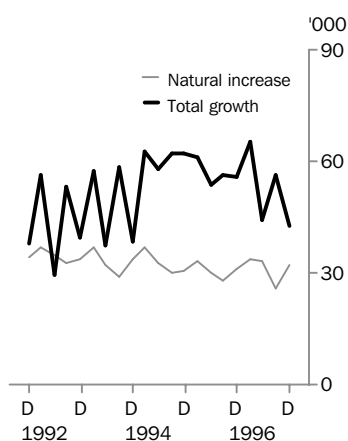




AUSTRALIAN DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

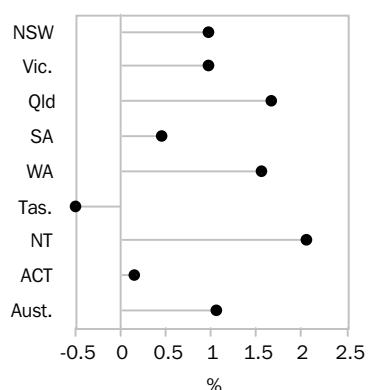
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Population growth



Population growth rate

Year ended current quarter



- For further information about these and related statistics, contact any ABS office as shown on the back cover of this publication.

DECEMBER QTR KEY FIGURES

	Population at end Dec Qtr 1997 '000	Change over previous year	
		'000	%
New South Wales	6 306.3	65.5	1.0
Victoria	4 627.3	46.1	1.0
Queensland	3 430.4	58.9	1.7
South Australia	1 482.9	6.7	0.5
Western Australia	1 811.1	29.2	1.6
Tasmania	471.8	-2.3	-0.5
Northern Territory	189.2	3.9	2.1
Australian Capital Territory	309.0	0.5	0.2
Australia	18 631.1	208.4	1.1

DECEMBER QTR KEY POINTS

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION

- The estimated resident population of Australia at 31 December was 18,631,100 persons.
- The population increased by 42,500 persons since 30 September 1997 and 208,400 persons since 31 December 1996.
- The national growth rate during the 12 months to 31 December 1997 was 1.1% compared with a growth rate of 1.2% for the preceding 12 months. The Northern Territory had the highest growth rate of any State or Territory (2.1%).

COMPONENTS OF POPULATION GROWTH

- Net overseas migration for the year ended 31 December was 83,700 persons, a decrease of 18.8% on the year ended 31 December 1996 (103,100).
- In 1997 Australia recorded its lowest ever fertility rate. Women, on average, are now having under 1.8 babies. This is 6% lower than 5 years ago.
- The net interstate migration loss for Victoria in 1997 was the smallest on record.
- Natural increase for the year ended 31 December 1997 was 124,700 persons, an increase of 1.9% on the previous 12 months (122,400).

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES

ISSUE (Quarter)

RELEASE DATE

March 1998

14 September 1998



CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE

The December quarter 1997 issue contains a number of changes.

Estimated Resident Population—

Included is estimated resident population by sex and marital status and estimated resident population by country of birth.

Births and Deaths—

With the exception of preliminary data estimates of births and deaths are included by State or Territory of usual residence and year of occurrence. For preliminary estimates births and deaths are included by State or Territory of usual residence and year of registration. Prior to this issue some births and deaths data (Tables 16 to 18 in prior issue) were presented by State or Territory of registration and year of registration. Total fertility rates have replaced crude birth rates and standardised death rates have replaced crude death rates. This allows more meaningful comparisons between States and Territories and across time.

Overseas Migration—

Category jumping is included for Australian residents and overseas visitors. This enables a clearer understanding of the components of net overseas migration.

Permanent and long-term arrivals and departures by age and sex are excluded. This information is available annually in *Migration, Australia* (3412.0).

Interstate Migration—

Net interstate migration is now available from Table 2.

Interstate migration data by State or Territory of arrival/departure (Table 23) is extended to include the next time period. (For example, this December quarter 1997 issue contains interstate migration data for March quarter 1998.)



PRELIMINARY DATA

All data from September 1996 on is preliminary. September 1996 to June 1997 will be revised in the next issue.



TAKE CARE!

Some figures are preliminary. See 'Preliminary data' for details.

W. McLennan

Australian Statistician

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ANALYSES AND COMMENTS

The estimated resident population of Australia at 31 December 1997 was 18,631,100, an increase of 42,500 in the December quarter and 208,400 for the 1997 calendar year. The national population growth rate for 1997 was 1.1%, compared to a growth rate of 1.2% for 1996.

The drop in Australia's growth rate was mainly due to a decline in net overseas migration. In 1997, the net increase in overseas migration was 83,700, a decline of 15% from 1996 (98,800) and 22% from 1995 (106,900). This was primarily a result of a 12% increase in the number of permanent and long-term departures from 158,300 in 1996 to 176,600 in 1997. The number of permanent and long-term arrivals decreased slightly from 261,300 in 1996 to 260,200 in 1997. The decline in arrivals and increase in departures was slightly offset by a net increase in category jumpers (persons who change their travel intentions from short-term to permanent or long-term or vice versa) from an adjustment of -4,200 in 1996 to zero in 1997.

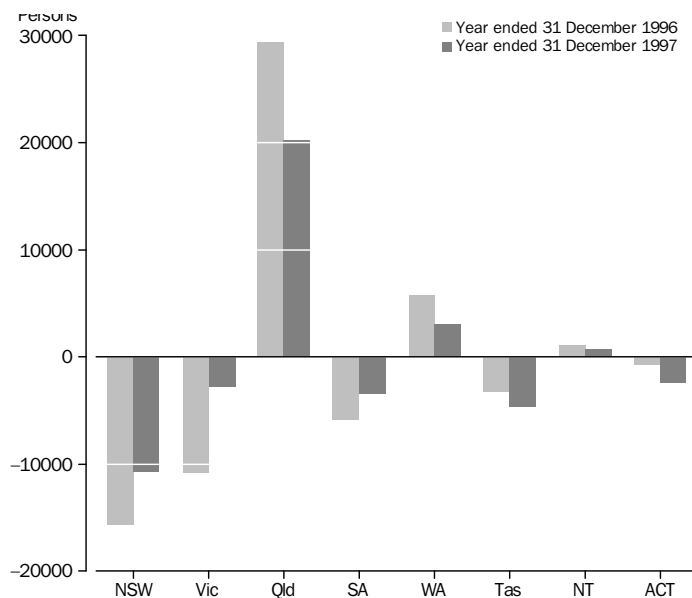
New South Wales had a net gain of 34,300 from overseas migration in 1997, a decrease of 24% from 1996, but still had the largest net gain of any State or Territory. Victoria (19,800), Queensland (13,700), South Australia (3,300) and Western Australia (12,100) also had gains. Northern Territory (500) and Tasmania (100) had small net overseas migration gains. The Australian Capital Territory had a net overseas migration loss (-100). The net overseas migration for Queensland increased between 1996 and 1997 (by 7%), the only State or Territory to do so.

The natural increase for the calendar year 1997 was 124,700, an increase of 1.9% from 122,400 for 1996. The number of births increased from 251,000 in 1996 to 253,700 in 1997, while the number of deaths increased slightly from 128,600 in 1996 to 128,900 in 1997.

In 1997 the population of the Northern Territory grew by 2.1%. Queensland (1.7%) and Western Australia (1.6%) also had growth rates above the national average of 1.1%. New South Wales and Victoria (both 1.0%) grew by slightly less than the national average. South Australia (0.5%) and the Australian Capital Territory (0.2%) had growth rates well below the national average and Tasmania's population declined by 0.5%. The population for Australia's States and Territories at 31 December 1997 was as follows: New South Wales (6,306,300), Victoria (4,627,300), Queensland (3,430,400), South Australia (1,482,900), Western Australia (1,811,100), Tasmania (471,800) Northern Territory (189,200) and the Australian Capital Territory (309,000).

Queensland had a net gain of 20,200 from interstate migration in 1997, which was their lowest interstate gain since 1986, but is still by far the highest gain of any State or Territory. Western Australia (3,000) and the Northern Territory (700) were the only other States or Territories to gain people from interstate migration. New South Wales had the highest net loss (-10,800) followed by Tasmania (-4,600), South Australia (-3,400), Victoria (-2,700) and the Australian Capital Territory (-2,400). The net interstate loss for Victoria was 75% lower than in 1996 and is the smallest net interstate loss since population estimates were first compiled on a state of usual residence basis in 1971.

NET INTERSTATE MIGRATION, States and Territories



There were 6,762,100 households in Australia on 30 June 1996, an increase of 9.5% from 30 June 1991 (6,173,200). The majority of Australian households (69%) had no children under 15 years of age. The most common household type contained only two persons 15 years or over (31% of all households), followed by single person households (23%). The average number of people per household decreased from 2.7 in 1991 to 2.6 in 1996. This was primarily due to a 15% increase in the number of one or two person households between 1991 and 1996, which is above the average growth rate for all households.

The first feature article in this publication contains some main findings included in the publication *Population Growth and Distribution, Australia* (Cat. no. 2035.0) which was released on 27 May 1998.

POPULATION GROWTH AND DISTRIBUTION

POPULATION DISTRIBUTION

At 30 June 1996, 83% of Australia's population lived within 50 kilometres of the coastline. Tasmania, being an island State, had the highest proportion of its population (96%) living within 50 kilometres of the coast, whereas the Northern Territory (63%) had the lowest.

In the 1996 Census, 15.3 million people, or 86% of those counted, were living in 739 urban areas. Apart from the Australian Capital Territory, where the city of Canberra accounted for 99.3% of the Territory population, the highest levels of urbanisation occurred in New South Wales and Victoria (both 88%). Conversely, Tasmania and the Northern Territory had the highest proportions of people living in rural areas (both 27%).

The Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) with the highest proportions of the population aged 0–14 years at 30 June 1996 were mostly located in the Northern Territory and parts of Western Australia and Queensland, in SLAs such as Torres (S) in Queensland and Gulf and East Arnhem—Bal in the Northern Territory.

In contrast to the younger age groups, the SLAs containing the highest concentrations of people aged 65 years and over were mainly located in coastal retirement areas. Of the 10 SLAs with the highest proportions aged 65 years or more, six were in Queensland.

POPULATION GROWTH AND DECLINE

Between 30 June 1991 and 30 June 1996 Australia's population increased by 1 million people representing an average annual growth rate of 1.2%. Some 61% of this growth was due to natural increase and 39% was due to net overseas migration. Two-thirds of this growth (656,600) occurred in capital city statistical divisions. Queensland accounted for 37% of the national growth between 1991 and 1996, followed by New South Wales (30%).

Queensland's share of the Australian population increased from 14.9% in 1976 to 18.2% in 1996 while New South Wales, Victoria's, South Australia's and Tasmania's share dropped during the same period.

Although 750 SLAs increased in population size between 1991 and 1996, most of Australia's population growth was concentrated in relatively few SLAs. With the exception of four Queensland SLAs, and Mandurah (C), south of Perth, the largest increases in population occurred in SLAs located in the outer areas of Sydney, Casey–Berwick in Melbourne and Rockingham (C) in Perth.

Some 43% of all SLAs decreased in population size between 1991 and 1996. The largest population decline during this period occurred in a mixture of metropolitan SLAs, such as Monash (C)—Waverley East in Melbourne and Elizabeth (C) in Adelaide, as well as SLAs in rural areas and regional centres in non-metropolitan Australia, such as East Pilbara (S) in Western Australia and Broken Hill (C) in New South Wales.

POPULATION MOBILITY

As recorded by the 1996 Census, between 1991 and 1996, 43% of the total population changed their address in Australia. Between 1991 and 1996, 5.7 million (37%) moved within the same State or Territory and a further 770,000 people (5%) moved interstate.

The pattern of movement over the last two decades has been a northward and westward drift away from south-eastern Australia. According to population estimates, in 1991–96, this movement resulted in net gains for Queensland (201,000) and Western Australia (11,500). All States and Territories experienced a net loss to Queensland, and all States and Territories, excluding Queensland and the Australian Capital Territory, experienced net losses to Western Australia.

POPULATION MOBILITY *continued*

Some 49% of all interstate moves between 1991 and 1996 were between the three most populous eastern States, New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland. The single most prevalent move of all interstate moves was from New South Wales to Queensland (256,500 or 15%).

From the 1996 Census, 3.9 million people counted in capital city Statistical Divisions (SDs) in 1996 changed their address between 1991 and 1996. Of these people, 80% (3.1 million) moved within their city. In most cases, the largest net gains were located in the outer areas of the capital cities, while those which had the largest net losses were located in the inner and middle areas of the metropolitan regions.

The most mobile age group were those people aged in their twenties, followed by children who were likely to have moved with their families.

Overall, the mobility rate for the overseas-born population was 39% compared to 44% for the Australian-born population. For those immigrants who arrived between 1986 and 1990 and had changed address since 1991, the mobility rate was higher (60%) than the Australian-born population. The mobility rate (47%) for those who arrived between 1981–85 was also higher than the Australian-born population. However, immigrants who had arrived in Australia before 1981, and who are now in primarily older age groups, had a mobility rate which was lower than the Australian-born population as a whole.

Some 52% of Indigenous persons changed their place of usual residence between 1991 and 1996 compared to 43% for non-Indigenous persons. Even taking account of the younger age on average of the Indigenous population, Indigenous people still tended to move more than their non-Indigenous counterparts.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

The commentary above is a small sample of the analysis included in *Population Growth and Distribution, Australia* (Cat. no. 2035.0) released on 27 May 1998. A time series of final estimated resident population (ERP) for all SLAs from 1991 through to 1996 is also provided.

POPULATION ESTIMATION ERRORS

There was a further reduction in errors associated with the estimation of the population of Australia and each State and Territory over the period between censuses. For the 1991–96 period the error at the national level was –0.2% and at the State and Territory level an average of 0.4%.

Intercensal discrepancy is the concept used to measure errors in population estimates. It is the difference between the 1996 Census based estimated resident population (ERP) and the 1991 Census based ERP. At the national level this discrepancy can result from errors in either the 1991 Census counts or the 1996 Census counts, the process of adjusting the census counts to ERP, or in the components of population change: namely births, deaths, and overseas migration. The same applies at the State and Territory level, except interstate migration is also an additional source of error as another component of population change.

The accuracy of Australia’s postcensal population estimates has improved over time and compares favourably with that of other countries as table 1 shows.

