



AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CANBERRA

**ANNUAL AND LONG-SERVICE
LEAVE TAKEN,
AUSTRALIA**

(Previously: Annual and Long-Service Leave)

MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984

CATALOGUE NO. 6317.0

EMBARGOED UNTIL 11.30 A.M. 21 MARCH 1985

ANNUAL AND LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN, AUSTRALIA

(Previously: Annual and Long-Service Leave)

MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

The monthly Population Survey (which is described in *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0)) comprises the monthly labour force survey and supplementary topics. This publication contains some results of a supplementary survey run in association with the May 1984 labour force survey conducted throughout Australia.

2. Of the respondents to the labour force survey, those who fell within the scope of the supplementary were asked additional questions. This subset of respondents were asked about the amount and timing of paid annual leave and long-service leave taken during the period May 1983 to April 1984 inclusive. Other types of leave, such as study or sabbatical leave, sick leave, maternity leave, etc., and unpaid leave, were not included.

Scope

3. The scope of this supplementary survey was the same as that used for the labour force survey (described in full in *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0)) except that it was restricted to persons who were employed wage and salary earners ('employees') and, for long-service leave who were aged 25 and over, and excluded persons permanently unable to work, some patients in hospitals and sanatoria and inmates of reformatories, jails, etc.

Definitions

4. *Annual leave* (also commonly referred to as recreation leave, holiday leave, vacation leave) is a period of paid absence from work for leisure or recreational purposes to which an employee becomes entitled each year after a continuous period of service with one employer or in an industry, as specified in awards, etc.

5. *Long-service leave* (or furlough) is a period of paid absence from work to which an employee becomes entitled after a number of years of continuous service with one employer, or in an industry, the initial entitlement usually being three months after 10 or 15 years service, as specified in Federal or State legislation.

6. Payments in lieu of leave (e.g. to casual workers or on termination of employment) are not regarded as leave.

7. *Weeks taken*. The number of weeks of leave taken in any month was recorded as follows:

<i>Consecutive working days absent in any month</i>	<i>Recorded as weeks of leave taken</i>
0, 1 or 2	less than one
3-7	1
8-12	2
13-17	3
18-22	4
23 and over	5

(The category 'less than one' includes persons who did not take leave because their period of service with an employer or in one industry was not long enough to qualify them for an entitlement.)

In calculating the total amount of leave taken, separate periods of the same type of leave taken by individual respondents within each month were aggregated. When leave continued from one month into the next, the period of leave taken in each of the months was counted separately. The total amount taken for the period May 1983 to April 1984 is the sum of the amounts taken in each month, as defined above.

8. *Employees* are persons who were employees at the time of the survey, regardless of their labour force status during the reference period, May 1983 to April 1984. Persons who were employees during the reference period but not at the time of the survey, and who took paid annual or long-service leave during the reference period are excluded.

9. *Full-time or part-time status* relates to employees who were working full-time or part-time at the time of the survey. No information is available about the full-time or part-time status of employees over the full reference period for the leave statistics. *Full-time workers* are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. *Part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

10. Persons are classified as *married* if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The *not-married* category includes persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced; as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household. For effects on estimates of marital status, see paragraph 18.

11. *Family status* characteristics are explained in detail in *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0). It should be noted that they were not obtained for all persons included in the survey. Family information was not collected for the following persons (identified in Tables as 'not family coded'):

- (a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions);
- (b) persons enumerated as visitors to, rather than usual residents of, private dwellings; and
- (c) where it was not possible to obtain family information relating to *all* the usual residents of a household, e.g. where one member of the family was a member of the permanent defence forces and therefore outside the scope of the survey.

12. Further definitions of labour force and demographic classifications appearing in this publication are given in *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0).

13. Unless otherwise stated, all characteristics referenced in this publication are as at the survey week.

Population benchmarks

14. Following the change in official population estimates to a place of usual residence basis after the 1981 Census the population benchmarks used in this survey are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the new conceptual basis of population estimates see *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0).

Results of the survey

15. A preliminary publication containing a summary of the results was issued on 3 October 1984.

16. Results of a similar survey, conducted in May 1979 have been published in *Annual and Long-Service Leave, Australia, May 1979* (6317.0). Surveys of annual leave, but not long-service leave, were previously conducted in August 1974 and February 1969. Results were published in *Annual Leave, August 1974* (6317.0) and *Labour Force Experience During 1968* (6206.0).

Discontinuities in the series

17. The estimates for the May 1979 and May 1984 surveys are not strictly comparable with those obtained from previous surveys. The August 1974 survey excluded those employed wage and salary earners whose main activity during the survey week was attendance at an educational institution, even though they may have done some work for an employer for pay or profit. In the February 1969 survey, estimates are of persons who were mostly wage and salary earners during 1968. In both earlier surveys, provision was not made for recording leave taken by a person in more than three different months.

