	188	16 326
<b>The Americas</b>									
Canada	8 965	2 971	4 258	783	1 339	278	314	417	19 335
United States of America	51 273	12 976	19 912	2 586	3 865	811	2 054	1 179	94 656
Other	3 934	734	757	70	247	16	111	85	5 954
<i>Total</i>	64 172	16 681	24 927	3 439	5 451	1 105	2 479	1 680	119 945
<b>Africa</b>									
<i>Total</i>	6 798	2 522	2 729	494	4 115	82	192	121	17 053
<b>Not stated</b>									
	153	42	91	15	39	—	—	—	339
<b>Total</b>	<b>478 091</b>	<b>171 898</b>	<b>305 670</b>	<b>25 577</b>	<b>109 686</b>	<b>5 643</b>	<b>17 286</b>	<b>9 684</b>	<b>1 123 609</b>

(a) Includes 'Other Territories' and 'Not stated'.

(b) Includes East Timor.

<i>Country of intended stay</i>	<i>Jun qtr 2001</i>	<i>Sep qtr 2001</i>	<i>Dec qtr 2001</i>	<i>Mar qtr 2002</i>	<i>Jun qtr 2002</i>	<i>Change over Jun qtr 2001</i>	<i>Proportion of total resident departures</i>	<i>Median intended length of stay</i>	<i>Person days</i>
	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>days</i>	<i>'000</i>
<b>Oceania and Antarctica</b>									
Fiji	n.y.a.	27.2	28.4	27.1	30.7	n.y.a.	3.5	10.2	447.4
New Zealand	n.y.a.	153.6	159.5	154.7	124.5	n.y.a.	14.1	10.1	1 814.5
Other	n.y.a.	37.7	35.7	31.5	33.3	n.y.a.	3.8	8.9	691.3
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>218.5</i>	<i>223.5</i>	<i>213.3</i>	<i>188.4</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>21.4</i>	<i>10.1</i>	<i>2 953.2</i>
<b>Europe and the former USSR</b>									
France	n.y.a.	12.8	8.8	7.6	15.9	n.y.a.	1.8	29.1	582.4
Germany	n.y.a.	13.8	9.2	7.3	13.1	n.y.a.	1.5	30.6	614.7
Greece	n.y.a.	15.7	3.7	3.3	15.4	n.y.a.	1.8	61.4	1 251.2
Italy	n.y.a.	26.7	10.7	8.8	24.6	n.y.a.	2.8	30.6	1 142.0
United Kingdom	n.y.a.	95.4	59.8	54.1	98.7	n.y.a.	11.2	30.8	6 318.3
Other	n.y.a.	60.7	29.3	25.8	63.2	n.y.a.	7.2	34.7	3 854.0
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>225.2</i>	<i>121.6</i>	<i>106.9</i>	<i>231.1</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>26.2</i>	<i>30.9</i>	<i>13 762.7</i>
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>									
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>23.1</i>	<i>14.3</i>	<i>15.4</i>	<i>24.1</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>2.7</i>	<i>37.2</i>	<i>1 489.6</i>
<b>Southeast Asia</b>									
Indonesia	n.y.a.	95.3	58.7	51.2	65.7	n.y.a.	7.5	10.9	1 259.1
Malaysia	n.y.a.	31.5	26.5	27.1	24.3	n.y.a.	2.8	12.5	721.0
Philippines	n.y.a.	11.0	17.4	15.3	14.6	n.y.a.	1.7	21.4	487.9
Singapore	n.y.a.	45.3	40.1	38.2	39.7	n.y.a.	4.5	9.0	985.1
Thailand	n.y.a.	47.8	41.8	35.3	38.6	n.y.a.	4.4	13.2	779.9
Viet Nam	n.y.a.	12.3	18.3	20.8	16.4	n.y.a.	1.9	23.2	554.0
Other(a)	n.y.a.	5.6	8.8	7.0	6.3	n.y.a.	0.7	18.7	325.9
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>248.7</i>	<i>211.7</i>	<i>195.0</i>	<i>205.6</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>23.3</i>	<i>12.3</i>	<i>5 112.8</i>
<b>Northeast Asia</b>									
China	n.y.a.	30.2	30.3	29.0	31.9	n.y.a.	3.6	20.0	1 213.5
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	n.y.a.	31.8	41.7	34.1	34.4	n.y.a.	3.9	12.7	1 333.0
Japan	n.y.a.	19.7	17.5	14.8	19.6	n.y.a.	2.2	14.4	787.2
Other	n.y.a.	13.6	18.6	13.6	15.4	n.y.a.	1.7	20.4	589.4
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>95.2</i>	<i>108.1</i>	<i>91.5</i>	<i>101.2</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>11.5</i>	<i>14.9</i>	<i>3 923.0</i>
<b>Southern Asia</b>									
India	n.y.a.	7.1	18.9	12.3	6.5	n.y.a.	0.7	25.4	286.2
Other	n.y.a.	7.2	10.8	7.7	4.8	n.y.a.	0.5	22.1	201.4
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>14.2</i>	<i>29.7</i>	<i>20.1</i>	<i>11.3</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>24.2</i>	<i>487.6</i>
<b>The Americas</b>									
Canada	n.y.a.	19.4	13.5	13.8	17.5	n.y.a.	2.0	28.1	873.3
United States of America	n.y.a.	72.5	57.7	65.1	80.7	n.y.a.	9.2	17.7	2 982.5
Other	n.y.a.	6.8	11.7	6.2	6.0	n.y.a.	0.7	30.2	321.1
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>98.7</i>	<i>83.0</i>	<i>85.1</i>	<i>104.1</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>11.8</i>	<i>20.5</i>	<i>4 176.8</i>
<b>Africa (excluding North Africa)</b>									
<i>Total</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>13.8</i>	<i>14.7</i>	<i>13.8</i>	<i>14.5</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>1.7</i>	<i>21.7</i>	<i>586.4</i>
<i>Other and not stated</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>0.6</i>	<i>0.5</i>	<i>n.y.a.</i>	<i>0.1</i>	<i>16.7</i>	<i>16.6</i>
<b>Total</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>938.2</b>	<b>807.0</b>	<b>741.6</b>	<b>881.1</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>32 508.7</b>