TABLE 1 INTERNATIONAL COMPARISON OF ABSOLUTE INTERCENSAL DISCREPANCY, 1981 TO 1996

	1981	1986	1991	1996
Country	%	%	%	%
Australia				
National	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
State(a)	1.6	1.2	1.2	0.4
Canada(b)				
National	0.4	0.3	0.2	p0.5
Province(a)	1.8	1.3	1.2	p1.0
USA (1980 & 1990)(b)				
National	2.1	—	0.5	—
State(a)	2.5	—	1.5	—
England and Wales				
England and Wales(a)	0.2	—	0.4	—
Constituent Counties(a)	1.8	—	2.5	—
New Zealand(b)				
National	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.3
(a) Average absolute error.				(b) Equates with error of closure which is the difference between population estimates produced prior to a census and corresponding census counts. (No account is taken of variations in the undercount between censuses.)

Table 2 shows that there has been a reduction in the intercensal discrepancy for Australia and five of the States and Territories compared with the previous intercensal period.

TABLE 2 INTERCENSAL DISCREPANCY BY STATE/TERRITORY OF USUAL RESIDENCE

	1976-1981	1981-1986	1986-1991	1991-1996
	PERSONS ('000)			
NSW	33.1	11.9	2.4	-15.8
Vic	48.5	3.9	7.0	-20.9
Qld	-51.9	-32.0	11.1	15.9
SA	1.7	-9.4	10.4	4.5
WA	1.0	-18.4	29.9	-3.3
Tas	4.7	0.4	-6.3	-1.1
NT	4.3	-6.3	-6.7	-5.3
ACT	9.5	5.5	4.2	-1.2
Australia	50.9	-44.4	51.9	-27.5
	% OF POPULATION AT 30 JUNE OF END YEAR			
NSW	0.6	0.2	0.0	-0.3
Vic	1.2	0.1	0.2	-0.5
Qld	-2.2	-1.2	0.3	0.5
SA	0.1	-0.7	0.7	0.3
WA	0.1	-1.3	1.8	-0.2
Tas	1.1	0.1	-1.4	-0.2
NT	3.5	-4.1	-4.1	-2.9
ACT	4.2	2.1	1.5	-0.4
Australia	0.3	-0.3	0.3	-0.2

Estimation of interstate migration over the intercensal period remains one of the primary components of intercensal discrepancy. Further comment on intercensal discrepancy and the methods of estimating interstate migration will be provided in *Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (3228.0) due for release in December 1998.

POPULATION CHANGE, Summary(a)

Period	COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE.....						POPULATION.....		
	Births '000	Deaths '000	Natural increase '000	Net permanent and long-term movement '000	Category jumping '000	Net overseas migration '000	At end of period '000	Growth on previous year(b) '000	Growth on previous year %
1991-92	259.2	120.8	138.4	89.9	-21.3	68.6	17 494.7	210.7	1.22
1992-93	260.0	121.3	138.6	62.7	-32.6	30.0	17 667.1	172.4	0.99
1993-94	258.3	123.5	134.8	67.4	-20.8	46.5	17 854.7	187.6	1.06
1994-95	258.2	126.2	132.0	93.0	-12.9	80.1	18 071.8	217.1	1.22
1995-96	250.4	126.4	124.0	109.7	-5.5	104.1	18 310.7	238.9	1.32
1996-97	253.4	127.6	125.8	94.4	1.4	95.8	18 532.2	221.5	1.21
1992	262.1	122.9	139.2	76.8	-25.4	51.4	17 581.3	194.3	1.12
1993	258.6	120.8	137.8	57.5	-22.7	34.8	17 760.0	178.7	1.02
1994	258.4	127.0	131.4	80.2	-24.7	55.5	17 951.5	191.5	1.08
1995	254.9	125.1	129.8	104.6	2.3	106.9	18 196.1	244.6	1.36
1996	251.0	128.6	122.4	103.1	-4.2	98.8	18 422.7	226.6	1.25
1997	253.7	128.9	124.7	83.7	0.0	83.7	18 631.1	208.4	1.13
1996									
March	62.2	28.9	33.3	39.6	-14.5	25.1	18 257.2	243.2	1.35
June	61.9	31.7	30.2	15.7	4.9	20.6	18 310.7	238.9	1.32
September	65.5	37.7	27.9	27.7	0.6	28.2	18 366.8	233.0	1.28
December	61.3	30.2	31.1	20.1	4.8	24.8	18 422.7	226.6	1.25
1997									
March	62.0	28.2	33.9	36.1	-4.8	31.2	18 487.8	230.6	1.26
June	64.4	31.5	33.0	10.6	0.9	11.5	18 532.2	221.5	1.21
September	63.9	37.9	26.0	22.9	7.4	30.4	18 588.6	221.8	1.21
December	63.2	31.4	31.9	14.0	-3.4	10.6	18 631.1	208.4	1.13

(a) See Explanatory Notes for concepts used and the Glossary for definitions of terms used. Includes Other Territories from September quarter 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

(b) See Glossary for details.

POPULATION CHANGE, Components

<i>Period</i>	<i>New South Wales</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>Queensland</i>	<i>South Australia</i>	<i>Western Australia</i>	<i>Tasmania</i>	<i>Northern Territory</i>	<i>Australian Capital Territory(a)</i>	<i>Australia(b)</i>
<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
NATURAL INCREASE									
1991-92	45 529	33 518	25 841	8 595	15 270	3 226	2 926	3 445	138 350
1992-93	46 173	33 679	26 065	8 468	14 804	3 138	2 857	3 437	138 621
1993-94	44 232	32 576	26 180	8 006	14 499	3 116	2 880	3 290	134 818
1994-95	42 687	31 346	26 047	7 953	14 794	2 976	2 882	3 250	131 978
1995-96	40 352	28 497	25 290	7 500	13 953	2 521	2 829	3 062	124 038
1996-97	42 341	28 311	25 100	7 258	14 280	2 442	2 881	3 105	125 758
1996									
March	10 884	7 665	6 653	2 212	3 699	713	718	759	33 313
June	9 837	6 719	6 347	1 780	3 575	511	731	685	30 187
September	8 787	6 331	5 901	1 575	3 108	568	822	747	27 850
December	11 139	7 135	5 636	1 780	3 369	641	590	781	31 085
1997									
March	11 405	7 578	6 974	1 880	3 953	660	671	728	33 855
June	11 010	7 267	6 589	2 023	3 850	573	798	849	32 968
September	7 608	6 446	6 174	1 322	2 935	468	574	506	26 045
December	11 918	7 687	5 253	1 544	3 303	539	656	951	31 861
NET OVERSEAS MIGRATION									
1991-92	31 178	18 362	8 250	2 897	7 665	36	164	28	68 580
1992-93	12 628	7 965	3 719	1 546	4 640	103	44	- 603	30 042
1993-94	21 929	10 698	5 241	1 994	6 718	192	195	- 418	46 549
1994-95	35 952	19 295	10 580	2 883	10 508	310	467	130	80 125
1995-96	48 045	25 692	13 051	3 653	12 339	398	569	390	104 137
1996-97	40 911	22 989	14 011	3 480	13 327	329	608	120	95 775
1996									
March	11 172	6 772	2 902	896	3 182	115	61	42	25 142
June	9 692	4 523	3 048	753	2 303	94	124	102	20 639
September	12 289	6 859	4 168	902	3 490	135	283	86	28 212
December	11 813	5 566	2 748	1 003	3 543	130	105	-74	24 834
1997									
March	11 873	8 445	4 806	1 228	4 533	49	137	172	31 243
June	4 936	2 119	2 289	347	1 761	15	83	-64	11 486
September	12 258	7 277	5 359	1 124	3 884	25	338	90	30 355
December	5 235	1 933	1 291	598	1 937	-19	-26	- 320	10 618

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

POPULATION CHANGE, Components *continued*

<i>Period</i>	<i>New South Wales</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>Queensland</i>	<i>South Australia</i>	<i>Western Australia</i>	<i>Tasmania</i>	<i>Northern Territory</i>	<i>Australian Capital Territory(a)</i>	<i>Australia(b)</i>
<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
NET INTERSTATE MIGRATION									
1991-92	-13 807	-18 427	34 099	- 658	-1 314	- 289	- 969	1 365	0
1992-93	-17 535	-25 388	49 162	-5 210	- 152	-1 494	- 699	1 316	0
1993-94	-12 180	-29 195	44 936	-3 978	3 825	-2 107	- 875	- 426	0
1994-95	-13 478	-22 020	40 224	-7 069	5 101	-2 656	384	- 486	0
1995-96	-14 770	-12 800	32 614	-6 192	4 066	-2 590	328	- 656	0
1996-97	-13 610	-6 307	23 431	-5 185	5 266	-3 713	1 800	-1 682	0
1996									
March	-5 522	-3 203	9 495	-1 465	1 188	- 884	-46	437	0
June	-2 215	-2 811	5 578	-1 090	1 438	- 469	- 506	75	0
September	-4 435	-2 331	6 952	-1 746	1 297	- 659	1 205	- 283	0
December	-3 448	-2 464	7 352	-1 565	1 869	-1 186	436	- 994	0
1997									
March	-2 894	-1 181	5 699	-1 368	4	-1 189	354	575	0
June	-2 833	- 331	3 428	- 506	2 096	- 679	- 195	- 980	0
September	-1 250	-1 442	4 680	- 654	434	-1 277	671	-1 162	0
December	-3 805	254	6 395	- 871	504	-1 448	- 160	- 869	0
TOTAL POPULATION GROWTH									
1991-92	63 838	34 629	68 999	10 213	21 978	3 024	2 593	5 354	210 628
1992-93	42 311	17 385	79 838	4 162	19 624	1 833	2 648	4 628	172 429
1993-94	55 310	15 183	77 325	5 464	25 340	1 280	2 641	2 184	187 645
1994-95	66 791	29 817	77 996	3 291	30 778	734	4 177	3 319	217 020
1995-96	77 747	42 768	73 581	4 824	31 469	770	4 291	3 446	238 956
1996-97	69 642	44 993	62 542	5 553	32 873	- 942	5 289	1 543	221 533
1996									
March	17 562	11 584	19 707	1 605	8 342	56	873	1 402	61 147
June	18 346	8 775	15 631	1 403	7 595	251	491	1 027	53 513
September	16 641	10 859	17 021	731	7 895	44	2 310	550	56 062
December	19 504	10 237	15 736	1 218	8 781	- 415	1 131	- 287	55 919
1997									
March	20 384	14 842	17 479	1 740	8 490	- 480	1 162	1 475	65 098
June	13 113	9 055	12 306	1 864	7 707	-91	686	- 195	44 454
September	18 616	12 281	16 213	1 792	7 253	- 784	1 583	- 566	56 400
December	13 348	9 874	12 939	1 271	5 744	- 928	470	- 238	42 479

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

POPULATION CHANGE, Rates

Financial year	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
NATURAL INCREASE									
1991-92	0.76	0.75	0.85	0.59	0.92	0.69	1.74	1.17	0.79
1992-93	0.77	0.75	0.84	0.58	0.88	0.67	1.67	1.15	0.78
1993-94	0.73	0.73	0.82	0.55	0.85	0.66	1.66	1.09	0.76
1994-95	0.70	0.69	0.80	0.54	0.85	0.63	1.62	1.07	0.73
1995-96	0.65	0.62	0.76	0.51	0.79	0.53	1.56	0.99	0.68
1996-97	0.67	0.61	0.74	0.49	0.79	0.52	1.54	1.00	0.68
NET OVERSEAS MIGRATION									
1991-92	0.52	0.41	0.27	0.20	0.46	0.01	0.10	0.01	0.39
1992-93	0.21	0.18	0.12	0.11	0.28	0.02	0.03	-0.20	0.17
1993-94	0.36	0.24	0.16	0.14	0.39	0.04	0.11	-0.14	0.26
1994-95	0.59	0.43	0.32	0.20	0.61	0.07	0.26	0.04	0.44
1995-96	0.77	0.56	0.39	0.25	0.70	0.08	0.31	0.13	0.57
1996-97	0.65	0.50	0.41	0.24	0.74	0.07	0.32	0.04	0.52
NET INTERSTATE MIGRATION									
1991-92	-0.23	-0.41	1.13	-0.05	-0.08	-0.06	-0.58	0.46	0.00
1992-93	-0.29	-0.57	1.58	-0.36	-0.01	-0.32	-0.41	0.44	0.00
1993-94	-0.20	-0.65	1.41	-0.27	0.22	-0.45	-0.50	-0.14	0.00
1994-95	-0.22	-0.49	1.23	-0.48	0.29	-0.56	0.22	-0.16	0.00
1995-96	-0.24	-0.28	0.98	-0.42	0.23	-0.55	0.18	-0.21	0.00
1996-97	-0.22	-0.14	0.69	-0.35	0.29	-0.78	0.96	-0.54	0.00
TOTAL POPULATION GROWTH									
1991-92	1.08	0.78	2.33	0.71	1.34	0.65	1.57	1.85	1.22
1992-93	0.71	0.39	2.63	0.29	1.18	0.39	1.58	1.57	0.99
1993-94	0.92	0.34	2.49	0.37	1.51	0.27	1.55	0.73	1.06
1994-95	1.10	0.66	2.45	0.22	1.81	0.16	2.41	1.10	1.22
1995-96	1.27	0.95	2.25	0.33	1.82	0.16	2.42	1.13	1.32
1996-97	1.12	0.99	1.87	0.38	1.86	-0.20	2.91	0.50	1.21