18. Paragraph 10 outlines the definition of marital status now used in this survey. Consequently, estimates of marital status contained in this publication are not comparable with estimates published for this survey in previous years, which classified as married all respondents who reported that they were married or separated.

Reliability of the estimates

19. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- (a) *sampling error*: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note.
- (b) *non-sampling error*: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by interviewers and respondents and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Related publications

20. Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0)— issued monthly (\$1.10, \$1.90 incl. postage)

Employment Benefits, Australia, August 1984 (6334.0)

21. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

- * Subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 19 above.
- .. not applicable
- n.a. not available
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

22. Because figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

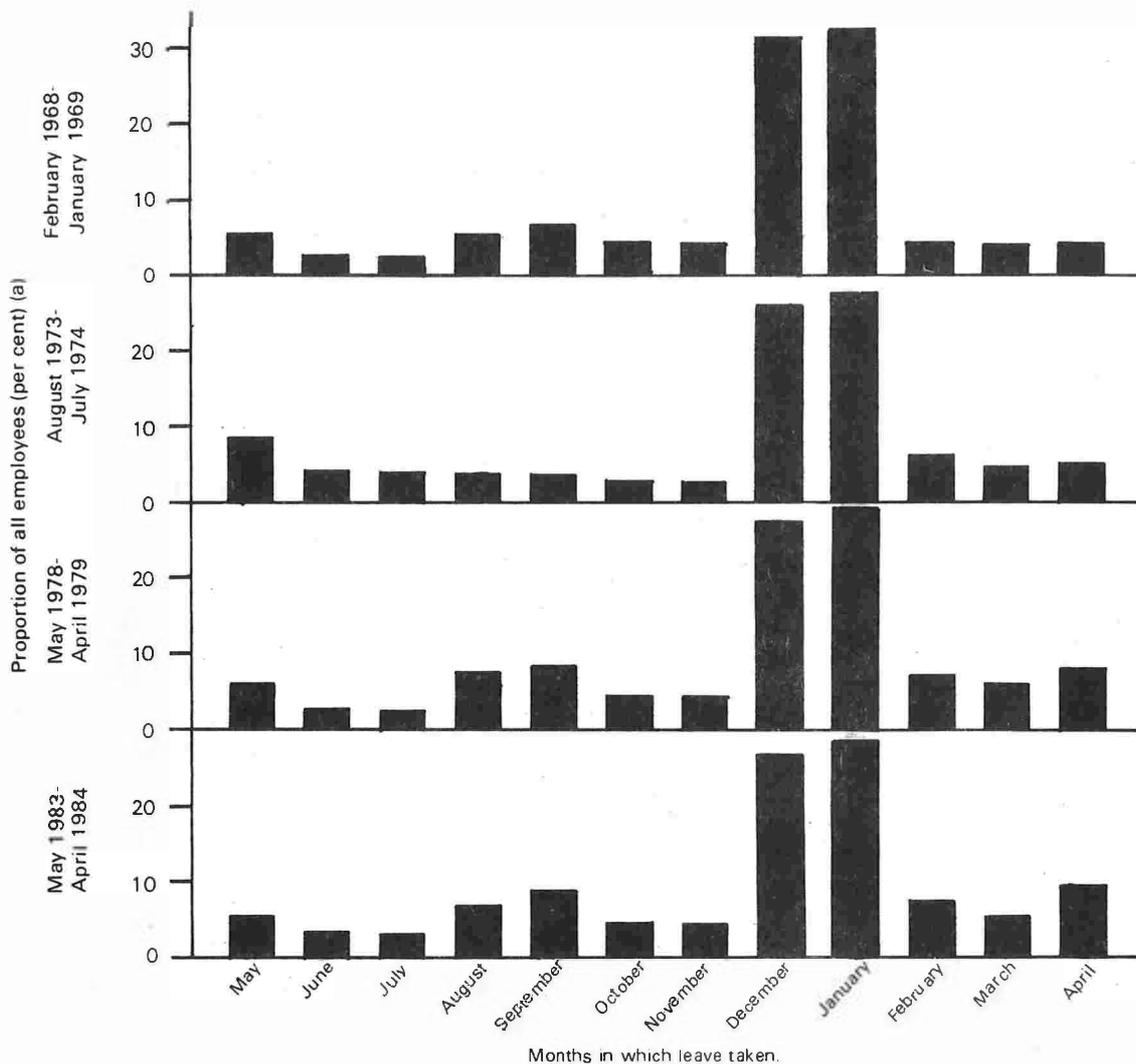
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

During the year ending April 1984, 3,436,700 (62.7 per cent) of employees took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave. Of these employees, 3,293,400 took annual leave only, 26,600 took long-service leave only and 116,700 took both annual and long-service leave. A total of 13,071,200 weeks of annual and 801,100 weeks of long-service leave were taken.