(a) Includes East Timor.

Country of intended stay	June quarter 2002							Total
	Convention/ conference	Business	Visiting friends/ relatives	Holiday	Employment	Education	Other and not stated	
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
<b>Oceania and Antarctica</b>								
Fiji	930	1 672	3 378	22 336	206	148	1 984	30 653
New Zealand	5 200	27 453	35 618	43 298	1 227	1 808	9 873	124 476
Other	1 289	5 100	2 014	18 643	3 838	718	1 680	33 282
<i>Total</i>	<i>7 419</i>	<i>34 224</i>	<i>41 009</i>	<i>84 276</i>	<i>5 271</i>	<i>2 674</i>	<i>13 537</i>	<i>188 411</i>
<b>Europe and the former USSR</b>								
France	1 474	1 966	1 821	9 397	164	93	1 023	15 939
Germany	538	3 232	5 004	3 037	132	218	979	13 140
Greece	211	577	4 647	8 679	71	73	1 177	15 436
Italy	1 342	1 516	4 588	15 230	87	503	1 350	24 617
United Kingdom	2 514	10 027	35 449	40 622	2 958	928	6 244	98 741
Other	3 997	4 753	24 227	23 632	814	649	5 154	63 225
<i>Total</i>	<i>10 077</i>	<i>22 071</i>	<i>75 737</i>	<i>100 597</i>	<i>4 227</i>	<i>2 464</i>	<i>15 926</i>	<i>231 099</i>
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>499</i>	<i>2 582</i>	<i>9 104</i>	<i>8 356</i>	<i>1 176</i>	<i>319</i>	<i>2 106</i>	<i>24 141</i>
<b>Southeast Asia</b>								
Indonesia	1 303	6 467	4 138	49 112	1 600	375	2 741	65 735
Malaysia	1 107	6 344	5 636	8 777	643	268	1 556	24 332
Philippines	14	2 102	7 434	3 347	165	93	1 488	14 642
Singapore	2 769	13 211	5 300	12 278	2 513	498	3 081	39 651
Thailand	1 453	4 329	2 630	27 596	291	215	2 049	38 564
Viet Nam	308	2 021	6 415	6 492	235	78	872	16 420
Other(a)	—	1 866	1 482	1 163	1 152	3	597	6 263
<i>Total</i>	<i>6 953</i>	<i>36 341</i>	<i>33 035</i>	<i>108 765</i>	<i>6 598</i>	<i>1 531</i>	<i>12 384</i>	<i>205 608</i>
<b>Northeast Asia</b>								
China	1 424	10 855	7 490	8 486	851	337	2 426	31 868
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	1 248	9 107	8 436	11 976	1 579	150	1 882	34 378
Japan	790	5 896	4 156	5 272	984	1 343	1 188	19 627
Other	581	4 785	5 419	3 115	592	28	853	15 373
<i>Total</i>	<i>4 043</i>	<i>30 643</i>	<i>25 501</i>	<i>28 849</i>	<i>4 005</i>	<i>1 857</i>	<i>6 349</i>	<i>101 246</i>
<b>Southern Asia</b>								
India	—	1 687	2 553	1 469	137	86	579	6 512
Other	142	552	2 172	1 155	249	3	557	4 831
<i>Total</i>	<i>142</i>	<i>2 240</i>	<i>4 725</i>	<i>2 625</i>	<i>386</i>	<i>89</i>	<i>1 136</i>	<i>11 342</i>
<b>The Americas</b>								
Canada	1 462	1 435	4 941	8 198	418	19	1 028	17 500
United States of America	11 241	17 115	17 728	25 213	2 701	857	5 800	80 654
Other	237	948	1 237	2 651	104	80	728	5 987
<i>Total</i>	<i>12 940</i>	<i>19 498</i>	<i>23 907</i>	<i>36 062</i>	<i>3 223</i>	<i>956</i>	<i>7 555</i>	<i>104 142</i>
<b>Africa (excluding North Africa)</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>483</i>	<i>3 835</i>	<i>4 267</i>	<i>3 742</i>	<i>914</i>	<i>175</i>	<i>1 131</i>	<i>14 547</i>
<b>Other and not stated</b>								
	—	71	3	362	6	—	81	522
<b>Total</b>	<b>42 556</b>	<b>151 505</b>	<b>217 287</b>	<b>373 633</b>	<b>25 807</b>	<b>10 065</b>	<b>60 205</b>	<b>881 059</b>