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, States and Territories

At end of period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
MALES									
1991-92	2 966 511	2 207 604	1 518 080	722 342	833 842	232 638	88 000	147 130	8 716 147
1992-93	2 985 865	2 214 003	1 558 301	723 849	843 745	233 390	89 546	149 216	8 797 915
1993-94	3 012 102	2 220 054	1 597 029	725 999	856 492	233 862	90 992	149 979	8 888 066
1994-95	3 044 428	2 233 428	1 636 329	727 064	871 963	234 048	93 264	151 454	8 993 604
1995-96	3 081 044	2 252 649	1 673 040	729 149	887 577	234 302	95 668	152 953	9 108 055
1996-97	3 115 341	2 274 291	1 704 081	731 919	904 409	233 805	98 816	153 661	9 218 016
1992	2 976 704	2 211 492	1 536 790	723 206	838 613	233 206	88 938	147 762	8 756 711
1993	2 998 641	2 216 210	1 577 367	725 065	849 424	233 767	90 399	149 306	8 841 711
1994	3 026 780	2 225 627	1 615 056	726 344	863 240	233 955	91 851	150 326	8 934 770
1995	3 064 014	2 243 276	1 655 471	727 814	879 564	234 220	94 866	151 850	9 052 732
1996	3 098 223	2 262 455	1 689 082	730 006	896 082	234 087	97 676	153 024	9 162 320
1997	3 131 487	2 284 902	1 718 520	733 355	910 989	232 890	100 062	153 220	9 267 125
1996									
March	3 072 261	2 248 594	1 665 356	728 586	883 731	234 235	95 410	152 491	9 082 336
June	3 081 044	2 252 649	1 673 040	729 149	887 577	234 302	95 668	152 953	9 108 055
September	3 089 085	2 257 836	1 681 361	729 463	891 642	234 322	96 974	153 234	9 135 596
December	3 098 223	2 262 455	1 689 082	730 006	896 082	234 087	97 676	153 024	9 162 320
1997									
March	3 108 619	2 269 875	1 697 986	730 887	900 382	233 858	98 406	153 786	9 195 488
June	3 115 341	2 274 291	1 704 081	731 919	904 409	233 805	98 816	153 661	9 218 016
September	3 124 932	2 280 407	1 712 257	732 783	908 040	233 379	99 766	153 420	9 246 683
December	3 131 487	2 284 902	1 718 520	733 355	910 989	232 890	100 062	153 220	9 267 125
FEMALES									
1991-92	2 996 058	2 247 398	1 511 870	734 170	824 203	237 188	80 086	147 544	8 778 517
1992-93	3 019 015	2 258 384	1 551 487	736 825	833 924	238 269	81 188	150 086	8 869 178
1993-94	3 048 088	2 267 516	1 590 084	740 139	846 517	239 077	82 383	151 507	8 966 672
1994-96	3 082 553	2 283 959	1 628 780	742 365	861 824	239 625	84 288	153 351	9 078 154
1995-96	3 123 684	2 307 506	1 665 650	745 104	877 679	240 141	86 175	155 298	9 202 659
1996-97	3 159 029	2 330 857	1 697 151	747 887	893 720	239 696	88 316	156 133	9 314 231
1992	3 008 374	2 253 923	1 530 530	735 594	829 130	237 817	80 775	148 430	8 824 573
1993	3 034 139	2 262 625	1 570 705	738 570	839 583	238 774	81 931	150 627	8 918 288
1994	3 063 478	2 274 727	1 607 950	741 192	853 355	239 435	83 110	152 077	9 016 711
1995	3 104 806	2 296 520	1 647 881	743 431	869 755	239 916	85 613	153 972	9 143 322
1996	3 142 650	2 318 796	1 682 365	746 196	885 850	239 985	87 608	155 490	9 260 375
1997	3 174 847	2 342 401	1 711 864	749 514	900 137	238 899	89 123	155 770	9 364 001
1996									
March	3 114 121	2 302 786	1 657 703	744 264	873 930	239 957	85 942	154 733	9 174 865
June	3 123 684	2 307 506	1 665 650	745 104	877 679	240 141	86 175	155 298	9 202 659
September	3 132 284	2 313 178	1 674 350	745 521	881 509	240 165	87 179	155 567	9 231 180
December	3 142 650	2 318 796	1 682 365	746 196	885 850	239 985	87 608	155 490	9 260 375
1997									
March	3 152 638	2 326 218	1 690 940	747 055	890 040	239 734	88 040	156 203	9 292 305
June	3 159 029	2 330 857	1 697 151	747 887	893 720	239 696	88 316	156 133	9 314 231
September	3 168 054	2 337 022	1 705 188	748 815	897 342	239 338	88 949	155 808	9 341 964
December	3 174 847	2 342 401	1 711 864	749 514	900 137	238 899	89 123	155 770	9 364 001

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, States and Territories *continued*

At end of period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
PERSONS									
1991-92	5 962 569	4 455 002	3 029 950	1 456 512	1 658 045	469 826	168 086	294 674	17 494 664
1992-93	6 004 880	4 472 387	3 109 788	1 460 674	1 677 669	471 659	170 734	299 302	17 667 093
1993-94	6 060 190	4 487 570	3 187 113	1 466 138	1 703 009	472 939	173 375	301 486	17 854 738
1994-95	6 126 981	4 517 387	3 265 109	1 469 429	1 733 787	473 673	177 552	304 805	18 071 758
1995-96	6 204 728	4 560 155	3 338 690	1 474 253	1 765 256	474 443	181 843	308 251	18 310 714
1996-97	6 274 370	4 605 148	3 401 232	1 479 806	1 798 129	473 501	187 132	309 794	18 532 247
1992	5 985 078	4 465 415	3 067 320	1 458 800	1 667 743	471 023	169 713	296 192	17 581 284
1993	6 032 780	4 478 835	3 148 072	1 463 635	1 689 007	472 541	172 330	299 933	17 759 999
1994	6 090 258	4 500 354	3 223 006	1 467 536	1 716 595	473 390	174 961	302 403	17 951 481
1995	6 168 820	4 539 796	3 303 352	1 471 245	1 749 319	474 136	180 479	305 822	18 196 054
1996	6 240 873	4 581 251	3 371 447	1 476 202	1 781 932	474 072	185 284	308 514	18 422 695
1997	6 306 334	4 627 303	3 430 384	1 482 869	1 811 126	471 789	189 185	308 990	18 631 126
1996									
March	6 186 382	4 551 380	3 323 059	1 472 850	1 757 661	474 192	181 352	307 224	18 257 201
June	6 204 728	4 560 155	3 338 690	1 474 253	1 765 256	474 443	181 843	308 251	18 310 714
September	6 221 369	4 571 014	3 355 711	1 474 984	1 773 151	474 487	184 153	308 801	18 366 776
December	6 240 873	4 581 251	3 371 447	1 476 202	1 781 932	474 072	185 284	308 514	18 422 695
1997									
March	6 261 257	4 596 093	3 388 926	1 477 942	1 790 422	473 592	186 446	309 989	18 487 793
June	6 274 370	4 605 148	3 401 232	1 479 806	1 798 129	473 501	187 132	309 794	18 532 247
September	6 292 986	4 617 429	3 417 445	1 481 598	1 805 382	472 717	188 715	309 228	18 588 647
December	6 306 334	4 627 303	3 430 384	1 482 869	1 811 126	471 789	189 185	308 990	18 631 126

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, Major Population Centres(a)—at 30 June

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
CAPITAL CITY STATISTICAL DIVISIONS						
Sydney	3 710 168	3 734 809	3 769 641	3 821 233	3 881 136	3 934 717
Melbourne	3 182 441	3 197 927	3 213 021	3 243 707	3 283 278	3 321 666
Brisbane	1 388 385	1 422 786	1 455 198	1 486 733	1 519 994	1 548 346
Adelaide	1 065 990	1 068 980	1 072 055	1 075 133	1 079 112	1 083 074
Perth	1 207 350	1 225 552	1 246 266	1 271 738	1 295 092	1 318 974
Hobart	192 439	193 627	194 519	195 026	195 718	195 468
Darwin	77 330	78 640	79 012	80 385	82 232	84 264
Canberra	293 554	298 222	301 131	304 463	307 917	309 462

OTHER

Newcastle (b)	448 194	451 071	454 243	458 218	463 388	468 862
Gold Coast-Tweed (b)	292 584	306 370	321 860	340 725	354 110	367 722
Canberra-Queanbeyan (b)	327 854	333 832	337 404	341 207	345 061	347 144
Wollongong (b)	247 045	248 714	250 519	252 813	255 744	258 060
Sunshine Coast (b)	126 428	133 684	142 166	150 496	156 407	162 099
Geelong (b)	152 277	152 118	151 571	151 638	152 245	153 072
Townsville (b)	115 232	117 456	119 189	121 081	122 415	123 575
Cairns (b)	89 279	93 645	97 846	102 850	106 694	109 516
Launceston (b)	97 151	97 837	98 216	98 567	98 829	98 685
Albury-Wodonga (b)	89 040	90 170	91 088	92 014	92 658	93 252
Toowoomba City (c)	85 107	85 612	85 848	85 878	86 569	86 694
Ballarat (b)	79 030	78 650	78 531	78 529	79 109	79 630
Burnie-Devonport (b)	79 540	79 320	79 229	79 117	79 175	78 942
La Trobe Valley (b)	78 806	78 057	77 266	76 322	75 467	75 396
Bendigo (b)	72 688	73 128	73 631	73 759	74 192	74 828
Bathurst-Orange (b)	69 706	70 070	70 713	71 228	71 638	72 124
Rockhampton (b)	63 492	63 844	64 343	64 315	64 518	64 477
Mackay (b)	55 688	56 444	57 972	59 414	61 078	62 442
Coffs Harbour (d)	52 195	53 327	54 697	56 167	57 283	58 294
Hastings (d)	51 162	52 417	54 234	56 115	57 228	58 243
Wagga (d)	55 051	55 465	55 834	55 856	56 080	56 188
Bundaberg (b)	49 871	50 891	51 953	53 001	54 051	54 809
Greater Taree (d)	42 205	42 820	43 338	43 485	43 546	43 530
Lismore (d)	42 477	42 983	43 455	43 573	43 551	43 489
Mildura (b)	39 720	39 885	40 342	40 567	41 130	41 834
Shepparton (b)	40 208	40 453	40 729	41 112	41 139	41 387
Gladstone (b)	33 826	34 800	35 660	36 541	37 347	38 141
Dubbo (d)	34 647	35 046	35 594	36 113	36 533	36 726
Tamworth (d)	35 867	35 958	35 926	35 724	35 580	35 236
Kalgoorlie/Boulder (d)	27 051	27 025	27 774	28 768	29 587	30 488

(a) Based on 1997 Statistical Local Area boundaries.

(b) Statistical District boundaries.

(c) Statistical Subdivision.

(d) Statistical Local Area.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, Age Groups—Preliminary: at 30 June 1997

Age	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
MALES									
0-4	224 782	160 801	124 911	49 677	65 378	17 248	9 237	11 076	663 255
5-9	226 372	163 748	126 688	51 303	68 142	17 806	8 818	11 460	674 506
10-14	222 581	160 742	129 284	52 041	69 427	18 389	7 845	11 514	671 991
15-19	219 917	162 543	127 173	50 026	66 970	17 390	7 274	12 630	664 014
20-24	228 694	173 059	132 820	52 828	70 429	15 748	9 323	14 518	697 542
25-29	241 090	182 978	135 625	55 673	73 057	16 215	10 197	13 448	728 451
30-34	242 249	177 018	127 818	55 214	70 736	16 358	9 150	12 264	710 971
35-39	250 841	181 713	133 850	58 243	73 230	18 606	8 644	12 490	737 777
40-44	232 043	169 241	125 759	54 649	69 990	17 683	7 494	11 759	688 753
45-49	217 793	157 563	121 406	51 985	65 862	16 565	6 652	11 724	649 719
50-54	189 393	136 022	104 133	44 797	53 970	14 248	5 372	9 687	557 697
55-59	147 934	107 773	79 648	34 707	41 169	11 410	3 577	6 490	432 773
60-64	125 586	91 102	64 027	30 411	32 625	9 552	2 022	4 588	359 939
65-69	118 464	85 569	58 499	29 604	29 503	8 969	1 474	3 681	335 777
70-74	99 357	71 467	48 475	26 258	23 728	7 607	891	2 961	280 750
75-79	67 859	47 714	33 605	17 967	15 322	5 175	455	1 912	190 019
80-84	38 238	27 977	18 924	10 451	8 983	3 077	229	937	108 821
85 and over	22 148	17 261	11 436	6 085	5 888	1 759	162	522	65 261
All ages	3 115 341	2 274 291	1 704 081	731 919	904 409	233 805	98 816	153 661	9 218 016

FEMALES

0-4	213 602	153 004	117 741	47 117	61 641	16 167	8 754	10 805	628 975
5-9	215 452	155 910	120 659	48 050	64 705	17 118	8 052	10 981	641 103
10-14	212 957	153 621	122 265	49 787	65 724	17 717	7 267	11 007	640 506
15-19	208 613	154 677	120 201	48 055	63 526	16 633	6 573	12 200	630 537
20-24	222 995	168 887	128 552	50 239	66 530	15 359	8 402	14 108	675 157
25-29	243 236	185 747	133 382	53 699	70 032	16 493	9 460	13 501	725 686
30-34	241 527	180 658	129 315	54 861	69 898	17 239	8 419	12 652	714 742
35-39	250 552	183 985	135 043	58 587	73 076	19 143	7 723	13 021	741 273
40-44	231 972	172 446	125 622	55 418	69 750	17 846	6 796	12 457	692 443
45-49	213 725	159 502	117 362	52 430	62 781	16 375	5 713	12 263	640 228
50-54	182 009	133 847	98 769	44 573	49 912	13 841	4 135	9 382	536 531
55-59	144 389	106 269	75 098	34 991	39 083	11 294	2 497	6 170	419 831
60-64	127 041	93 703	62 228	31 324	32 483	9 820	1 611	4 551	362 779
65-69	125 247	90 505	59 640	31 355	30 029	9 473	1 111	3 923	351 299
70-74	117 239	85 779	54 277	31 035	26 452	8 838	774	3 599	327 997
75-79	91 554	65 723	43 003	24 558	20 398	7 169	494	2 596	255 497
80-84	63 698	46 473	29 632	17 125	14 781	5 130	297	1 682	178 825
85 and over	53 221	40 121	24 362	14 683	12 919	4 041	238	1 235	150 822
All ages	3 159 029	2 330 857	1 697 151	747 887	893 720	239 696	88 316	156 133	9 314 231

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory.