In each of the years ending January 1969, July 1974, April 1979 and April 1984, December and January were by far the most popular months for taking annual leave. In December 1983 and January 1984 respectively, 26.8 per cent and 28.5 per cent of all employees took one or more weeks annual leave.

June and July were the least popular months for taking annual leave in most years. 3.4 per cent and 3.3 per cent of all employees took one or more weeks annual leave in June and July 1983 respectively. This was, however, a slight increase since June and July 1978, when just 2.7 per cent and 2.5 per cent of all employees took one or more weeks annual leave respectively.

DIAGRAM 1. PROPORTION OF ALL EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL LEAVE(a) AND MONTHS IN WHICH LEAVE TAKEN
(Source of data: Table 3)



(a) Employees who took one or more weeks annual leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees.

NOTE: Employees who took one or more weeks annual leave in more than one month appear in more than one place in this diagram. See NOTE to Table 3

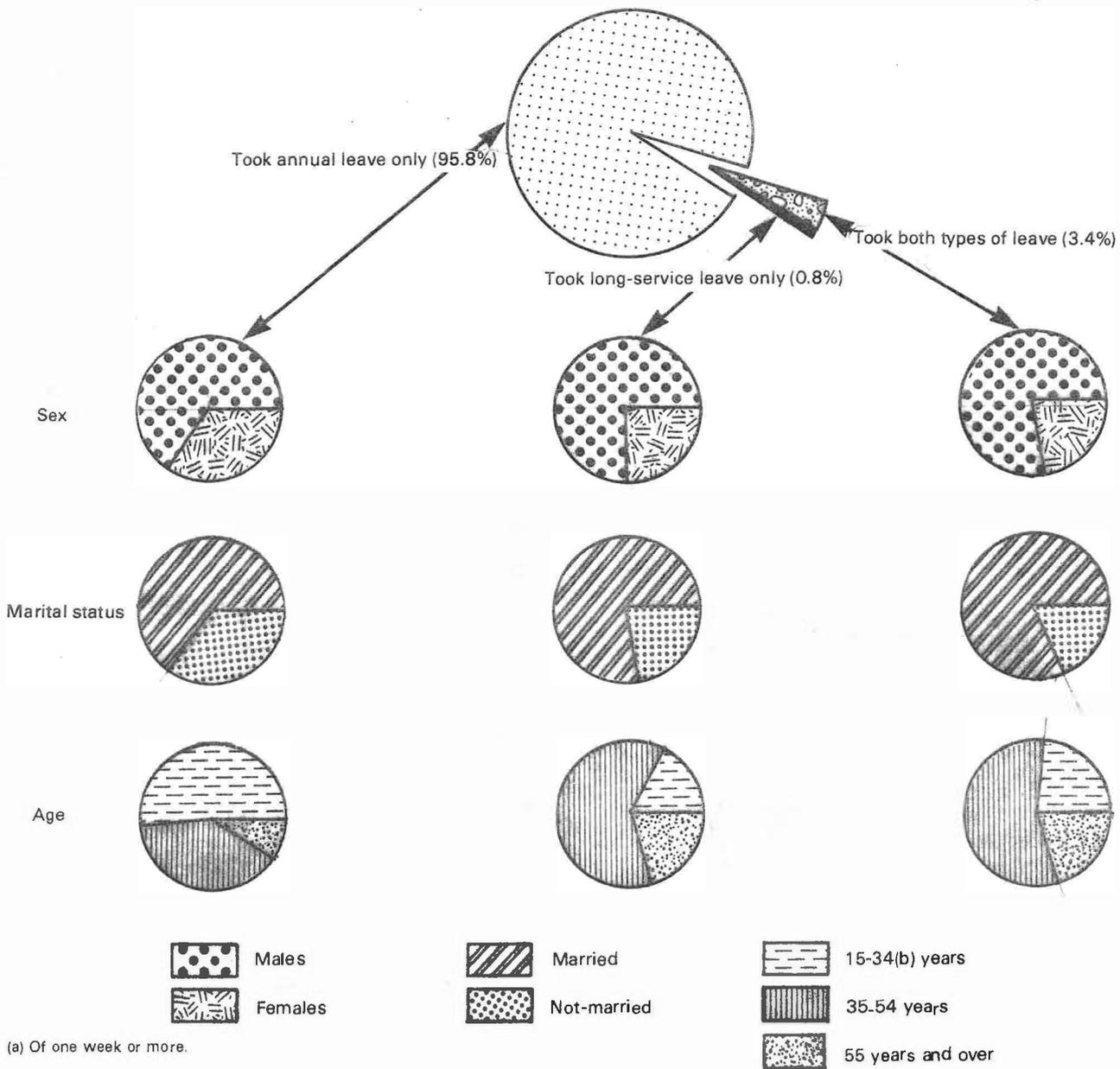
Most (3,293,400 or 95.8 per cent) employees who took one or more weeks leave during the year ending April 1984 took annual leave only. Of those employees who took long-service leave, most (116,700) also took some annual leave. Just 26,600 employees took long-service leave only.