(a) Includes East Timor.

Country of intended stay	June quarter 2002							Total
	Convention/ conference no.	Business no.	Visiting friends/ relatives no.	Holiday no.	Employment no.	Education no.	Other and not stated no.	
<b>Oceania and Antarctica</b>								
Fiji	7 952	24 027	73 075	266 055	23 651	1 676	50 945	447 380
New Zealand	37 531	240 220	565 958	602 511	121 559	46 655	200 070	1 814 503
Other	10 984	91 166	72 728	203 125	243 446	15 370	54 511	691 332
<i>Total</i>	<i>56 467</i>	<i>355 413</i>	<i>711 761</i>	<i>1 071 691</i>	<i>388 657</i>	<i>63 701</i>	<i>305 525</i>	<i>2 953 215</i>
<b>Europe and the former USSR</b>								
France	25 362	43 205	76 556	365 525	18 807	6 552	46 412	582 419
Germany	14 243	77 676	265 945	168 543	24 508	6 774	57 019	614 707
Greece	25 289	16 599	458 250	621 031	1 910	2 569	125 593	1 251 242
Italy	32 100	26 773	339 080	642 288	21 159	23 050	57 518	1 141 969
United Kingdom	47 875	389 905	1 712 497	2 910 747	736 944	73 766	446 579	6 318 314
Other	73 421	181 719	1 564 786	1 515 866	172 206	34 588	311 456	3 854 042
<i>Total</i>	<i>218 290</i>	<i>735 877</i>	<i>4 417 115</i>	<i>6 224 000</i>	<i>975 533</i>	<i>147 300</i>	<i>1 044 579</i>	<i>13 762 692</i>
<b>Middle East and North Africa</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>8 108</i>	<i>78 482</i>	<i>638 664</i>	<i>462 214</i>	<i>109 286</i>	<i>21 710</i>	<i>171 095</i>	<i>1 489 559</i>
<b>Southeast Asia</b>								
Indonesia	10 270	200 357	124 821	645 635	149 974	14 165	113 910	1 259 132
Malaysia	10 687	193 072	180 251	172 406	63 406	24 208	76 983	721 013
Philippines	501	38 700	243 190	111 638	14 010	7 536	72 304	487 879
Singapore	23 923	171 655	181 673	171 472	253 040	26 707	156 597	985 068
Thailand	13 859	99 632	119 071	456 366	38 097	6 892	45 967	779 883
Viet Nam	3 656	48 854	273 402	159 389	23 830	739	44 101	553 970
Other(a)	—	96 872	50 809	26 827	81 242	1 095	69 010	325 856
<i>Total</i>	<i>62 895</i>	<i>849 143</i>	<i>1 173 217</i>	<i>1 743 732</i>	<i>623 599</i>	<i>81 343</i>	<i>578 871</i>	<i>5 112 801</i>
<b>Northeast Asia</b>								
China	15 676	319 125	348 753	272 415	109 536	26 898	121 057	1 213 460
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	8 349	332 901	372 739	239 208	242 647	23 518	113 607	1 332 970
Japan	10 039	107 589	138 231	155 306	203 630	130 720	41 711	787 226
Other	4 938	138 381	220 404	84 014	94 259	6 457	40 925	589 377
<i>Total</i>	<i>39 002</i>	<i>897 996</i>	<i>1 080 128</i>	<i>750 942</i>	<i>650 072</i>	<i>187 593</i>	<i>317 299</i>	<i>3 923 033</i>
<b>Southern Asia</b>								
India	—	36 543	106 757	82 705	17 273	5 071	37 849	286 198
Other	1 913	13 340	80 654	47 289	24 579	1 095	32 493	201 364
<i>Total</i>	<i>1 913</i>	<i>49 882</i>	<i>187 412</i>	<i>129 995</i>	<i>41 852</i>	<i>6 166</i>	<i>70 342</i>	<i>487 562</i>
<b>The Americas</b>								
Canada	20 222	39 568	249 650	383 501	110 224	6 935	63 195	873 294
United States of America	154 325	466 695	748 412	864 142	387 083	89 763	272 035	2 982 454
Other	4 531	26 006	61 480	157 164	10 415	2 039	59 425	321 060
<i>Total</i>	<i>179 078</i>	<i>532 269</i>	<i>1 059 543</i>	<i>1 404 806</i>	<i>507 721</i>	<i>98 737</i>	<i>394 654</i>	<i>4 176 808</i>
<b>Africa (excluding North Africa)</b>								
<i>Total</i>	<i>5 392</i>	<i>140 413</i>	<i>152 150</i>	<i>113 033</i>	<i>97 138</i>	<i>11 906</i>	<i>66 400</i>	<i>586 432</i>
<b>Other and not stated</b>								
	—	1 349	730	9 603	852	—	4 082	16 617
<b>Total</b>	<b>571 145</b>	<b>3 640 824</b>	<b>9 420 720</b>	<b>11 910 017</b>	<b>3 394 710</b>	<b>618 457</b>	<b>2 952 847</b>	<b>32 508 720</b>