(b) Includes Other Territories—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, Age Groups—Preliminary: at 30 June 1997 *continued*

Age	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
PERSONS									
0-4	438 384	313 805	242 652	96 794	127 019	33 415	17 991	21 881	1 292 230
5-9	441 824	319 658	247 347	99 353	132 847	34 924	16 870	22 441	1 315 609
10-14	435 538	314 363	251 549	101 828	135 151	36 106	15 112	22 521	1 312 497
15-19	428 530	317 220	247 374	98 081	130 496	34 023	13 847	24 830	1 294 551
20-24	451 689	341 946	261 372	103 067	136 959	31 107	17 725	28 626	1 372 699
25-29	484 326	368 725	269 007	109 372	143 089	32 708	19 657	26 949	1 454 137
30-34	483 776	357 676	257 133	110 075	140 634	33 597	17 569	24 916	1 425 713
35-39	501 393	365 698	268 893	116 830	146 306	37 749	16 367	25 511	1 479 050
40-44	464 015	341 687	251 381	110 067	139 740	35 529	14 290	24 216	1 381 196
45-49	431 518	317 065	238 768	104 415	128 643	32 940	12 365	23 987	1 289 947
50-54	371 402	269 869	202 902	89 370	103 882	28 089	9 507	19 069	1 094 228
55-59	292 323	214 042	154 746	69 698	80 252	22 704	6 074	12 660	852 604
60-64	252 627	184 805	126 255	61 735	65 108	19 372	3 633	9 139	722 718
65-69	243 711	176 074	118 139	60 959	59 532	18 442	2 585	7 604	687 076
70-74	216 596	157 246	102 752	57 293	50 180	16 445	1 665	6 560	608 747
75-79	159 413	113 437	76 608	42 525	35 720	12 344	949	4 508	445 516
80-84	101 936	74 450	48 556	27 576	23 764	8 207	526	2 619	287 646
85 and over	75 369	57 382	35 798	20 768	18 807	5 800	400	1 757	216 083
All ages	6 274 370	4 605 148	3 401 232	1 479 806	1 798 129	473 501	187 132	309 794	18 532 247

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory.

(b) Includes Other Territories—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION(a), Age Groups—at 30 June

Age group (years)						PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL POPULATION.....				
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%	%	%	%
MALES										
0-4	662 989	665 924	666 703	665 611	663 255	3.75	3.73	3.69	3.64	3.58
5-9	655 296	656 615	662 592	669 251	674 506	3.71	3.68	3.67	3.65	3.64
10-14	650 114	656 986	664 089	670 227	671 991	3.68	3.68	3.67	3.66	3.63
15-19	663 084	654 545	650 877	655 345	664 014	3.75	3.67	3.60	3.58	3.58
20-24	731 231	730 369	725 107	708 906	697 542	4.14	4.09	4.01	3.87	3.76
25-29	684 773	682 587	691 428	710 454	728 451	3.88	3.82	3.83	3.88	3.93
30-34	731 046	734 852	730 523	720 725	710 971	4.14	4.12	4.04	3.94	3.84
35-39	685 516	695 369	710 843	726 660	737 777	3.88	3.89	3.93	3.97	3.98
40-44	653 353	658 926	665 597	676 137	688 753	3.70	3.69	3.68	3.69	3.72
45-49	595 735	616 612	635 263	654 234	649 719	3.37	3.45	3.52	3.57	3.51
50-54	455 905	474 792	496 254	517 520	557 697	2.58	2.66	2.75	2.83	3.01
55-59	383 554	393 886	406 724	419 859	432 773	2.17	2.21	2.25	2.29	2.34
60-64	358 027	355 250	353 505	353 827	359 939	2.03	1.99	1.96	1.93	1.94
65-69	329 861	332 441	335 187	337 445	335 777	1.87	1.86	1.85	1.84	1.81
70-74	250 579	263 810	270 031	276 105	280 750	1.42	1.48	1.49	1.51	1.51
75-79	163 304	163 279	169 506	179 593	190 019	0.92	0.91	0.94	0.98	1.03
80-84	93 199	98 542	102 606	105 855	108 821	0.53	0.55	0.57	0.58	0.59
85 and over	50 349	53 281	56 769	60 301	65 261	0.28	0.30	0.31	0.33	0.35
All ages	8 797 915	8 888 066	8 993 604	9 108 055	9 218 016	49.80	49.78	49.77	49.74	49.74
FEMALES										
0-4	629 533	632 113	632 821	631 438	628 975	3.56	3.54	3.50	3.45	3.39
5-9	624 009	625 299	630 089	636 798	641 103	3.53	3.50	3.49	3.48	3.46
10-14	615 585	623 100	631 824	637 990	640 506	3.48	3.49	3.50	3.48	3.46
15-19	630 561	622 141	618 363	623 774	630 537	3.57	3.48	3.42	3.41	3.40
20-24	711 570	709 416	704 414	687 960	675 157	4.03	3.97	3.90	3.76	3.64
25-29	680 550	679 267	687 335	707 561	725 686	3.85	3.80	3.80	3.86	3.92
30-34	730 758	734 576	731 083	723 796	714 742	4.14	4.11	4.05	3.95	3.86
35-39	688 104	697 863	712 394	729 327	741 273	3.89	3.91	3.94	3.98	4.00
40-44	647 168	657 074	667 664	678 946	692 443	3.66	3.68	3.69	3.71	3.74
45-49	572 943	595 931	616 566	639 704	640 228	3.24	3.34	3.41	3.49	3.45
50-54	433 984	453 055	475 987	497 412	536 531	2.46	2.54	2.63	2.72	2.90
55-59	375 744	385 655	395 514	407 540	419 831	2.13	2.16	2.19	2.23	2.27
60-64	359 603	356 935	356 786	356 656	362 779	2.04	2.00	1.97	1.95	1.96
65-69	355 355	354 471	354 188	354 740	351 299	2.01	1.99	1.96	1.94	1.90
70-74	303 540	317 302	322 964	327 017	327 997	1.72	1.78	1.79	1.79	1.77
75-79	230 030	227 799	233 400	243 799	255 497	1.30	1.28	1.29	1.33	1.38
80-84	158 295	167 169	172 430	176 603	178 825	0.90	0.94	0.95	0.96	0.96
85 and over	121 846	127 506	134 332	141 598	150 822	0.69	0.71	0.74	0.77	0.81
All ages	8 869 178	8 966 672	9 078 154	9 202 659	9 314 231	50.20	50.22	50.23	50.26	50.26

(a) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION(a), Age Groups—at 30 June *continued*

Age group (years)						PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL POPULATION.....				
	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%	%	%	%
PERSONS										
0-4	1 292 522	1 298 037	1 299 524	1 297 049	1 292 230	7.32	7.27	7.19	7.08	6.97
5-9	1 279 305	1 281 914	1 292 681	1 306 049	1 315 609	7.24	7.18	7.15	7.13	7.10
10-14	1 265 699	1 280 086	1 295 913	1 308 217	1 312 497	7.16	7.17	7.17	7.14	7.08
15-19	1 293 645	1 276 686	1 269 240	1 279 119	1 294 551	7.32	7.15	7.02	6.99	6.99
20-24	1 442 801	1 439 785	1 429 521	1 396 866	1 372 699	8.17	8.06	7.91	7.63	7.41
25-29	1 365 323	1 361 854	1 378 763	1 418 015	1 454 137	7.73	7.63	7.63	7.74	7.85
30-34	1 461 804	1 469 428	1 461 606	1 444 521	1 425 713	8.27	8.23	8.09	7.89	7.69
35-39	1 373 620	1 393 232	1 423 237	1 455 987	1 479 050	7.78	7.80	7.88	7.95	7.98
40-44	1 300 521	1 316 000	1 333 261	1 355 083	1 381 196	7.36	7.37	7.38	7.40	7.45
45-49	1 168 678	1 212 543	1 251 829	1 293 938	1 289 947	6.61	6.79	6.93	7.07	6.96
50-54	889 889	927 847	972 241	1 014 932	1 094 228	5.04	5.20	5.38	5.54	5.90
55-59	759 298	779 541	802 238	827 399	852 604	4.30	4.37	4.44	4.52	4.60
60-64	717 630	712 185	710 291	710 483	722 718	4.06	3.99	3.93	3.88	3.90
65-69	685 216	686 912	689 375	692 185	687 076	3.88	3.85	3.81	3.78	3.71
70-74	554 119	581 112	592 995	603 122	608 747	3.14	3.25	3.28	3.29	3.28
75-79	393 334	391 078	402 906	423 392	445 516	2.23	2.19	2.23	2.31	2.40
80-84	251 494	265 711	275 036	282 458	287 646	1.42	1.49	1.52	1.54	1.55
85 and over	172 195	180 787	191 101	201 899	216 083	0.97	1.01	1.06	1.10	1.17
All ages	17 667 093	17 854 738	18 071 758	18 310 714	18 532 247	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

(a) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION(a), Marital Status of Persons 15 Years and Over

	<i>Never married</i>	<i>Married</i>	<i>Widowed</i>	<i>Divorced</i>	<i>Total</i>
<i>At 30 June</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
MALES					
1991	2 243 043	3 940 205	165 230	323 900	6 672 378
1992	2 275 086	3 976 347	166 809	339 842	6 758 084
1993	2 300 401	4 004 610	168 248	356 257	6 829 516
1994	2 335 455	4 029 037	170 035	374 014	6 908 541
1995	2 376 361	4 059 136	171 626	393 097	7 000 220
1996	2 426 008	4 088 018	173 546	415 394	7 102 966
FEMALES					
1991	1 791 426	3 952 983	681 262	400 457	6 826 128
1992	1 820 814	3 983 551	694 368	421 510	6 920 243
1993	1 843 489	4 005 575	707 415	443 572	7 000 051
1994	1 874 447	4 024 013	720 404	467 296	7 086 160
1995	1 910 194	4 048 275	732 725	492 226	7 183 420
1996	1 956 858	4 073 644	745 527	520 404	7 296 433
PERSONS					
1991	4 034 469	7 893 188	846 492	724 357	13 498 506
1992	4 095 900	7 959 898	861 177	761 352	13 678 327
1993	4 143 890	8 010 185	875 663	799 829	13 829 567
1994	4 209 902	8 053 050	890 439	841 310	13 994 701
1995	4 286 555	8 107 411	904 351	885 323	14 183 640
1996	4 382 866	8 161 662	919 073	935 798	14 399 399

(a) Includes Other Territories from September
1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, Birthplace—at 30 June

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
MAJOR GROUPS						
Oceania and Antarctica	13 841 846	13 992 202	14 145 913	14 303 213	14 461 967	14 632 628
Europe and the former USSR	2 411 734	2 404 444	2 401 668	2 406 996	2 415 924	2 412 716
Middle East and North Africa	198 962	200 708	202 587	206 754	211 854	215 057
Southeast Asia	419 980	432 751	451 150	474 114	497 811	517 877
Northeast Asia	227 943	237 158	245 054	256 803	280 051	294 552
Southern Asia	128 309	133 736	139 729	149 041	159 643	168 176
The Americas	158 602	157 827	158 472	161 084	165 089	169 027
Africa (excluding North Africa)	107 288	108 267	110 165	113 753	118 375	122 214
Total	17 494 664	17 667 093	17 854 738	18 071 758	18 310 714	18 532 247

SELECTED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH						
Australia	13 466 289	13 613 188	13 761 117	13 907 667	14 052 061	14 209 636
Canada	25 829	25 774	26 050	26 529	27 426	28 541
Chile	27 316	26 837	26 491	26 287	26 217	26 162
China	95 554	98 802	102 249	107 249	121 145	130 278
Egypt	38 014	37 917	37 751	37 685	37 639	37 435
Fiji	35 580	36 199	37 180	38 673	40 487	41 939
Former USSR and Baltic States	46 265	48 789	50 359	52 509	54 116	54 738
Former Yugoslav Republics(a)	170 992	174 792	179 426	186 061	193 775	197 575
Germany	120 240	119 918	119 914	120 144	120 753	121 499
Greece	145 920	144 567	143 407	142 332	141 750	141 741
Hong Kong & Macao	71 056	73 758	74 725	76 596	79 224	78 728
India	70 708	73 075	75 607	79 985	84 770	89 923
Indonesia	36 523	37 778	39 681	43 089	47 736	52 788
Ireland	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	55 925	56 011
Italy	269 347	266 754	264 149	261 587	259 125	256 663
Lebanon	78 180	77 574	77 173	77 105	77 293	77 659
Malaysia	80 874	80 548	81 562	82 846	85 021	90 765
Malta	54 736	54 872	55 075	55 320	55 628	54 495
Netherlands	99 556	98 113	96 977	96 133	95 339	94 748
New Zealand	288 915	291 356	295 866	304 215	315 054	325 459
Philippines	85 153	88 637	93 176	98 289	102 675	104 652
Poland	70 425	70 422	70 515	70 807	70 891	70 010
Singapore	26 163	26 308	27 170	29 003	31 393	35 804
South Africa	55 953	56 025	56 991	58 843	61 371	64 291
Sri Lanka	43 188	44 821	46 597	49 111	51 960	53 300
Turkey	31 726	31 332	31 325	31 526	31 904	32 045
United Kingdom(b)	1 238 605	1 229 645	1 223 463	1 220 912	1 164 088	1 158 133
United States of America	49 805	49 522	50 156	51 870	54 296	56 584
Viet Nam	135 891	142 916	150 425	157 848	164 164	165 398

(a) See Former Yugoslav Republics in Glossary.

(b) Includes Ireland prior to 1996.

EXPERIMENTAL ESTIMATED RESIDENT AUSTRALIAN INDIGENOUS POPULATION

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia(a)
At 30 June	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
MALES									
1991	48 099	9 982	45 851	9 748	25 125	6 801	23 282	1 281	170 267
1992	49 213	10 200	46 891	9 921	25 621	6 954	23 784	1 327	174 011
1993	50 389	10 422	47 990	10 123	26 128	7 115	24 276	1 375	177 920
1994	51 581	10 652	49 113	10 342	26 654	7 276	24 773	1 423	181 918
1995	52 802	10 894	50 274	10 572	27 219	7 444	25 291	1 472	186 075
1996	54 103	11 149	51 525	10 810	27 794	7 620	25 836	1 522	190 468
FEMALES									
1991	49 685	10 277	47 340	10 061	25 766	6 982	23 592	1 333	175 114
1992	50 814	10 478	48 450	10 283	26 238	7 104	24 066	1 372	178 886
1993	51 986	10 705	49 600	10 510	26 745	7 236	24 541	1 410	182 816
1994	53 218	10 934	50 771	10 741	27 256	7 378	25 015	1 449	186 847
1995	54 482	11 179	51 983	10 985	27 812	7 531	25 520	1 492	191 071
1996	55 822	11 449	53 292	11 241	28 411	7 702	26 040	1 536	195 581
PERSONS									
1991	97 784	20 259	93 191	19 809	50 891	13 783	46 874	2 614	345 381
1992	100 027	20 678	95 341	20 204	51 859	14 058	47 850	2 699	352 897
1993	102 375	21 127	97 590	20 633	52 873	14 351	48 817	2 785	360 736
1994	104 799	21 586	99 884	21 083	53 910	14 654	49 788	2 872	368 765
1995	107 284	22 073	102 257	21 557	55 031	14 975	50 811	2 964	377 146
1996	109 925	22 598	104 817	22 051	56 205	15 322	51 876	3 058	386 049

(a) Includes Jervis Bay Territory.