Of those employees who took annual leave only, 65.3 per cent were males. This is larger than the proportion of all employees who were males (60.8 per cent), while approximately three quarters of those employees who took either long-service leave only (75.2 per cent) or both types of leave (77.8 per cent) were males.

60.8 per cent of all employees were married. However, of those employees who took annual leave only, 64.8 per cent were married. For employees who took long-service leave only or who took both types of leave, the proportions who were married were much higher being 77.8 per cent and 81.7 per cent respectively.

Most employees who took long-service leave only or both types of leave were aged between 35 and 54 (61.3 per cent and 56.3 per cent respectively) while 51.4 per cent of employees who took annual leave only were in the younger age group of 15 to 34.

DIAGRAM 2. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL LEAVE(a): TYPE OF LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 AND SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS
(Source of data: Table 7)



(a) Of one week or more.

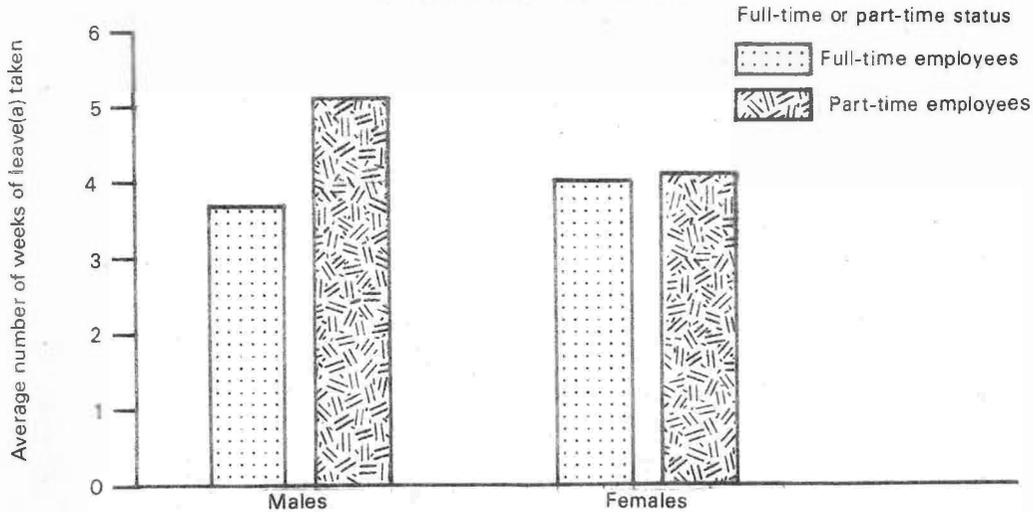
(b) For long-service leave employees under 25 years of age were not in the scope of this survey.

Of the 5,477,700 employees in the labour force at May 1984, 4,544,200 (83.0 per cent) were employed full-time.

Far more full-time employees took one or more weeks annual leave during the year ending April 1984 (69.7 per cent) than part-time employees (26.2 per cent).

The average number of weeks of annual leave taken by part-time male employees who took one or more weeks annual leave (5.1 weeks) was significantly higher than that for full-time male employees (3.7 weeks) and part-time female employees (4.1 weeks). The average number of weeks of annual leave taken by full-time female employees (4.0 weeks) was higher than that for full-time male employees.

DIAGRAM 3. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL LEAVE(a): AVERAGE NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN AND FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME STATUS
(Source of data: Table 11)