(a) Includes East Timor.



Country of intended stay	2000				2001			2002	
	Jun qtr	Sep qtr	Dec qtr	Mar qtr	Jun qtr	Sep qtr	Dec qtr	Mar qtr	Jun qtr
	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
ORIGINAL									
Fiji	21.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	27.2	28.4	27.1	30.7
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	34.8	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	31.8	41.6	34.1	34.5
Indonesia	70.3	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	95.3	58.7	51.2	65.8
Italy	24.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	26.8	10.7	8.8	24.7
Malaysia	30.1	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	31.5	26.5	27.2	24.3
New Zealand	108.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	153.6	159.6	154.6	124.6
Singapore	39.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	45.3	40.1	38.1	39.6
Thailand	37.3	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	47.8	41.8	35.3	38.6
United Kingdom	106.2	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	95.4	59.8	54.1	98.8
United States of America	107.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	72.5	57.6	65.0	80.6
Other and not stated(a)	316.2	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	311.0	282.3	246.1	318.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>896.4</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>938.2</b>	<b>807.1</b>	<b>741.6</b>	<b>881.1</b>
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED									
Fiji	20.5	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	37.0	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Indonesia	74.2	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Italy	17.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Malaysia	32.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
New Zealand	126.6	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Singapore	40.6	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Thailand	40.0	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
United Kingdom	83.5	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
United States of America	104.1	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Other and not stated(a)	296.7	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
<b>Total</b>	<b>873.4</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>
TREND									
Fiji	19.6	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Hong Kong (Special Administrative Region of China)	38.1	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Indonesia	69.5	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Italy	17.1	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Malaysia	32.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
New Zealand	125.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Singapore	40.1	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Thailand	38.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
United Kingdom	82.1	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
United States of America	98.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
Other and not stated(a)	293.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
<b>Total</b>	<b>856.4</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>	<b>n.y.a.</b>

(a) Includes East Timor.

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

### INTRODUCTION

**1** This publication brings together tourism data from a number of sources, including data from the quarterly Survey of Tourist Accommodation (STA) and the Overseas Arrivals and Departures Collection (OAD).

### TOURIST ACCOMMODATION

**2** The series of tables and graphs in the tourist accommodation section of this publication contain statistics for Australia and each state and territory. Statistics in this publication are the latest available for the June quarter 2002.

#### Scope and coverage

**3** Tourist accommodation establishments included in the STA and for which data appear in this publication are: hotels, motels and guest houses with facilities; and serviced apartments which are available to the general public for a minimum of one night. Every third year, beginning with 2000, the STA is expanded to include: holiday flats, units and houses of letting entities; caravan parks; and visitor hostels. Further information can be found in *Tourist Accommodation, Australia* (cat. no. 8635.0), available from ABS bookshops or by contacting Neil McKellar-Stewart on Brisbane 07 3222 6364.

**4** Data collected and published relate to both long-term and short-term guests at hotels, motels and guest houses. Data relate only to short-term guests at serviced apartments. For hotels, motels and guest houses the amount of long-term residential activity is considered insignificant. This activity is included in the data presented.