BIRTHS AND TOTAL FERTILITY RATES

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
NUMBER OF BIRTHS									
1991-92	89 108	64 822	45 589	19 655	24 880	6 920	3 698	4 514	259 186
1992-93	89 232	64 963	46 297	19 819	24 741	6 814	3 594	4 499	259 959
1993-94	87 829	64 203	46 896	19 381	24 990	6 870	3 661	4 440	258 314
1994-95	87 463	63 617	47 502	19 475	25 104	6 812	3 710	4 473	258 210
1995-96	84 816	61 324	46 555	18 839	24 614	6 377	3 596	4 275	250 438
1996-97	87 035	61 187	47 110	18 883	24 837	6 223	3 650	4 378	253 350
1992	90 239	65 560	46 369	19 752	25 031	6 996	3 726	4 431	262 104
1993	88 142	64 137	46 898	19 608	24 933	6 816	3 647	4 420	258 626
1994	87 916	64 119	47 037	19 425	24 929	6 883	3 593	4 481	258 426
1995	86 390	62 584	47 166	19 219	24 817	6 560	3 726	4 424	254 942
1996	85 962	60 751	46 430	18 949	24 742	6 236	3 624	4 259	251 000
1997	87 608	61 921	46 938	18 349	24 856	6 023	3 576	4 362	253 673
1996									
March	20 831	15 289	11 655	4 731	6 177	1 593	913	1 039	62 238
June	20 882	14 930	11 664	4 655	6 298	1 490	928	1 047	61 900
September	22 620	15 545	12 582	4 843	6 201	1 607	1 017	1 107	65 535
December	21 629	14 987	10 529	4 720	6 066	1 546	766	1 066	61 327
1997									
March	20 802	15 012	12 123	4 363	6 298	1 524	871	1 041	62 040
June	21 984	15 643	11 876	4 957	6 272	1 546	996	1 164	64 448
September	21 709	15 671	12 537	4 542	6 164	1 563	857	890	63 947
December	23 113	15 595	10 402	4 487	6 122	1 390	852	1 267	63 238
TOTAL FERTILITY RATES									
1992	1.924	1.813	1.934	1.742	1.873	1.949	2.374	1.720	1.878
1993	1.884	1.782	1.915	1.745	1.868	1.915	2.313	1.697	1.852
1994	1.877	1.793	1.885	1.747	1.859	1.958	2.281	1.717	1.848
1995	1.836	1.754	1.855	1.749	1.833	1.889	2.332	1.689	1.816
1996	1.828	1.707	1.851	1.756	1.815	1.890	2.190	1.671	1.797
1997	1.832	1.678	1.800	1.702	1.789	1.799	2.170	1.599	1.772

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

DEATHS AND STANDARDISED DEATH RATES

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory(a)	Australia(b)
NUMBER OF DEATHS									
1991-92	43 579	31 304	19 748	11 060	9 610	3 694	772	1 069	120 836
1992-93	43 059	31 284	20 232	11 351	9 937	3 676	737	1 062	121 338
1993-94	43 597	31 627	20 716	11 375	10 491	3 754	781	1 150	123 496
1994-95	44 776	32 271	21 455	11 522	10 310	3 836	828	1 223	126 232
1995-96	44 464	32 827	21 265	11 339	10 661	3 856	767	1 213	126 400
1996-97	44 694	32 876	22 010	11 625	10 557	3 781	769	1 273	127 592
1992	43 993	31 743	20 437	11 239	9 986	3 742	758	1 046	122 944
1993	42 507	31 122	20 060	11 326	10 289	3 632	750	1 115	120 804
1994	45 134	32 335	21 677	11 624	10 280	3 909	792	1 222	126 982
1995	44 432	32 393	20 887	11 288	10 403	3 749	799	1 146	125 105
1996	45 315	32 901	21 893	11 602	10 991	3 803	763	1 287	128 565
1997	45 667	32 943	21 948	11 580	10 815	3 783	877	1 328	128 944
1996									
March	9 947	7 624	5 002	2 519	2 478	880	195	280	28 925
June	11 045	8 211	5 317	2 875	2 723	979	197	362	31 713
September	13 833	9 214	6 681	3 268	3 093	1 039	195	360	37 685
December	10 490	7 852	4 893	2 940	2 697	905	176	285	30 242
1997									
March	9 397	7 434	5 149	2 483	2 345	864	200	313	28 185
June	10 974	8 376	5 287	2 934	2 422	973	198	315	31 480
September	14 101	9 225	6 363	3 220	3 229	1 095	283	384	37 902
December	11 195	7 908	5 149	2 943	2 819	851	196	316	31 377
STANDARDISED DEATH RATES									
1992	7.2	6.8	6.9	6.6	6.5	7.6	10.9	6.0	6.9
1993	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.8	6.6	7.2	10.1	5.9	6.6
1994	6.8	6.6	6.8	6.7	6.4	7.6	10.5	6.3	6.7
1995	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.2	7.1	9.9	5.4	6.4
1996	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.3	6.4	7.1	8.6	6.1	6.4
1997	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.8	9.6	6.0	6.2

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

INFANT DEATHS AND INFANT MORTALITY RATES

<i>Period</i>	<i>New South Wales</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>Queensland</i>	<i>South Australia</i>	<i>Western Australia</i>	<i>Tasmania</i>	<i>Northern Territory</i>	<i>Australian Capital Territory(a)</i>	<i>Australia(b)</i>
NUMBER OF INFANT DEATHS									
1991-92	622	361	352	82	165	44	47	29	1 702
1992-93	616	367	344	124	153	46	58	27	1 735
1993-94	527	312	285	93	154	39	48	16	1 474
1994-95	508	315	312	107	137	48	49	20	1 496
1995-96	499	325	301	93	140	36	47	27	1 468
1996-97	489	277	280	98	135	26	29	19	1 353
1992	635	366	362	119	173	50	55	29	1 789
1993	547	313	331	105	145	35	50	20	1 546
1994	557	324	292	86	151	50	44	17	1 521
1995	486	315	283	110	133	38	43	24	1 432
1996	522	316	305	93	143	28	46	24	1 477
1997	452	302	272	88	129	34	46	16	1 339
1996									
March	115	87	75	20	34	8	13	5	357
June	129	84	87	23	33	9	20	9	394
September	157	68	76	29	38	8	12	6	394
December	121	77	67	21	38	3	1	4	332
1997									
March	93	70	80	17	31	6	8	5	310
June	118	62	57	31	28	9	8	4	317
September	120	63	71	20	28	12	17	4	335
December	121	107	64	20	42	7	13	3	377
INFANT MORTALITY RATES									
1992	7.0	5.6	7.8	6.0	6.9	7.1	14.8	6.5	6.8
1993	6.2	4.9	7.1	5.4	5.8	5.1	13.7	4.5	6.0
1994	6.3	5.1	6.2	4.4	6.1	7.3	12.2	3.8	5.9
1995	5.6	5.0	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.8	11.5	5.4	5.6
1996	6.1	5.2	6.6	4.9	5.8	4.5	12.7	5.6	5.9
1997	5.2	4.9	5.8	4.8	5.2	5.6	12.9	3.7	5.3

(a) Excludes Jervis Bay Territory from September 1993.

(b) Includes Other Territories from September 1993—see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

MARRIAGES AND CRUDE MARRIAGE RATES

STATE OR TERRITORY OF REGISTRATION.....

<i>Period</i>	<i>New South Wales</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>Queensland</i>	<i>South Australia</i>	<i>Western Australia</i>	<i>Tasmania</i>	<i>Northern Territory</i>	<i>Australian Capital Territory</i>	<i>Australia</i>
NUMBER OF MARRIAGES									
1991-92	39 519	28 567	19 984	9 376	10 241	3 097	855	1 879	113 518
1992-93	39 915	27 943	20 428	9 458	10 214	3 054	893	1 802	113 707
1993-94	37 707	27 316	20 997	8 915	10 316	2 957	780	1 728	110 716
1994-95	39 513	26 831	20 425	8 648	10 381	2 881	728	1 715	111 122
1995-96	37 361	26 117	20 876	8 211	10 178	2 753	811	1 793	108 100
1996-97	37 610	25 664	20 820	8 003	10 372	2 503	797	1 771	107 540
1992	40 734	28 429	20 316	9 423	10 118	3 081	860	1 791	114 752
1993	39 993	27 418	20 704	9 114	10 382	3 055	806	1 783	113 255
1994	38 814	26 974	20 798	8 909	10 366	2 887	765	1 661	111 174
1995	37 828	26 607	20 610	8 547	10 404	2 840	797	1 753	109 386
1996	35 716	26 074	20 913	8 011	10 294	2 654	787	1 654	106 103
1997	36 668	25 453	20 858	7 945	10 456	2 668	780	1 873	106 701
1996									
March	10 174	8 371	4 325	2 095	2 939	858	116	519	29 397
June	8 762	6 140	5 522	2 099	2 449	789	220	485	26 466
September	6 988	3 840	5 382	1 317	1 458	349	322	230	19 886
December	9 792	7 723	5 684	2 500	3 448	658	129	420	30 354
1997									
March	9 398	8 102	4 385	2 436	2 904	896	178	685	28 984
June	11 432	5 999	5 369	1 750	2 562	600	168	436	28 316
September	6 909	3 814	5 241	1 079	1 458	554	261	212	19 528
December	8 929	7 538	5 863	2 680	3 532	618	173	540	29 873
CRUDE MARRIAGE RATES									
1992	6.8	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.6	5.1	6.1	6.6
1993	6.7	6.1	6.7	6.2	6.2	6.5	4.7	6.0	6.4
1994	6.4	6.0	6.5	6.1	6.1	6.1	4.4	5.5	6.2
1995	6.2	5.9	6.3	5.8	6.0	6.0	4.5	5.8	6.1
1996	5.8	5.7	6.3	5.4	5.8	5.6	4.3	5.4	5.8
1997	5.8	5.5	6.1	5.4	5.8	5.6	4.2	6.0	5.8

DIVORCES AND CRUDE DIVORCE RATES

STATE OR TERRITORY OF REGISTRATION.....

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
DIVORCES									
1991-92	13 042	11 511	8 861	4 174	4 575	1 540	429	1 941	46 073
1992-93	14 796	10 371	9 516	4 009	4 385	1 386	357	1 953	46 773
1993-94	14 198	10 914	9 717	4 134	4 934	1 454	403	2 049	47 803
1994-95	14 147	11 602	10 061	4 252	4 930	1 443	433	1 990	48 858
1995-96	15 974	12 002	10 837	4 236	5 195	1 568	444	1 623	51 879
1996-97	15 667	13 045	11 161	4 362	4 931	1 351	473	1 668	52 658
1992	13 949	10 533	8 984	4 074	4 540	1 365	409	1 875	45 729
1993	14 753	11 050	9 935	4 063	4 654	1 465	382	2 061	48 363
1994	13 999	11 320	9 762	4 192	5 024	1 544	400	2 071	48 312
1995	14 945	11 838	10 192	4 199	5 040	1 279	432	1 787	49 712
1996	15 984	12 491	10 996	4 358	4 959	1 582	486	1 610	52 466
1997	14 655	12 463	11 744	4 115	5 046	1 321	416	1 526	51 286
1996									
March	3 622	2 672	2 784	925	1 231	399	110	336	12 079
June	4 022	2 891	2 587	1 094	1 163	485	111	395	12 748
September	4 002	3 530	2 721	1 080	1 294	338	125	383	13 473
December	4 338	3 398	2 904	1 259	1 271	360	140	496	14 166
1997									
March	3 599	2 809	2 680	1 018	1 233	306	109	406	12 160
June	3 728	3 308	2 856	1 005	1 133	347	99	383	12 859
September	3 636	3 164	3 248	1 034	1 360	330	109	385	13 266
December	3 692	3 182	2 960	1 058	1 320	338	99	352	13 001

CRUDE DIVORCE RATE

1992	2.3	2.4	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.4	(a)	2.6
1993	2.5	2.5	3.2	2.8	2.8	3.1	2.2	(a)	2.7
1994	2.3	2.5	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.3	2.3	(a)	2.7
1995	2.4	2.6	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.4	(a)	2.8
1996	2.6	2.7	3.3	3.0	2.8	3.3	2.7	(a)	2.9
1997	2.3	2.7	3.5	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.2	(a)	2.8

(a) Many divorces registered in the Australian Capital Territory involve applicants normally resident in areas surrounding the Australian Capital Territory.