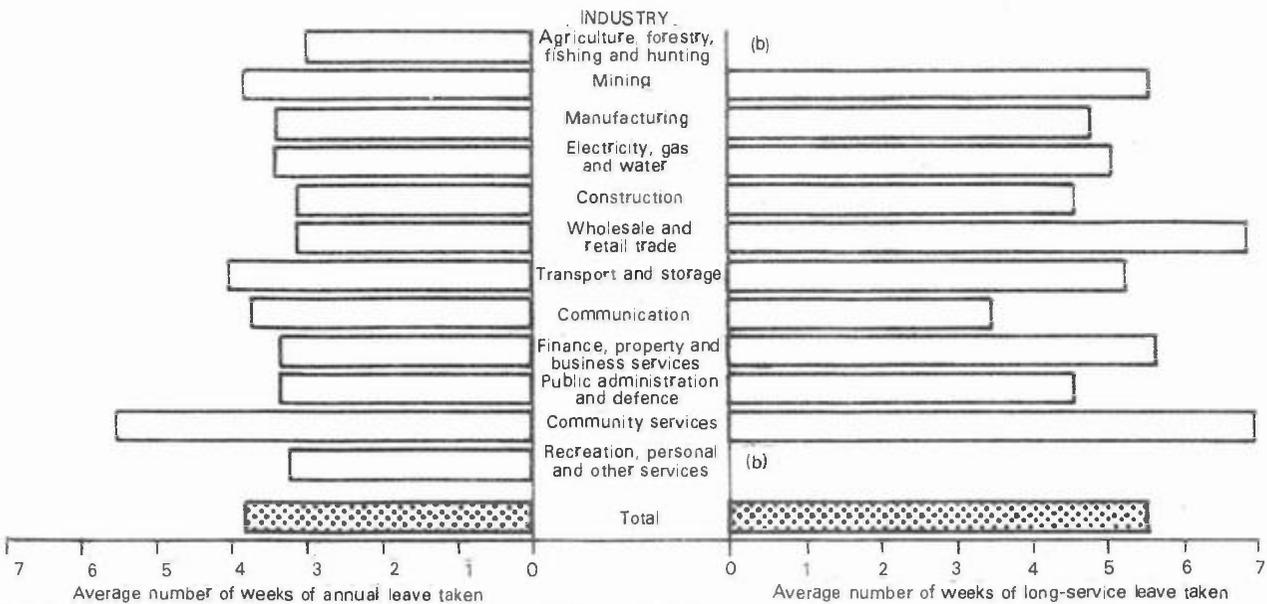


(a) Of one week or more

13,071,200 weeks of annual leave and 801,100 weeks of long-service leave were taken by employees during the year ending April 1984. The average number of weeks of long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave (5.6 weeks) was higher than the average number of weeks of annual leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual leave (3.8 weeks).

Employees in the community services industry (which includes hospitals, nursing homes and other health services; veterinary services; school and post-school education; welfare and religious institutions; and research and meteorology services) took the highest average number of weeks of both annual leave (5.5 weeks) and long-service leave (7.0 weeks). Employees in the wholesale and retail trade industry also took a high average number of weeks of long-service leave (6.9 weeks). However, employees in this industry took an average of only 3.1 weeks of annual leave. Employees in the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting; and construction industries also took on average a small number of weeks of annual leave (3.0 weeks and 3.1 weeks respectively). A low average amount of long-service leave was taken by employees in communication (3.5 weeks).

DIAGRAM 4. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE(a): AVERAGE NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN, AVERAGE NUMBER OF WEEKS OF LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND INDUSTRY
(Source of data: Tables 4 and 10)



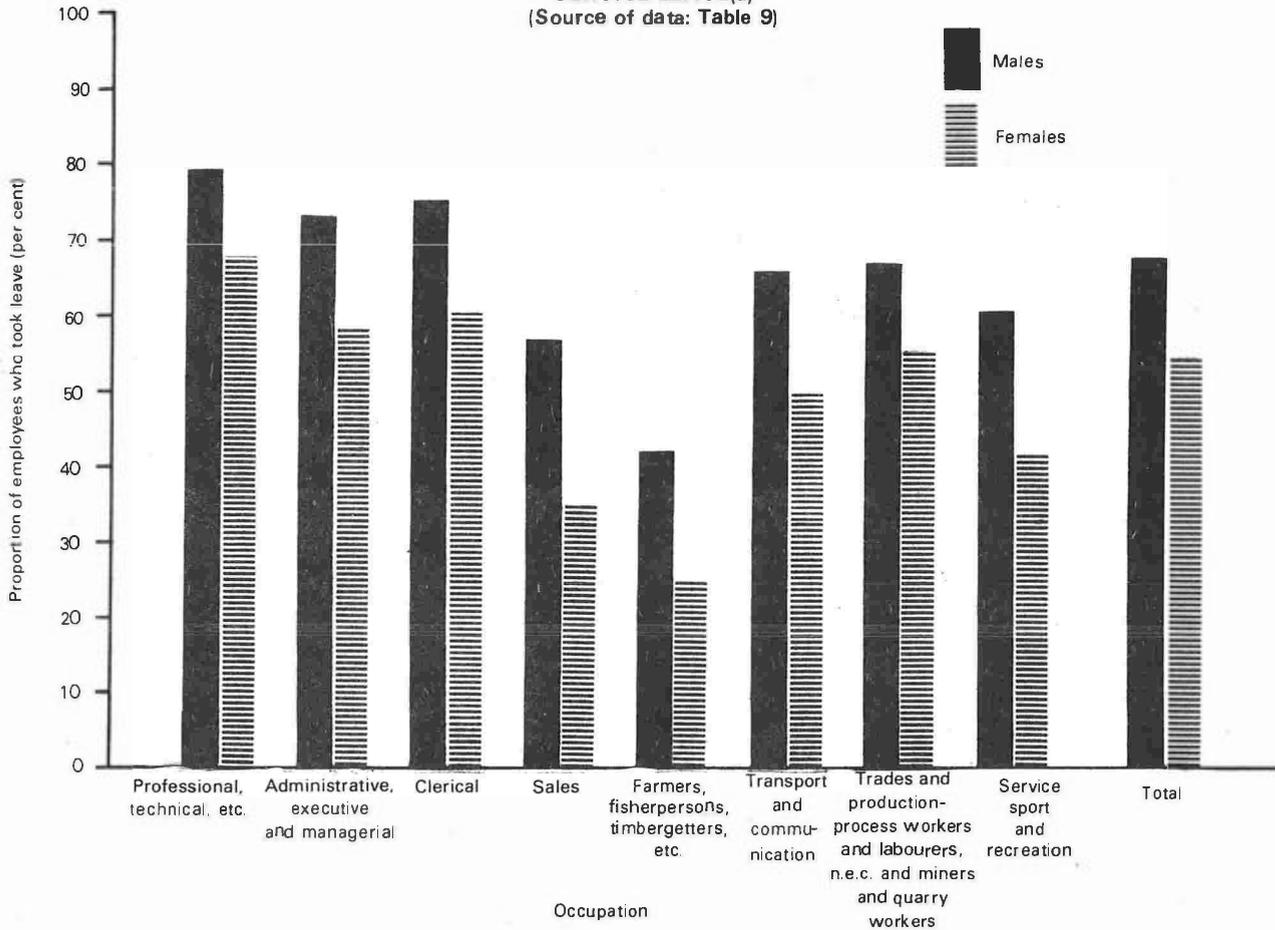
(a) Of one week or more. (b) Estimate is subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses.