**5** As a result of the separate classification of serviced apartments from the March quarter 1998, there have been several changes to definitions of accommodation units. Some units which were previously classified as hotels, motels or holiday flats have been reclassified to serviced apartments. A small number of establishments previously classified as motels have been reclassified as holiday flats, units or houses and are no longer in scope of the quarterly STA.

**6** From the March quarter 1998, only those in-scope establishments with 15 or more rooms or units are covered by the survey. Data for the 1997 calendar year have been recompiled on the new basis. Data for time periods prior to 1997 have been recompiled to only include accommodation establishments with 15 or more rooms, but have not been recompiled to reflect the inclusion of serviced apartments as a separate classification. This means that data for periods prior to the March quarter 1997 only include hotels, motels and guest houses. It should be noted that some serviced apartments may have been included in STA estimates prior to the March quarter 1997, as they may previously have been classified as hotels or motels, as outlined in paragraph 5 above.

Scope and coverage  
*continued*

**7** As a result of the changes to the scope and classification of accommodation establishments there is a break in all time series between the December quarter 1996 and the March quarter 1997.

**8** From 1 July 2000, the item 'takings from accommodation' includes the Goods and Services Tax (GST). By including GST, the survey continues to measure the total cost of accommodation to the consumer. Takings relating to the supply of meals continue to be excluded and bed taxes have ceased to apply.

Estimates at constant prices

**9** Estimates of quarterly takings from accommodation contained in this publication are also expressed in terms of average 1989–90 prices (constant prices). These estimates are presented in original, seasonally adjusted and trend terms for Australia and each state and territory. Monthly data at constant prices are not available.

**10** Takings from accommodation for each state and territory have been deflated using the All Groups Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the relevant capital city. The CPI has been used as it is a measure of the general extent of price change (inflation) in the economy. (Note: the CPI is only produced for capital cities.) As an example, an increase of 10% in the New South Wales takings from accommodation at 1989–90 prices over a period would mean that New South Wales takings from accommodation increased 10% more than the Sydney CPI over that period, implying that takings from accommodation in New South Wales increased 10% more than inflation.

**11** General information on price deflators and constant price estimates is contained in section 4 of *Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 1989* (cat. no. 5216.0).

INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

**12** The tables and graphs in the international tourism section of this publication contain statistics on short-term visitors arriving in Australia. Short-term movement relates to an intended length of stay of less than 12 months.

Source of the statistics

**13** Persons arriving in, or departing from Australia, are required to complete questionnaires in the form of Incoming and Outgoing Passenger Cards. These cards provide information to the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA) for administrative purposes and serve as the source of statistics of overseas arrivals and departures. In accordance with the Census and Statistics Act 1905, information relating to individuals, individual flights or ships and individual carriers, which is contained in these cards or other documents, is treated as confidential by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

**14** Implementation of the *Migration Reform Act 1992* by DIMIA required that a health and character check be incorporated with the Incoming Passenger Card. The redesign of both passenger cards followed and new passenger cards were officially introduced on 1 September 1994. The main statistical change relating to data in this publication affects the purpose of journey classification and constitutes a break in time series for this data item.

Source of the statistics *continued* **15** From July 1998 there have been changes to passenger cards completed by travellers entering and leaving Australia, as well as to international passenger procedures and DIMIA computer systems. Please refer to the May 1998 issue of *Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0) for more information.

**16** There have been significant delays in the receipt of final Overseas Arrivals and Departures data from DIMIA for October 2000 to June 2001. Therefore, the statistics for these months are compiled from information on passports, visas or other travel documents.

Scope **17** The statistics in this publication relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are each counted separately). The statistics exclude the movements of operational air and ships' crew, of transit passengers who pass through Australia but are not cleared for entry, and of passengers on pleasure cruises commencing and finishing in Australia aboard ships not then engaged on regular voyages.

Estimation method **18** Overseas arrival and departure statistics are derived from a combination of full enumeration and sampling. All movements with a duration of stay of less than one year are sampled. Statistics relating to these movements are therefore estimates, which may differ from statistics which would have been obtained if details of all these movements had been processed.

Corrections and imputations **19** Imprecision due to sampling errors should not be confused with errors arising from imperfections in reporting, which may occur in any data collection, whether sampled or not. Every effort is made to minimise such errors, by careful design of the passenger cards and through checks on the information once it is received. During the edit process some items are corrected where they conflict with other known information. Missing replies to certain items such as age are also imputed by reference to other related items.