COMPONENTS OF NET OVERSEAS MIGRATION

Period	PERMANENT.....			LONG-TERM.....			Category jumping	Net overseas migration
	Arrivals	Departures	Net	Arrivals	Departures	Net		
1991-92	107 391	29 115	78 276	126 815	115 191	11 624	-21 308	68 580
1992-93	76 330	27 905	48 425	127 436	113 190	14 246	-32 629	30 042
1993-94	69 768	27 280	42 488	137 600	112 707	24 893	-20 832	46 549
1994-95	87 428	26 948	60 480	151 095	118 533	32 562	-12 917	80 125
1995-96	99 139	28 670	70 469	163 578	124 386	39 192	-5 524	104 137
1996-97	85 755	29 857	55 898	175 249	136 748	38 501	1 379	95 775
1992	94 246	28 133	66 113	126 208	115 531	10 677	-25 436	51 358
1993	65 675	28 074	37 601	132 257	112 352	19 905	-22 684	34 822
1994	77 937	27 020	50 917	143 976	114 656	29 320	-24 731	55 506
1995	96 969	27 873	69 096	156 966	121 489	35 477	2 291	106 864
1996	92 506	28 479	64 027	168 830	129 784	39 046	-4 243	98 827
1997	78 229	30 343	47 886	181 988	146 220	35 768	48	83 702
1996								
March	26 027	7 855	18 172	56 639	35 192	21 447	-14 477	25 142
June	20 805	6 573	14 232	29 098	27 607	1 491	4 916	20 639
September	22 687	6 834	15 853	41 665	29 857	11 808	554	28 212
December	22 987	7 217	15 770	41 428	37 128	4 300	4 764	24 834
1997								
March	21 276	8 247	13 029	61 440	38 391	23 049	-4 835	31 243
June	18 805	7 559	11 246	30 716	31 372	- 656	896	11 486
September	19 226	7 338	11 888	45 889	34 835	11 054	7 413	30 355
December	18 922	7 199	11 723	43 943	41 622	2 321	-3 426	10 618

CATEGORIES OF OVERSEAS ARRIVALS

Period	LONG-TERM.....				SHORT-TERM.....		
	Permanent (settler) no.	Residents no.	Visitors no.	Total permanent and long-term no.	Residents no.	Visitors no.	Total no.
1991-92	107 391	62 940	63 875	234 206	2 072 521	2 519 712	4 826 439
1992-93	76 330	69 594	57 842	203 766	2 218 480	2 785 597	5 207 843
1993-94	69 768	75 600	62 000	207 368	2 245 559	3 168 961	5 621 888
1994-95	87 428	79 063	72 032	238 523	2 386 962	3 535 265	6 160 750
1995-96	99 139	79 206	84 372	262 717	2 569 343	3 966 161	6 798 221
1996-97	85 751	80 170	95 079	261 000	2 786 044	4 252 654	7 299 798
1992	94 246	66 157	60 051	220 454	2 166 479	2 603 267	4 990 201
1993	65 675	73 428	58 829	197 932	2 215 152	2 996 214	5 409 298
1994	77 937	78 064	65 912	221 913	2 302 549	3 361 721	5 886 183
1995	96 969	78 794	78 172	253 935	2 470 835	3 725 825	6 450 596
1996	92 506	80 004	88 826	261 336	2 695 534	4 164 826	7 121 696
1997	78 229	81 797	100 191	260 217	2 897 197	4 317 869	7 475 283
1996							
March	26 027	19 583	37 056	82 666	683 198	1 075 453	1 841 317
June	20 805	15 477	13 621	49 903	588 751	901 644	1 540 298
September	22 683	18 328	23 337	64 348	738 667	996 623	1 799 638
December	22 987	26 616	14 812	64 415	684 919	1 191 105	1 940 439
1997							
March	21 276	20 105	41 335	82 716	733 801	1 141 755	1 958 271
June	18 805	15 121	15 595	49 521	628 657	923 172	1 601 350
September	19 226	19 231	26 658	65 115	799 854	1 058 726	1 923 695
December	18 922	27 340	16 603	62 865	734 885	1 194 216	1 991 967

CATEGORIES OF OVERSEAS DEPARTURES

Period	PERMANENT.....			LONG-TERM.....		Total permanent and long-term	SHORT-TERM.....		Total
	Former settlers	Other residents	Total	Residents	Visitors		Residents	Visitors	
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
1991-92	15 179	13 943	29 122	67 191	47 971	144 284	2 173 453	2 473 680	4 791 417
1992-93	13 347	14 558	27 905	65 446	47 744	141 095	2 299 504	2 730 679	5 171 278
1993-94	12 869	14 411	27 280	64 786	47 921	139 987	2 303 964	3 118 933	5 562 884
1994-95	12 472	14 476	26 948	68 377	50 156	145 481	2 421 983	3 486 364	6 053 827
1995-96	13 313	15 357	28 670	70 253	54 133	153 056	2 624 359	3 910 129	6 687 544
1996-97	13 766	16 091	29 857	73 777	62 971	166 605	2 837 207	4 217 015	7 220 827
1992	14 044	14 091	28 135	66 984	48 540	143 659	2 276 265	2 533 479	4 953 402
1993	13 278	14 796	28 074	64 301	48 051	140 426	2 267 073	2 931 009	5 338 508
1994	12 744	14 276	27 020	66 365	48 291	141 676	2 354 310	3 314 209	5 810 195
1995	12 833	15 040	27 873	69 083	52 406	149 362	2 518 625	3 676 843	6 344 830
1996	13 152	15 327	28 479	70 964	58 820	158 263	2 731 963	4 110 846	7 001 072
1997	14 027	16 316	30 343	77 181	69 039	176 563	2 932 754	4 281 172	7 390 489
1996									
March	3 395	4 460	7 855	22 647	12 545	43 047	578 894	1 117 315	1 739 256
June	3 150	3 423	6 573	16 036	11 571	34 180	685 063	941 062	1 660 305
September	3 147	3 687	6 834	17 034	12 823	36 691	740 771	982 888	1 760 350
December	3 460	3 757	7 217	15 247	21 881	44 345	727 236	1 069 581	1 841 161
1997									
March	3 635	4 612	8 247	24 040	14 351	46 638	625 072	1 190 552	1 862 262
June	3 524	4 035	7 559	17 456	13 916	38 931	744 129	973 995	1 757 054
September	3 329	4 009	7 338	19 002	15 833	42 173	793 489	1 032 401	1 868 063
December	3 539	3 660	7 199	16 683	24 939	48 821	770 065	1 084 224	1 903 109

PERMANENT (SETTLER) ARRIVALS, Birthplace

QUARTER ENDED.....

Birthplace	1995-96	1996-97	1996	1997	Sep 1996	Dec 1996	Mar 1997	Jun 1997	Sep 1997	Dec 1997
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
MAJOR GROUPS										
Oceania and Antarctica	16 225	16 761	16 282	17 362	3 774	3 819	4 944	4 224	3 937	4 257
Europe and the former USSR	26 463	22 167	25 090	19 249	6 167	6 501	4 880	4 619	4 799	4 951
Middle East and North Africa	7 608	6 225	6 328	5 815	1 666	1 649	1 560	1 350	1 517	1 388
Southeast Asia	13 147	11 357	11 850	10 083	2 872	3 303	2 548	2 634	2 464	2 437
Northeast Asia	18 668	15 125	18 226	11 839	4 672	3 857	3 838	2 758	2 884	2 359
Southern Asia	7 709	5 602	6 236	5 386	1 453	1 610	1 281	1 258	1 498	1 349
The Americas	3 823	3 457	3 682	2 975	1 010	960	833	654	806	682
Africa (excluding North Africa)	5 444	5 014	4 778	5 483	1 064	1 280	1 378	1 292	1 318	1 495
Other and not stated	52	43	30	37	6	7	14	16	3	4
Total	99 139	85 751	92 502	78 229	22 684	22 986	21 276	18 805	19 226	18 922

SELECTED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH

Australia	550	374	455	339	110	93	89	82	84	84
Canada	866	878	880	813	239	262	207	170	217	219
Chile	263	161	229	114	55	49	28	29	37	20
China	11 247	7 761	10 751	5 308	2 557	2 175	1 720	1 309	1 268	1 011
Egypt	504	414	471	360	111	142	75	86	111	88
Fiji	1 714	1 662	1 726	1 363	522	325	423	392	261	287
Former USSR and Baltic States	1 681	1 805	1 816	1 324	420	624	392	369	267	296
Former Yugoslav Republics(a)	7 703	5 262	6 870	4 356	1 726	1 303	1 007	1 226	1 269	854
Germany	935	837	879	773	229	240	214	154	206	199
Greece	281	270	261	225	62	85	71	52	31	71
Hong Kong & Macao	4 485	3 991	4 244	3 541	1 184	956	1 180	671	862	828
India	3 700	2 681	2 904	2 771	664	753	635	629	778	729
Indonesia	1 793	1 750	1 773	1 725	417	519	423	391	416	495
Malaysia	1 081	1 056	1 082	996	267	276	223	290	241	242
Malta	66	41	54	28	20	11	3	7	8	10
Netherlands	408	420	427	366	140	109	101	70	79	116
New Zealand	12 265	13 072	12 432	13 954	2 734	3 018	3 983	3 337	3 223	3 411
Philippines	3 232	2 808	2 755	2 880	562	790	611	845	710	714
Poland	617	509	581	398	176	136	98	99	93	108
Singapore	841	925	911	765	256	256	222	191	143	209
South Africa	3 190	3 211	2 945	3 709	659	781	931	840	928	1 010
Sri Lanka	1 951	1 415	1 471	1 357	362	394	322	337	384	314
Turkey	803	741	754	742	171	209	206	155	185	196
United Kingdom	11 268	9 674	10 802	9 009	2 472	3 020	2 182	2 000	2 196	2 631
United States of America	1 625	1 530	1 591	1 365	432	430	377	291	395	302
Viet Nam	3 567	2 966	3 020	2 310	782	964	624	596	558	532

(a) See Former Yugoslav Republics in Glossary.

PERMANENT DEPARTURES, Birthplace

QUARTER ENDED.....

	1995-96	1996-97	1996	1997	Sep 1996	Dec 1996	Mar 1997	Jun 1997	Sep 1997	Dec 1997
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
MAJOR GROUPS										
Oceania and Antarctica	17 540	17 974	17 208	18 149	4 014	4 378	5 198	4 384	4 342	4 225
Europe and the former USSR	6 099	6 303	6 123	6 300	1 515	1 423	1 622	1 743	1 529	1 406
Middle East and North Africa	483	579	507	610	151	110	150	168	153	139
Southeast Asia	1 027	1 090	998	1 181	227	297	273	293	287	328
Northeast Asia	1 987	2 236	2 064	2 443	536	581	573	546	633	691
Southern Asia	182	261	213	272	58	73	59	71	62	80
The Americas	1 109	1 130	1 089	1 121	275	276	297	282	272	270
Africa (excluding North Africa)	241	281	275	263	58	78	73	72	58	60
Other and not stated	1	2	1	4	0	0	2	0	2	0
Total	28 669	29 856	28 479	30 343	6 834	7 217	8 247	7 559	7 338	7 199

SELECTED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH

Australia	11 005	11 698	11 125	12 027	2 713	2 590	3 432	2 963	3 028	2 604
Canada	297	266	294	261	66	64	72	64	56	69
Chile	109	99	89	94	18	27	31	23	17	23
China	760	798	768	960	178	220	206	194	255	305
Egypt	54	48	44	60	7	11	14	16	10	20
Fiji	62	102	93	101	23	29	19	31	25	26
Former USSR and Baltic States	45	60	51	55	13	12	9	26	16	4
Former Yugoslav Republics(a)	421	416	412	494	89	59	92	176	134	92
Germany	183	179	188	174	36	48	51	44	45	34
Greece	214	232	221	227	63	39	55	75	55	42
Hong Kong & Macao	804	980	854	1 020	242	238	250	250	252	268
India	117	147	134	152	32	48	27	40	36	49
Indonesia	122	151	114	203	35	29	37	50	45	71
Malaysia	195	190	172	200	35	55	53	47	54	46
Malta	114	106	100	108	23	22	36	25	25	22
Netherlands	124	123	121	121	33	29	29	32	33	27
New Zealand	6 077	5 734	5 607	5 566	1 189	1 633	1 618	1 294	1 185	1 469
Philippines	180	207	167	219	41	54	45	67	63	44
Poland	98	113	103	104	30	24	16	43	29	16
Singapore	85	95	98	79	20	32	27	16	19	17
South Africa	118	136	137	139	28	40	34	34	40	31
Sri Lanka	41	64	44	56	15	14	22	13	7	14
Turkey	55	76	67	86	19	13	18	26	23	19
United Kingdom	3 616	3 737	3 623	3 733	888	877	1 004	968	852	909
United States of America	531	587	554	585	153	141	138	155	160	132
Viet Nam	265	308	296	327	71	88	74	75	69	109

(a) See Former Yugoslav Republics in Glossary.

NET PERMANENT AND LONG-TERM OVERSEAS MOVEMENT(a)

<i>Period</i>	<i>New South Wales</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>Queensland</i>	<i>South Australia</i>	<i>Western Australia</i>	<i>Tasmania</i>	<i>Northern Territory</i>	<i>Australian Capital Territory</i>	<i>Not stated</i>	<i>Australia</i>
<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
1991-92	39 086	22 840	10 874	3 735	9 661	184	261	461	2 786	89 888
1992-93	25 793	15 265	8 309	3 026	8 012	385	265	186	1 430	62 671
1993-94	30 687	15 374	8 271	2 931	9 165	388	340	64	161	67 381
1994-95	41 126	22 514	12 324	3 542	12 058	470	535	495	0	93 042
1995-96	50 051	27 207	13 823	3 958	13 044	474	597	550	0	109 661
1996-97	40 168	22 783	13 840	3 431	13 181	320	593	101	0	94 396
1992	33 059	19 575	9 612	3 216	8 397	242	232	353	2 108	76 794
1993	24 953	12 976	7 498	2 870	8 064	315	251	-78	657	57 506
1994	35 987	18 976	10 283	3 026	10 893	455	498	119	0	80 237
1995	46 909	25 859	13 315	3 855	12 833	422	639	777	0	104 573
1996	46 446	24 978	13 427	3 790	13 037	535	594	297	0	103 070
1997	34 220	19 832	13 661	3 333	12 153	91	501	-124	0	83 654
1996										
September	12 058	6 729	4 078	880	3 432	130	280	74	0	27 658
December	9 780	4 498	2 048	789	2 972	88	72	-175	0	20 070
1997										
March	13 764	9 629	5 581	1 450	5 120	90	168	285	0	36 078
June	4 566	1 927	2 133	312	1 657	12	73	-83	0	10 590
September	9 222	5 593	4 116	813	3 021	-20	262	-79	0	22 942
December	6 668	2 683	1 831	758	2 355	9	-2	-247	0	14 044

(a) Excludes category jumping.

CATEGORY JUMPING

Period	Australian residents	Overseas visitors	Net
	no.	no.	no.
1991-92	72 731	51 423	-21 308
1992-93	76 751	44 122	-32 629
1993-94	41 178	20 346	-20 832
1994-95	24 395	11 478	-12 917
1995-96	19 820	14 296	-5 524
1996-97	25 986	27 365	1 379
1992	84 494	59 058	-25 436
1993	51 301	28 617	-22 684
1994	41 663	16 932	-24 731
1995	18 359	20 650	2 291
1996	14 969	10 726	-4 243
1997	27 766	27 814	48
1996			
March	13 250	-1 227	-14 477
June	-4 295	621	4 916
September	6 014	6 568	554
December	0	4 764	4 764
1997			
March	16 252	11 417	-4 835
June	3 720	4 616	896
September	3 174	10 587	7 413
December	4 620	1 194	-3 426

INTERSTATE MIGRATION

STATE OR TERRITORY OF DEPARTURE.....