More male employees (67.9 per cent) took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave than female employees (54.7 per cent). This was the case for each occupation group.

Although the proportion of employees who took leave was consistently smaller for females than for males they followed a similar pattern of leave taking across the occupation groups.

Only 42.1 per cent of male employees and 24.9 per cent of female employees in the occupation group of farmers, fisherpersons, timbergetters, etc. took leave. Employees in the professional, technical, etc; and administrative, executive and managerial occupation groups were most likely to have taken leave.

DIAGRAM 5. ALL EMPLOYEES: OCCUPATION AND PROPORTION OF EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE(a)
(Source of data: Table 9)



(a) Employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long service leave as a proportion of all employees.

TABLE 1. ALL EMPLOYEES: TYPE OF LEAVE TAKEN, FEBRUARY 1968 TO JANUARY 1969, AUGUST 1973 TO JULY 1974, MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979 AND MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 ('000)

	Leave (a) taken					Total	Total	Took annual leave(a)	Took long-service leave(a)
	Took less than one week	Annual leave only	Long-service leave only	Both types of leave	Total				
MALES									
February 1968 to January 1969	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	3,029.4	n.a.	n.a.	
August 1973 to July 1974	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
May 1978 to April 1979	1,037.1	2,077.8	18.0	76.7	2,172.5	3,209.6	2,154.5	94.7	
May 1983 to April 1984	1,067.7	2,150.7	20.0	90.8	2,261.5	3,329.2	2,241.5	110.8	
FEMALES									
February 1968 to January 1969	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,636.4	n.a.	n.a.	
August 1973 to July 1974	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
May 1978 to April 1979	818.2	1,028.9	*	12.4	1,044.1	1,862.3	1,041.3	15.2	
May 1983 to April 1984	973.2	1,142.7	6.6	25.9	1,175.2	2,148.4	1,168.5	32.5	
PERSONS									
February 1968 to January 1969	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4,665.9	n.a.	n.a.	
August 1973 to July 1974	1,902.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4,804.0	2,901.1	n.a.	
May 1978 to April 1979	1,855.3	3,106.6	20.8	89.2	3,216.6	5,071.9	3,195.8	110.0	
May 1983 to April 1984	2,041.0	3,293.4	26.6	116.7	3,436.7	5,477.7	3,410.0	143.3	

(a) Of one week or more.

TABLE 2. TOTAL NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN BY EMPLOYEES: AUGUST 1973 TO JULY 1974, MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979 AND MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984

	Annual leave	Long-service leave	Total	Average number of weeks of annual leave(a)	Average number of weeks of long-service leave(b)	Average number of weeks of annual and/or long-service leave(c)
	—'000 weeks—			—weeks—		
BY MALES						
August 1973 to July 1974	6,842.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
May 1978 to April 1979	8,019.4	533.6	8,553.0	3.7	5.6	3.9
May 1983 to April 1984	8,363.0	579.0	8,942.0	3.7	5.2	4.0
BY FEMALES						
August 1973 to July 1974	3,097.8	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
May 1978 to April 1979	4,332.0	106.1	4,438.1	4.2	7.0	4.3
May 1983 to April 1984	4,708.2	222.0	4,930.2	4.0	6.8	4.2
BY PERSONS						
August 1973 to July 1974	9,940.6	n.a.	n.a.	3.4	n.a.	n.a.
May 1978 to April 1979	12,351.4	639.7	12,991.1	3.9	5.8	4.0
May 1983 to April 1984	13,071.2	801.1	13,872.3	3.8	5.6	4.0

(a) The average number of weeks of annual leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual leave. (b) The average number of weeks of long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave. (c) The average number of weeks of annual and/or long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave.