**20** Errors of this kind differ from discrepancies arising from the fact that certain information reflects the travellers' intentions at the time the passenger cards were completed. These intentions are, of course, subject to change. Particularly affected is the distinction between permanent and temporary movement and in the latter case, length of intended stay, country in which most time will be spent, and purpose of journey.

#### SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

**21** Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are shown in various graphs and tables throughout this publication. In these series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors, 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for the months of March and April. For further information contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345 or by email at <timeseries@abs.gov.au>.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT  
*continued*

**22** Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effect of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation, and cannot be assumed to indicate changes in the trend.

**23** As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's data. For the Survey of Tourist Accommodation, the results of the latest review are shown in the March quarter issue of this publication. For the Overseas Arrivals and Departures series, the results of the latest review of seasonal factors are shown in the September quarter issue.

TREND ESTIMATES

**24** Smoothing seasonally adjusted series reduces the impact of the irregular component of the seasonally adjusted series and creates the trend estimates. The trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the monthly seasonally adjusted series and a 7-term Henderson moving average to the quarterly seasonally adjusted series. The 7- and 13-term Henderson averages (like all Henderson averages) are symmetric but, as the end of a time series is approached, asymmetric forms of the average are applied. Unlike the weights of the standard 7-term Henderson moving average, the weights employed with the quarterly data have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series.

**25** While these techniques enable smoothed data for the latest period to be produced, the process does result in revisions to the smoothed series, principally of recent months, as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. For further information refer to *Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring Trends, an Overview, 1993* (cat. no. 1348.0), or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345 or by email <timeseries@abs.gov.au>.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

**26** Comprehensive definitions, explanations and detailed data are contained in the publications below, which can be obtained from ABS Bookshops or by mail order:

*Accommodation Industry, Australia, 2000–01*, cat. no. 8695.0, irregular

*Australian Culture and Leisure Classifications, 2001*, cat. no. 4902.0,  
irregular

*Australian Industry*, cat. no. 8155.0, annual

*Australian National Accounts: Tourism Satellite Account*, cat. no. 5249.0,  
annual

*Botanic Gardens, Australia, 1999–2000*, cat. no. 8563.0, irregular

RELATED PUBLICATIONS  
continued

- Business Events Venues Industry, Australia, 2000–01*, cat. no. 8566.0, irregular
- Business Use of Information Technology, Australia*, cat. no. 8129.0, annual
- Cafes and Restaurants Industry, Australia, 1998–99*, cat. no. 8655.0, irregular
- Casinos, Australia, 2000–01*, cat. no. 8683.0, irregular
- Clubs, Pubs, Taverns and Bars, Australia, 2000–01*, cat. no. 8687.0, irregular
- Commercial Art Galleries, Australia, 1999–2000*, cat. no. 8651.0, irregular
- Consumer Price Index, Australia*, cat. no. 6401.0, issued quarterly
- Cultural Funding by Government, Australia*, cat. no. 4183.0, annual
- Directory of Tourism Statistics 2000*, cat. no. 1130.0, irregular
- Household Expenditure Survey: Detailed Expenditure Items, 1998–99*, cat. no. 6535.0, five yearly
- Museums, Australia, 1999–2000*, cat. no. 8560.0, irregular
- Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia*, cat. no. 3401.0, issued monthly
- Retail Industry, Australia, 1998–99*, cat. no. 8622.0, irregular
- Retail Trade, Australia*, cat. no. 8501.0, issued monthly
- Selected Amusement and Leisure Industries, Australia, 2000–01*, cat. no. 8688.0, irregular
- Tourist Accommodation, Australia*, cat. no. 8635.0, issued quarterly
- Tourist Accommodation, Small Area Data for each State and the Northern Territory*, cat. no. 8635.n.40.001, issued quarterly
- Work in Selected Culture and Leisure Activities, Australia, April 2001*, cat. no. 6281.0, irregular

**27** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site <<http://www.abs.gov.au>>. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

**28** Related statistics are also published by the Bureau of Tourism Research, DIMIA and the Department of Transport and Communications.

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS  
AVAILABLE

**29** As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available on request. Inquiries should be made to the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

ROUNDING

**30** Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER  
USAGES

AAA	Australian Automobile Association
ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACT	Australian Capital Territory
Aust.	Australia
BTR	Bureau of Tourism Research
CPI	Consumer Price Index
DIMIA	Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GST	Goods and Services Tax
n.a.	not available
n.y.a.	not yet available
n.p.	not published
NSW	New South Wales
NT	Northern Territory
NZ	New Zealand
OAD	Overseas Arrivals and Departures Collection
p	preliminary
Qld	Queensland
SA	South Australia
STA	Survey of Tourist Accommodation
Tas.	Tasmania
TR	Tourism Region
TSA	Tourism Satellite Account
UK	United Kingdom
USA	United States of America
Vic.	Victoria
WA	Western Australia
WTO	World Tourism Organisation
—	nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
. .	not applicable
\$m	\$ million