	<i>New South Wales</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>Queensland</i>	<i>South Australia</i>	<i>Western Australia</i>	<i>Tasmania</i>	<i>Northern Territory</i>	<i>Australian Capital Territory</i>	<i>Total</i>
<i>Period</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
ARRIVALS IN NEW SOUTH WALES									
1991-92	0	23 856	32 289	6 945	7 235	2 414	2 480	9 619	84 838
1992-93	0	26 219	36 369	6 652	7 071	2 756	2 773	9 598	91 438
1993-94	0	23 262	31 242	6 268	5 649	2 260	2 478	9 213	80 372
1994-95	0	23 960	35 062	6 542	6 798	2 453	2 511	10 645	87 971
1995-96	0	20 847	33 754	6 310	7 057	2 630	2 512	9 759	82 869
1996-97	0	21 286	39 114	6 918	7 474	2 827	2 825	11 140	91 584
1996									
March	0	5 745	10 328	1 861	2 283	798	825	2 833	24 673
June	0	5 161	8 702	1 589	1 744	677	712	2 351	20 936
September	0	5 324	9 359	1 516	1 926	595	551	2 603	21 874
December	0	4 583	8 112	1 570	1 582	611	657	2 401	19 516
1997									
March	0	6 206	11 454	2 151	2 338	934	984	2 989	27 056
June	0	5 173	10 189	1 681	1 628	687	633	3 147	23 138
September	0	5 311	9 913	1 815	1 803	727	792	2 869	23 230
December	0	4 167	8 151	1 467	1 314	547	789	2 722	19 157
1998									
March	0	6 285	11 335	1 827	2 061	922	1 164	3 341	26 935

ARRIVALS IN VICTORIA

1991-92	19 379	0	13 704	6 669	5 631	2 904	2 160	1 937	52 384
1992-93	20 932	0	14 031	8 227	5 863	3 336	1 966	2 511	56 866
1993-94	17 254	0	12 080	6 248	4 953	2 846	1 879	1 710	46 970
1994-95	19 817	0	15 188	6 968	5 279	3 182	2 061	2 292	54 787
1995-96	19 321	0	16 148	7 851	5 560	3 323	2 050	2 011	56 264
1996-97	21 306	0	18 885	8 430	6 520	3 305	2 063	2 420	62 929
1996									
March	5 676	0	5 065	2 217	1 716	872	698	686	16 930
June	4 657	0	3 979	1 859	1 411	808	560	503	13 777
September	5 483	0	4 314	2 104	1 501	784	428	580	15 194
December	4 281	0	4 117	1 794	1 302	680	381	533	13 088
1997									
March	5 912	0	5 568	2 516	2 130	971	775	802	18 674
June	5 630	0	4 886	2 016	1 587	870	479	505	15 973
September	5 120	0	3 781	2 198	1 583	716	609	519	14 526
December	4 747	0	4 043	2 037	1 498	894	481	437	14 137
1998									
March	6 623	0	5 650	2 801	2 068	1 239	841	984	20 206

STATE OR TERRITORY OF DEPARTURE.....

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Total
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
ARRIVALS IN QUEENSLAND									
1991-92	49 810	23 825	0	6 509	6 270	3 012	5 400	3 552	98 378
1992-93	56 956	32 080	0	7 983	8 316	3 741	5 854	4 037	118 967
1993-94	48 392	30 142	0	8 199	7 318	3 656	5 620	3 733	107 060
1994-95	52 123	30 005	0	8 818	7 397	4 066	6 001	3 851	112 261
1995-96	49 190	25 944	0	8 684	7 916	3 971	5 512	4 645	105 862
1996-97	52 123	25 858	0	7 503	7 501	4 471	6 220	4 166	107 842
1996									
March	15 099	7 462	0	2 618	2 341	1 246	1 771	1 670	32 207
June	11 769	6 066	0	1 821	1 810	800	1 255	899	24 420
September	13 053	6 914	0	2 064	1 970	984	1 498	929	27 412
December	12 187	6 048	0	1 577	1 633	1 074	1 445	979	24 943
1997									
March	14 640	7 197	0	2 278	2 064	1 241	1 774	1 286	30 480
June	12 243	5 699	0	1 584	1 834	1 172	1 503	972	25 007
September	12 101	5 396	0	1 641	1 968	1 281	1 482	1 017	24 886
December	11 781	5 105	0	1 760	1 924	1 100	1 553	773	23 996
1998									
March	15 581	6 925	0	2 111	2 281	1 083	2 018	1 298	31 297

ARRIVALS IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1991-92	6 733	7 740	4 622	0	2 811	874	3 050	916	26 746
1992-93	6 655	7 530	4 318	0	3 124	838	3 020	637	26 122
1993-94	5 816	7 331	4 243	0	2 508	878	3 061	908	24 745
1994-95	5 660	7 297	4 840	0	2 526	752	2 730	727	24 532
1995-96	5 947	7 015	5 414	0	2 957	848	2 898	754	25 833
1996-97	6 386	6 888	6 014	0	3 037	961	3 958	678	27 922
1996									
March	1 955	1 983	1 688	0	887	298	967	215	7 993
June	1 516	1 825	1 436	0	741	215	726	181	6 640
September	1 594	1 682	1 439	0	628	203	908	147	6 601
December	1 279	1 415	1 234	0	600	226	889	131	5 774
1997									
March	1 823	2 017	1 787	0	1 028	318	1 220	240	8 433
June	1 690	1 774	1 554	0	781	214	941	160	7 114
September	1 685	1 840	1 514	0	738	295	800	198	7 070
December	1 623	1 414	1 275	0	628	194	1 013	146	6 293
1998									
March	1 741	1 945	1 615	0	979	205	1 043	197	7 725

INTERSTATE MIGRATION *continued*

STATE OR TERRITORY OF DEPARTURE.....

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Total
<i>Period</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
ARRIVALS IN WESTERN AUSTRALIA									
1991-92	6 969	6 594	4 761	2 620	0	1 024	2 396	861	25 225
1992-93	7 724	7 342	5 526	3 415	0	1 298	3 381	948	29 634
1993-94	7 107	7 035	5 927	3 360	0	1 371	2 661	1 005	28 466
1994-95	7 712	7 399	6 779	3 813	0	1 632	3 551	1 018	31 904
1995-96	8 517	7 297	7 610	4 073	0	1 652	2 728	951	32 828
1996-97	9 099	7 676	8 397	4 135	0	1 949	2 846	1 046	35 148
1996									
March	2 736	2 371	2 281	1 180	0	508	833	295	10 204
June	1 993	1 733	2 068	1 067	0	378	760	238	8 237
September	2 163	1 815	2 156	978	0	559	805	171	8 647
December	2 052	1 829	1 782	984	0	508	700	230	8 085
1997									
March	2 300	2 114	2 257	1 072	0	516	644	329	9 232
June	2 584	1 918	2 202	1 101	0	366	697	316	9 184
September	1 765	1 765	2 063	828	0	502	612	148	7 683
December	1 670	1 556	1 718	660	0	409	633	215	6 861
1998									
March	2 653	2 041	2 228	1 065	0	467	761	341	9 556

ARRIVALS IN TASMANIA

1991-92	2 820	3 157	2 221	868	936	0	297	344	10 643
1992-93	2 667	3 390	2 425	915	1 046	0	447	261	11 151
1993-94	2 307	2 956	2 070	738	935	0	321	220	9 547
1994-95	2 283	2 670	2 269	1 035	1 175	0	448	316	10 196
1995-96	2 090	2 828	2 624	967	1 460	0	327	235	10 531
1996-97	2 486	2 363	2 952	824	1 349	0	389	263	10 626
1996									
March	589	721	753	329	436	0	110	45	2 983
June	438	739	680	338	294	0	96	60	2 645
September	649	577	738	251	308	0	76	85	2 684
December	466	436	521	190	299	0	143	39	2 094
1997									
March	750	747	853	192	393	0	98	82	3 115
June	621	603	840	191	349	0	72	57	2 733
September	589	506	670	227	317	0	65	40	2 414
December	427	423	457	180	287	0	37	32	1 843
1998									
March	539	753	787	209	464	0	118	92	2 962

INTERSTATE MIGRATION *continued*

STATE OR TERRITORY OF DEPARTURE.....

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Total
	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
ARRIVALS IN NORTHERN TERRITORY									
1991-92	3 022	2 654	3 751	2 826	2 369	327	0	365	15 314
1992-93	3 209	2 611	4 341	3 221	3 284	348	0	391	17 405
1993-94	2 453	3 052	4 253	2 957	2 201	271	0	425	15 612
1994-95	3 493	2 931	4 986	3 290	2 650	450	0	609	18 409
1995-96	2 896	2 846	4 546	3 116	2 692	296	0	558	16 950
1996-97	3 247	3 127	5 798	4 215	3 142	460	0	577	20 566
1996									
March	1 020	957	1 440	867	904	37	0	155	5 380
June	500	509	1 117	830	582	120	0	90	3 748
September	983	760	1 627	1 180	774	137	0	107	5 568
December	677	857	1 201	1 015	677	95	0	200	4 722
1997									
March	886	795	1 735	1 210	1 026	168	0	175	5 995
June	701	715	1 235	810	665	60	0	95	4 281
September	841	784	1 768	900	602	64	0	156	5 115
December	667	804	1 344	872	554	97	0	98	4 436
1998									
March	1 021	1 085	1 753	1 035	1 078	157	0	269	6 398
ARRIVALS IN AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY									
1991-92	9 912	2 985	2 931	967	1 287	377	500	0	18 959
1992-93	10 830	3 082	2 795	919	1 082	328	663	0	19 699
1993-94	9 223	2 387	2 309	953	1 077	372	467	0	16 788
1994-95	10 361	2 545	2 912	1 136	978	317	723	0	18 972
1995-96	9 678	2 289	3 150	1 024	1 120	401	595	0	18 257
1996-97	10 547	2 038	3 251	1 082	859	366	465	0	18 608
1996									
March	3 120	894	1 157	386	449	108	222	0	6 336
June	2 278	556	859	226	217	116	145	0	4 397
September	2 384	452	828	254	243	81	97	0	4 339
December	2 022	384	624	209	123	86	71	0	3 519
1997									
March	3 639	779	1 127	382	249	156	146	0	6 478
June	2 502	423	672	237	244	43	151	0	4 272
September	2 379	366	497	115	238	106	84	0	3 785
December	2 047	414	613	188	152	50	90	0	3 554
1998									
March	2 995	826	917	302	219	135	141	0	5 535

INTERSTATE MIGRATION *continued*

STATE OR TERRITORY OF DEPARTURE.....

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Total
<i>Period</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>
TOTAL									
1991-92	98 645	70 811	64 279	27 404	26 539	10 932	16 283	17 594	332 487
1992-93	108 973	82 254	69 805	31 332	29 786	12 645	18 104	18 383	371 282
1993-94	92 552	76 165	62 124	28 723	24 641	11 654	16 487	17 214	329 560
1994-95	101 449	76 807	72 037	31 602	26 803	12 852	18 025	19 458	359 033
1995-96	97 639	69 066	73 247	32 025	28 762	13 121	16 622	18 913	349 395
1996-97	105 194	69 236	84 411	33 107	29 882	14 339	18 766	20 290	375 225
1996									
March	30 195	20 133	22 712	9 458	9 016	3 867	5 426	5 899	106 706
June	23 151	16 589	18 842	7 730	6 799	3 114	4 254	4 322	84 801
September	26 309	17 524	20 461	8 347	7 350	3 343	4 363	4 622	92 319
December	22 964	15 552	17 591	7 339	6 216	3 280	4 286	4 513	81 741
1997									
March	29 950	19 855	24 781	9 801	9 228	4 304	5 641	5 903	109 463
June	25 971	16 305	21 578	7 620	7 088	3 412	4 476	5 252	91 702
September	24 480	15 968	20 206	7 724	7 249	3 691	4 444	4 947	88 709
December	22 962	13 883	17 601	7 164	6 357	3 291	4 596	4 423	80 277
1998									
March	31 153	19 860	24 285	9 350	9 150	4 208	6 086	6 522	110 614

ESTIMATED RESIDENT HOUSEHOLDS(a), Household size—at 30 June 1996

NUMBER OF PERSONS AGED 0–14 YEARS IN HOUSEHOLD.....

	<i>None</i>	<i>One</i>	<i>Two</i>	<i>Three or more</i>	Total
Persons aged 15 and older in household	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
One	1 556 514	119 678	90 155	42 035	1 808 382
Two	2 079 536	432 581	592 758	327 407	3 432 282
Three	593 005	187 931	100 818	45 547	927 301
Four or more	410 482	118 671	46 028	18 969	594 150
Total	4 639 537	858 861	829 759	433 958	6 762 115

(a) 1996 figures are based on the 1996 Census.
1992–1995 will be revised and are planned to be
available in the next issue, due for release in
September 1998.

CAPITAL CITIES

Sydney	1 395 131
Melbourne	1 199 271
Brisbane	558 210
Adelaide	427 632
Perth	486 458
Hobart	75 843

BALANCE OF STATE

New South Wales	873 501
Victoria	477 922
Queensland	673 907
South Australia	152 233
Western Australia	166 528
Tasmania	106 857

TOTAL

New South Wales	2 268 632
Victoria	1 677 193
Queensland	1 232 117
South Australia	579 865
Western Australia	652 986
Tasmania	182 700
Northern Territory	56 798
Australian Capital Territory	111 824

Australia 6 762 115

(a) 1996 figures are based on the 1996 Census.
1992–1995 will be revised and are planned
to be available in the next issue, due for release
in September 1998.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

1 This quarterly publication contains estimates of the resident populations (ERP) of Australia and the States and Territories based on the final results of the Census of Population and Housing held on 6 August 1996 (with various adjustments described in paragraph 4). The publication also contains estimates of the number of households by household size as well as the latest available statistics of births, deaths (including infant deaths), marriages, divorces and overseas and interstate migration. In addition, the publication includes estimates of the resident population by age, marital status and country of birth as well as experimental estimates of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population.

2 Following the 1992 amendments to the Acts Interpretation Act to include the Indian Ocean Territories of Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands as part of geographic Australia, population estimates commencing with September quarter 1993 include estimates for these two territories. To reflect this change, another category of the State and Territory level has been created, known as Other Territories. Other Territories include Jervis Bay Territory, previously included with the Australian Capital Territory, as well as Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands, previously excluded from population estimates for Australia. Data for Other Territories, while not detailed separately, are included in Australia totals commencing with September quarter 1993.

POPULATION AND COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE

3 Australia's population estimates for the period since 1971 are compiled according to the place of usual residence of the population. An explanation of the place of usual residence conceptual basis for population estimates is given in *Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (3228.0).

METHOD OF ESTIMATION

4 The estimates of the population of Australia and the States and Territories at the date of the Census of Population and Housing are census counts based on place of usual residence adjusted for underenumeration and the number of Australian residents estimated to have been temporarily overseas at the time of the census.