TABLE 3. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL LEAVE (a): NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN AND MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN, FEBRUARY 1968 TO JANUARY 1969, AUGUST 1973 TO JULY 1974, MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979 AND MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984

Months in which leave taken	Number of weeks				Total	Proportion of those employees who took leave (a)(b)	Proportion of all employees (c)
	1	2	3	4-5			
—'000—					—per cent—		
FEBRUARY 1968 TO JANUARY 1969							
1968—February	46.9	54.7	82.6	14.5	198.7	n.a.	4.3
March	42.4	49.6	81.8	17.1	190.9	n.a.	4.1
April	63.4	51.9	67.0	12.9	195.2	n.a.	4.2
May	99.7	80.5	82.5	13.9	276.5	n.a.	5.9
June	41.3	36.0	47.5	12.2	136.9	n.a.	2.9
July	37.0	34.7	40.9	12.6	125.1	n.a.	2.7
August	81.2	84.1	64.2	16.5	245.9	n.a.	5.3
September	140.0	96.6	67.8	14.4	318.8	n.a.	6.8
October	63.8	59.3	65.9	14.1	203.1	n.a.	4.4
November	60.9	59.1	64.0	15.0	199.0	n.a.	4.3
December	954.4	378.6	113.0	20.2	1,466.2	n.a.	31.4
1969—January	362.4	760.0	264.8	128.9	1,516.1	n.a.	32.5
AUGUST 1973 TO JULY 1974							
1973—August	64.0	68.1	31.2	23.5	186.8	6.4	3.9
September	66.7	54.0	37.8	19.1	177.6	6.1	3.7
October	33.8	41.7	42.9	20.3	138.7	4.8	2.9
November	40.7	36.9	38.7	18.8	135.2	4.7	2.8
December	818.2	318.4	78.9	36.4	1,251.8	43.1	26.1
1974—January	208.5	633.7	276.6	217.6	1,336.5	46.1	27.8
February	82.6	92.2	85.6	41.4	301.7	10.4	6.3
March	60.1	72.3	68.0	37.0	237.3	8.2	4.9
April	79.4	78.3	53.7	33.7	245.1	8.4	5.1
May	108.8	196.4	70.6	46.9	421.9	14.5	8.8
June	62.0	57.9	44.7	34.3	199.0	6.9	4.1
July	73.4	49.5	39.0	31.4	193.2	6.7	4.0
MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979							
1978—May	44.8	202.0	21.4	42.7	311.0	9.7	6.1
June	33.4	42.8	20.2	39.2	135.6	4.2	2.7
July	35.5	36.6	17.6	39.3	128.9	4.0	2.5
August	179.8	126.6	26.5	56.6	389.5	12.2	7.7
September	195.7	134.9	38.1	52.5	421.3	13.2	8.3
October	56.9	82.2	41.3	55.2	235.7	7.4	4.6
November	65.9	81.3	32.1	50.3	229.5	7.2	4.5
December	775.4	451.1	98.1	74.0	1,398.6	43.8	27.5
1979—January	259.7	523.6	352.4	357.6	1,493.3	46.7	29.4
February	114.7	123.4	59.4	66.4	363.9	11.4	7.2
March	89.0	102.8	55.0	56.1	302.9	9.5	6.0
April	176.7	131.0	51.8	46.8	406.3	12.8	8.0
MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984							
1983—May	44.0	202.5	22.6	34.3	303.3	8.9	5.5
June	66.3	61.9	18.6	38.3	185.0	5.4	3.4
July	61.0	60.0	24.9	35.2	181.1	5.3	3.3
August	175.6	128.4	29.8	45.1	378.9	11.1	6.9
September	200.9	191.6	46.6	50.4	489.6	14.4	8.9
October	72.8	93.1	37.3	51.3	254.4	7.5	4.6
November	61.7	102.8	39.7	45.4	249.5	7.3	4.6
December	762.0	485.8	133.1	88.8	1,469.8	43.1	26.8
1984—January	302.7	550.8	359.8	346.5	1,560.0	45.7	28.5
February	124.8	149.3	62.7	68.0	404.9	11.9	7.4
March	89.5	112.2	43.6	55.9	301.1	8.8	5.5
April	274.1	145.1	47.7	52.2	519.1	15.2	9.5

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks annual leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees who took one or more weeks annual leave. (c) Employees who took one or more weeks annual leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees.