## GLOSSARY

<b>Average length of stay</b>	Average length of stay is expressed in numbers of days and calculated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ for hotels, motels and guest houses, by dividing guest nights by guest arrivals and</li><li>■ for serviced apartments, by dividing unit nights occupied by unit lettings.</li></ul>
<b>Average nightly guests per occupied room</b>	Guest nights divided by room nights occupied.
<b>Average nightly rooms occupied per establishment</b>	The average number of rooms per establishment multiplied by the occupancy rate for the survey period.
<b>Average takings per establishment</b>	The takings from accommodation for the survey period divided by the number of establishments at the end of the survey period.
<b>Average takings per guest night</b>	The takings from accommodation divided by the total number of guest nights for the survey period.
<b>Average takings per room night available</b>	The takings from accommodation divided by the total room nights available for the survey period.
<b>Average takings per room night occupied</b>	The takings from accommodation divided by the total number of room nights occupied for the survey period.
<b>Balance on travel services</b>	The balance on travel services is travel exports minus travel imports.
<b>Capacity</b>	Capacity in terms of guest rooms/units or bed spaces is the maximum number available to accommodate paying guests during the survey period. Capacity closed temporarily for seasonal reasons is included.
<b>Country of intended stay</b>	For Australian residents travelling abroad for short-term trips, this relates to the country in which they intend to spend the most time.
<b>Country of residence</b>	Refers to the country in which short-term visitors regard themselves as living or as last having lived.  The classification of countries in this publication is based on the Standard Australian Classification of Countries. For more detailed information, refer to the Australian Bureau of Statistics publication <i>Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC), 1998</i> (cat. no. 1269.0).
<b>Establishments</b>	All hotels, motels, guest houses and serviced apartments within the scope of the survey which operated for any part of the survey period, or which closed temporarily for the quarter for seasonal reasons.



<b>Gross Domestic Product (GDP)</b>	GDP equals consumption by households and government, plus investment in fixed capital and inventories or where separately identified, investment in fixed capital and investment in inventories, plus exports less imports of goods and services.
<b>Guest nights</b>	The total number of paying guests counted on each night they stayed at the accommodation establishment.
<b>Guest rooms</b>	The maximum number of rooms available at each establishment during the survey period for accommodating short-term paying guests. Units and apartments within serviced apartments are treated as rooms in these survey results.
<b>Median length of stay</b>	Defined as the length of stay which divides the relevant population into two equal parts, one half of the cases falling below the median and the other half exceeding it.
<b>Occupancy rate</b>	Occupancy expressed as a percentage of total capacity available during the survey period, e.g. for the period  $\text{Room occupancy rate (\%)} = \frac{\text{Room nights occupied}}{(\text{Guest rooms}) \times (\text{no. of days in the period})} \times 100$
<b>Person days</b>	Defined as the number of short-term visitor arrivals or short-term resident departures multiplied by the intended length of stay for each visitor or resident.
<b>Purpose of journey</b>	From the September quarter 1994, all statistics relating to purpose of journey are published using the following categories: Convention/conference, Business, Visiting friends/relatives, Holiday, Employment, Education and Other. In tabulations of data collected before September 1994 quarter, the 'Other' category includes 'In transit', and the 'Holiday' category includes 'Student vacation' and 'Accompanying business visitor'.
<b>Room nights available</b>	The total of guest rooms/units available multiplied by the number of days for which each was available during the survey period.
<b>Room nights occupied</b>	The total number of nights each guest room/unit was occupied by a paying guest during the survey period.
<b>Rooms per establishment</b>	The average number of rooms/units per establishment.
<b>Short-term movement</b>	Movements of travellers whose intended or actual length of stay is less than 12 months are classified as short-term. The tables for visitor arrivals and resident departures in this publication relate to short-term movements only.