5 Quarterly estimates of the Australian population are obtained by adding to the population at the beginning of each period components of natural increase (on a usual residence basis) and net overseas migration. For the States and Territories, account is also taken of estimated interstate movements involving a change of usual residence. After each census estimates are made for the preceding intercensal period by incorporating an additional quarterly adjustment (intercensal discrepancy) to ensure that the total intercensal increase agrees with the difference between the estimated resident population at the two respective census dates.

NATURAL INCREASE: BIRTHS AND DEATHS

6 In this publication births and deaths data are presented by State and Territory of usual residence. For preliminary estimates, births and deaths by quarter of registration are used. For revised and final estimates after 30 June 1991 year/quarter of occurrence data are used. The births and deaths data detailed in the *Components of population* section of this publication are shown by year of occurrence for revised and final data and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

- NET ESTIMATED OVERSEAS MIGRATION **7** Figures are based on net permanent and long-term overseas movements with State and Territory not stated allocated pro rata. Short-term movements are excluded. The estimates from July 1976 onwards include an adjustment for the net effect of category jumping. This adjustment is necessary because net permanent and long-term migration figures can be affected by changes in travel intentions from short-term to permanent/long-term or vice versa. For example, an Australian resident departing for a short-term visit overseas (stating that he/she intends to stay abroad for less than 12 months) in fact stays more than 12 months, thereby changing his/her travel category from short-term to long-term. Prior to December quarter 1989, adjustments for category jumping were only made to final population estimates. These adjustments are now also included in preliminary estimates. For further details see *Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (3228.0).
- NET ESTIMATED INTERSTATE MIGRATION **8** Estimates of interstate migration since June 1986 have been derived from unidentified information on interstate changes of address advised to the Health Insurance Commission in the process of administering Medicare. For further details see *Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (3228.0).
- RATES OF POPULATION GROWTH **9** These express population change over a period as a proportion (%) of the population at the beginning of the period.
- EXPERIMENTAL ESTIMATES OF ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER POPULATION **10** Estimates of the Indigenous population are experimental in that the standard approach to population estimation is not possible because satisfactory data on births, deaths and internal migration are not generally available. Furthermore, there is significant intercensal volatility in census counts of the Indigenous population, thus adding to the problem of estimating the true Indigenous population. This volatility can in part be attributed to changes in the propensity of persons to identify as being of Indigenous origin. As a result, a method based on the use of life tables is used to produce time series data. For further details see *Experimental Estimates of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population* (3230.0).
- ESTIMATED RESIDENT HOUSEHOLDS **11** Estimates of households are based on the estimated resident population series, to which propensities to form households are applied. These propensities were estimated from the Census of Population and Housing, and updated using the monthly Labour Force Survey. A detailed description of the method used to produce household estimates is contained in *Household Estimates 1986, 1991–94* (3229.0).
- MARRIAGES AND DIVORCES **12** All marriage and divorce data are shown by State or Territory of registration. While divorce data are presented by year/quarter of occurrence, marriage data are presented by year/quarter of registration.
- 13** Divorce statistics for States and Territories are affected by persons applying to the nearest Family Court rather than the court in their State or Territory of residence. The Canberra registry of the Family Court of Australia is particularly affected as it serves, in addition to the Australian Capital Territory, a large area of south-eastern New South Wales and part of Victoria. Around 55% of divorces granted in the Australian Capital Territory are to applicants who are not usual residents of the Territory. The number of divorces granted and the crude divorce rate for the Australian Capital Territory therefore does not accurately reflect the incidence of divorce among Australian Capital Territory residents.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ESTIMATION METHOD	<p>14 Overseas arrival and departure statistics are derived from a combination of full enumeration and sampling. All permanent movements and all movements with a duration of stay of one year or more are fully enumerated and processed. All movements with a duration of stay of less than one year are sampled. Statistics relating to these movements are therefore estimates which may differ from statistics which would have been obtained if details of all these movements had been processed.</p>
COUNTRY OF BIRTH	<p>15 The classification of countries in this publication is the Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics (ASCCSS). For more detailed information refer to the ABS publication <i>Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics</i> (1269.0).</p> <p>16 Political developments in Europe and the former USSR have resulted in a number of changes to the ASCCSS. These changes have affected some of the categories in this publication and are detailed in Revisions 1.01, 1.02 and 1.03 of the ASCCSS.</p> <p>17 Overseas migration statistics by country of birth have certain limitations. For instance, it is not possible to separately identify England, Scotland and Wales (United Kingdom).</p>
ROUNDING	<p>18 In this publication population estimates and their components have sometimes been rounded to the nearest hundred. Neither rounded figures nor unrounded figures should be assumed to be accurate to the last digit shown.</p> <p>19 Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of component items and totals.</p>
RELATED PUBLICATIONS	<p>20 Other ABS publications which may be of interest to users include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ <i>Australian Demographic Trends</i> (3102.0)▪ <i>Births, Australia</i> (3301.0)▪ <i>Deaths, Australia</i> (3302.0)▪ <i>Demography</i> (3311.1–8) — State and Territory specific publications▪ <i>Estimated Resident Population by Country of Birth, Age and Sex</i> (3221.0) — issued annually to 1994▪ <i>Estimated Resident Population by Sex and Age: States and Territories of Australia</i> (3201.0)▪ <i>Experimental Estimates of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population</i> (3230.0)▪ <i>Household Estimates, Australia</i> (3229.0)▪ <i>Marriages and Divorces, Australia</i> (3310.0) — includes data on the marital status of the estimated resident population of Australia▪ <i>Migration, Australia</i> (3412.0) — includes data on the country of birth of the estimated resident population of Australia▪ <i>Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia</i> (3401.0) — issued monthly▪ <i>Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods</i> (3228.0).▪ <i>Projections of the Populations of Australia, States and Territories, 1995 to 2051</i> (3222.0)

EXPLANATORY NOTES

- ADDITIONAL STATISTICS AVAILABLE**
- 21** In most cases, the ABS can also provide information which is not published. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, data tape, floppy disk, computer printout or clerically extracted tabulation.
- 22** Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Release Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both are available from any ABS office.
- 23** Statistics of overseas arrivals and departures and related data are also published regularly by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs (see that Department's *Australian Immigration, Consolidated Statistics*) and by the Australian Tourist Commission (on international travel and tourism).
- 24** For more information about related unpublished statistics or data concepts contact Anne Ward on Canberra (02) 6252 6296.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACT	Australian Capital Territory
n.a.	not available
n.f.d.	not further defined
n.y.a.	not yet available
p	preliminary figure or series subject to revision
r	figures or series revised since previous issue
..	not applicable

GLOSSARY

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Age-specific birth rates	Age-specific birth rates are the number of live births registered during the calendar year, according to age of mother, per 1,000 of the female estimated resident population of the same age as estimated for 30 June. For calculating these rates, births to mothers under 15 are included in the 15–19 age group, and births to mothers aged 50 and over are included in the 45–49 age group. Pro rata adjustment is made in respect of births for which age of mother is not given.
Birth	The delivery of a child, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, who, after being born, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as heartbeat.
Category jumping	The term used to describe the net effect of changes in travel intentions from short-term to permanent/long-term or vice versa. Category jumping consists of two components: an Australian resident component and an overseas visitor component. The Australian resident component of category jumping for a reference quarter is estimated by comparing the number of residents departing short-term with the number of these residents who return in the following twelve months to obtain the net number of Australian residents who jump category. Similarly, the number of overseas visitors arriving short-term is compared with the number of these visitors who depart in the following twelve months to obtain the net number of overseas visitors who jump category. Estimates of category jumping are derived by subtracting the Australian resident component from the overseas visitor component.
Category of movement	<p>Overseas arrivals and departures are classified according to length of stay (in Australia or overseas), recorded in months and days by travellers on passenger cards.</p> <p>There are three main categories of movement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ permanent,▪ long-term and▪ short-term. <p>A significant number of travellers (i.e. overseas visitors to Australia on arrival and Australian residents going abroad) state exactly twelve months or one year as their intended period of stay. Many of them stay for less than that period and on their departure from, or return to, Australia, are therefore classified as short-term. Accordingly in an attempt to maintain consistency between arrivals and departures, movements of travellers who report their actual or intended period of stay as being one year exactly are randomly allocated to long-term or short-term in proportion to the number of movements of travellers who report their actual length of stay as up to one month more, or one month less, than one year.</p>
Crude birth rate	The crude birth rate is the number of live births registered during the calendar year, per 1,000 estimated resident population at 30 June of that year.
Crude death rate	The crude death rate is the number of deaths registered during the calendar year, per 1,000 estimated resident population at 30 June of that year.
Crude divorce rate	The crude divorce rate is the number of decrees absolute granted during the calendar year, per 1,000 estimated resident population at 30 June of that year. In the interpretation of this rate, it must be kept in mind that a large and varying proportion of the population used in the denominator is unmarried or is below the minimum age of marriage.

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GLOSSARY

Crude marriage rate	The crude marriage rate is the number of marriages registered during the calendar year, per 1,000 estimated resident population at 30 June of that year. In the interpretation of this rate, it must be kept in mind that a large and varying proportion of the population used in the denominator is below the minimum age of marriage or is already married.
Divorce	Decrees absolute of dissolution of marriage.
Estimated resident population (ERP)	<p>Estimated resident population data are quarterly estimates of the Australian population obtained by adding to the estimated population at the beginning of each period the components of natural increase (on a usual residence basis) and net overseas migration. For the States and Territories, account is also taken of estimated interstate movements involving a change of usual residence. After each census, estimates for the preceding intercensal period are revised by incorporating an additional quarterly adjustment (intercensal discrepancy) to ensure that the total intercensal increase agrees with the difference between the estimated resident populations at the two respective census dates.</p> <p>Estimates of the resident population are based on adjusted (for underenumeration) census counts by place of usual residence, to which are added the number of Australian residents estimated to have been temporarily overseas at the time of the census.</p> <p>The concept of estimated resident population links people to a place of usual residence within Australia. Usual residence is that place where each person has lived or intends to live for six months or more in a reference year.</p>
Former Yugoslav Republics	Consists of Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Slovenia, the former Yugoslav Republics of Serbia and Montenegro, and Yugoslavia n.f.d.
Infant mortality rate	The number of deaths of children under 1 year of age in a calendar year per 1,000 live births in the same calendar year.
Intercensal discrepancy	After each census, estimates for the preceding intercensal period are provided by incorporating an additional quarterly adjustment to ensure that the total intercensal increase agrees with the difference between the estimated resident populations at the two respective census dates. For a detailed description see the ABS information paper <i>Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods</i> (3228.0).
Long-term arrivals	Long-term arrivals comprise overseas visitors who intend to stay in Australia for twelve months or more (but not permanently) and Australian residents returning after an absence of twelve months or more overseas.
Long-term departures	Long-term departures comprise Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for twelve months or more (but not permanently) and overseas visitors departing who stayed twelve months or more in Australia.

GLOSSARY

Marriage	Under the <i>Australian Marriage Act 1961</i> (Cwlth), a marriage may be celebrated by a minister of religion registered as an authorised celebrant, by a district registrar or by other persons authorised by the Attorney General. Notice of the intended marriage must be given to the celebrant at least one calendar month but within three calendar months before the marriage. A celebrant must transmit an official certificate of the marriage for registration to a district registrar in the State or Territory in which the marriage took place.
Marital status	Two separate concepts are measured by the ABS. These are registered marital status and social marital status. They have different personal characteristics and are independent variables with separate classifications. Marital status in this publication relates to registered marital status which refers to formally registered marriages or divorces for which the partners hold a certificate.
Natural increase	Excess of births over deaths.
Net interstate migration	The difference between the number of persons who have changed their place of usual residence by moving into a given State or Territory and the number who have changed their place of usual residence by moving out of that State or Territory. This difference may be either positive or negative.
Net overseas migration	Net overseas migration is net permanent and long-term overseas migration plus an adjustment for the net effect of category jumping. This net effect may be either positive or negative.
Net permanent and long-term overseas movement	The difference between the number of permanent (settler) and long-term overseas arrivals by State or Territory of intended usual residence and the number of permanent and long-term departures of Australian residents (including former settlers) by State or Territory of actual residence. Figures are based on movements with State and Territory not stated allocated pro rata. Short-term movements are excluded.
Overseas arrivals and departures (OAD)	Overseas arrivals and departures refer to the arrival or departure of Australian residents or overseas visitors, through Australian airports (or sea ports), which have been recorded on incoming or outgoing passenger cards. Statistics on overseas arrivals and departures relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are all counted).
Permanent arrivals (settlers)	Permanent arrivals (settlers) comprise travellers who hold migrant visas (regardless of stated intended period of stay), New Zealand citizens who indicate an intention to settle and those who are otherwise eligible to settle (e.g. overseas-born children of Australian citizens).
Permanent departures	Permanent departures are Australian residents (including former settlers) who on departure state that they do not intend to return to Australia.
Population growth	For Australia, population growth is the sum of natural increase, net overseas migration and an allowance for intercensal discrepancy. For States and Territories, population growth also includes net interstate migration.
Short-term arrivals	Short-term arrivals comprise overseas visitors whose intended stay in Australia is less than twelve months and Australian residents returning after an absence of less than twelve months overseas.

GLOSSARY

Short term departures	Short-term departures comprise Australian residents whose intended period of stay abroad is less than twelve months and overseas visitors departing who stayed less than twelve months in Australia.
Standardised death rate	The overall death rate, per 1,000 persons, that would have prevailed in a standard population if it had experienced at each age the death rates of the population being studied. The standard population used in these calculations is all persons in the 1991 Australian population. This is the direct method of standardisation.
State or Territory of registration	State or Territory of registration refers to the State or Territory where the marriage was registered or the divorce was granted.
State or Territory of usual residence	<p>State or Territory of usual residence refers to the State or Territory of usual residence of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ the population (estimated resident population)▪ the mother (birth collection)▪ the deceased (death collection) <p>In the case of overseas movements State or Territory of usual residence refers to the State or Territory regarded by the traveller as the one in which he/she lives or has lived. State or Territory of intended residence is derived from the intended address given by the settlers, and by the Australian residents returning after a journey abroad. Particularly in the case of the former, this information does not necessarily relate to the State or Territory in which the traveller will eventually establish a permanent residence.</p>
Total fertility rate	The sum of age-specific fertility rates (live births at each age of mother per female population of that age). It represents the number of children a woman would bear during her lifetime if she experienced current age-specific fertility rates at each age of her reproductive life.



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