<b>Star grading</b>	The grading of hotels and motels with facilities and serviced apartments is based on the classification system used by members of the Australian Automobile Association (AAA). The gradings are allocated according to a points system based on the amenities and facilities available to guests. Details of the grading scheme are contained in the individual tour guides produced by members of the AAA. For the purpose of classifying establishments to a star grading in this publication, 'half' star gradings are ignored (e.g. a two and a half star grading has been shown as a two star).
<b>Takings from accommodation</b>	Gross revenue from the provision of accommodation, including (since 1 July 2000) the Goods and Services Tax (GST). Prior to GST, bed taxes were included. Takings from meals are excluded. Takings from accommodation for each month generally represent the takings received during that month. Where payments are received in advance of, or after, the provision of accommodation to guests, the monthly figure for takings from accommodation may not necessarily bear a direct relationship to the number of guests accommodated during the month.
<b>Tourism</b>	Comprises the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes not related to the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.
<b>Tourism consumption</b>	The total consumption made by a visitor or on behalf of a visitor for and during his/her trip and stay at the destination.
<b>Tourism GDP</b>	Tourism gross value added plus taxes paid less subsidies received on tourism related products as these are reflected in prices that visitors actually pay. Tourism GDP will generally have a higher value than tourism value added. Tourism GDP is a satellite account construct to enable a direct comparison with the most widely recognised national accounting aggregate, GDP. While it is useful in this context, the tourism gross value added measure should be used when making comparisons with other industries or between countries.
<b>Tourism gross value added</b>	Measures the value of tourism gross output at basic prices by all industries which supply tourism products, less the value of the inputs used in producing these tourism products. Gross value added is the preferred national accounts measure of industry production as it excludes taxes and subsidies on products.
<b>Travel exports</b>	All goods and services (e.g. accommodation, meals, entertainment, gifts and souvenirs) acquired for personal use by non-resident travellers in Australia (usually individuals who stay for less than one year).
<b>Travel imports</b>	All goods and services (e.g. accommodation, meals, entertainment, gifts and souvenirs) acquired for personal use by Australians travelling abroad (usually for less than one year).
<b>Visitor</b>	Any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than twelve months and whose main purpose of trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

## APPENDIX: RECENT FEATURE ARTICLES PUBLISHED IN TOURISM INDICATORS

<b>Issue</b>	<b>Article title</b>	<b>Page</b>
June quarter 2002	A profile of two Tourism Regions: the Gold Coast and the Sunshine Coast.	7–19
March quarter 2002	The impact of the September 11 terrorist attacks and the collapse of Ansett on tourism	7–24
March quarter 2002	Indirect economic contribution of Tourism, 1997–98	25–28
December quarter 2001	Australian National Accounts: Tourism Satellite Account — 2000–01	8–17
December quarter 2001	Key indicators for the caravan industry	18–23
September quarter 2001	Counts of accommodation establishments and capacity at September 2001	8–19
September quarter 2001	Business expectations — major tourism related industries	20–24
June quarter 2001	Tourist accommodation developments since 1998	8–14
June quarter 2001	Cultural funding and museums — a tourism perspective	15–19
June quarter 2001	Caravan registrations	20–21
March quarter 2001	The accommodation, cafes and restaurants industry — 1999–2000	10–11
December quarter 2000	Tourist accommodation: an analysis over the Olympic period	13–19
December quarter 2000	Holiday flats, caravan parks and visitor hostels — calendar year 2000 results	8–12
September quarter 2000	Tourism and the household expenditure survey	9–12
September quarter 2000	Holiday flats, caravan parks and visitor hostels — September quarter 2000	6–8
June quarter 2000	The cafes and restaurants and the takeaway food industries 1998–99	21–23
June quarter 2000	Counts of accommodation establishments at the end of 1999	14–20

<b>Issue</b>	<b>Article title</b>	<b>Page</b>
June quarter 2000	Holiday flats, caravan parks and visitor hostels — June quarter 2000	11–13
June quarter 2000	Australian National Accounts: Tourism Satellite Account 1997–98	8–10
March quarter 2000	A Tourism Satellite Account for Australia 1997–98	14–17
March quarter 2000	Survey of Business Expectations	11–13
March quarter 2000	Holiday flats, caravan parks and visitor hostels	9–10
December quarter 1999	Tourist Accommodation Developments	7–8
December quarter 1999	Survey of Tourist Accommodation — annual comparisons	9–10
September quarter 1999	Retirement and near retirement: short term resident departures	8–9
June quarter 1999	Counts of accommodation establishments	8–12
June quarter 1999	Caravans and campervans	13–14
March quarter 1999	Accommodation Industry Survey — 1997–98	7–8
December quarter 1998	Tourist Accommodation Developments	7
December quarter 1998	Profile of resident departures, 1998	8–11
December quarter 1998	IT (Information Technology) and the Accommodation, cafes and restaurants industry	12–13
December quarter 1998	Employment in accommodation establishments	14–15
September quarter 1998	International tourism profile: New Zealand	7–11
September quarter 1998	The Year 2000 problem and the accommodation industry	12–13
September quarter 1998	Economic activity of large accommodation businesses, 1993–94 and 1996–97	14–15
June quarter 1998	Serviced apartments in Australian accommodation	8–11
March quarter 1998	The introduction of tourism region classification to the Survey of Tourist Accommodation	10–11
March quarter 1998	Travel agency services	12







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