NOTE: Employees who took leave (a) in more than one month appear in more than one place in this table. Hence totals obtained from this table will exceed those for employees who took leave of one week or more. Because of double counting, the percentages in the last two columns add to more than 100.

TABLE 4. ALL EMPLOYEES: NUMBER OF WEEKS OF LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND INDUSTRY, MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979
AND MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984

Industry	Number of weeks								Total	Average number of weeks(a)
	Less than one	1-2	3-4	5-8	9-12	13-25	26 and over	One or more		
—'000—										
MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	132.6	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	133.3	*
Mining	75.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	80.3	*
Manufacturing	1,140.9	8.5	8.5	6.0	*	3.4	*	28.6	1,169.5	5.3
Electricity, gas and water	109.0	*	4.2	*	*	*	*	7.7	116.7	5.5
Construction	321.3	*	3.4	*	*	*	*	6.7	328.0	6.0
Wholesale and retail trade	982.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	8.6	990.6	5.1
Transport and storage	268.5	*	4.5	*	*	*	*	11.6	280.1	6.2
Communication	118.6	3.6	3.0	*	*	*	*	9.1	127.6	4.9
Finance, property and business services	400.9	*	*	*	*	*	*	5.3	406.3	6.5
Public administration and defence	263.4	*	5.0	*	*	*	*	10.1	273.6	5.7
Community services	849.4	3.3	4.9	5.1	*	3.0	*	18.7	868.1	7.0
Recreation, personal and other services	296.4	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	297.8	*
Total	4,961.9	25.2	39.0	24.2	10.7	10.6	*	110.0	5,071.9	5.8
MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	129.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	130.0	*
Mining	94.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	4.5	98.5	5.6
Manufacturing	1,071.5	7.9	7.2	6.1	*	*	*	24.2	1,095.6	4.8
Electricity, gas and water	137.7	3.7	4.8	*	*	*	*	12.3	150.0	5.1
Construction	275.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	4.6	279.6	4.6
Wholesale and retail trade	1,024.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	8.0	1,031.9	6.9
Transport and storage	294.3	5.2	4.0	*	*	*	*	12.5	306.7	5.3
Communication	123.1	6.8	3.0	*	*	*	*	11.7	134.8	3.5
Finance, property and business services	528.8	*	3.0	*	*	*	*	6.9	535.6	5.7
Public administration and defence	308.3	5.1	6.1	*	*	*	*	14.3	322.6	4.6
Community services	1,022.1	8.4	12.9	8.0	7.0	4.6	*	41.9	1,064.0	7.0
Recreation, personal and other services	326.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	328.1	*
Total	5,334.4	41.6	48.4	27.4	14.6	9.4	*	143.3	5,477.7	5.6

(a) The average number of weeks of long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave.

TABLE 5. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE (a): MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND AGE, MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979 AND MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 (' 000)

Months in which leave taken	Age (years)								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	
MAY 1978 TO APRIL 1979									
1978—May	5.9	46.2	104.7	85.4	58.7	18.5	7.0	*	328.4
June	6.9	29.2	39.0	25.6	31.0	14.7	7.0	*	154.6
July	5.2	21.9	39.8	26.2	32.1	13.2	8.6	*	148.9
August	13.6	59.4	119.9	106.0	75.4	25.9	10.5	*	412.2
September	13.5	62.8	126.9	109.9	81.3	33.1	10.6	*	439.2
October	14.2	41.2	66.9	40.5	47.6	27.0	11.0	*	249.8
November	13.7	39.7	77.6	40.2	44.5	18.8	8.9	*	244.5
December	98.5	189.6	381.4	332.8	264.5	95.0	40.9	6.9	1,409.6
1979—January	107.4	197.0	394.9	371.2	295.7	93.2	40.3	5.9	1,505.7
February	30.1	64.9	111.1	66.6	62.8	24.2	13.5	*	375.2
March	28.8	54.1	87.1	46.3	57.7	27.0	13.8	*	316.3
April	30.1	68.4	112.4	73.0	80.6	36.4	15.5	*	419.1
MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984									
MALES									
1983—May	*	8.4	59.4	61.4	36.1	14.7	4.8	*	187.1
June	3.5	14.2	41.6	32.8	20.4	9.6	3.3	*	126.0
July	3.0	13.4	41.5	30.4	21.4	12.2	4.8	*	127.8
August	4.0	23.2	75.5	68.9	41.6	19.5	6.2	*	239.8
September	6.4	22.8	95.7	94.1	55.5	24.5	9.3	*	309.0
October	3.4	18.6	57.2	35.2	31.6	16.4	9.1	*	172.1
November	3.3	15.5	65.7	35.7	33.1	14.7	7.4	*	175.5
December	49.9	120.8	274.5	272.3	177.8	64.1	28.9	5.4	993.7
1984—January	57.8	119.0	275.3	303.0	193.1	68.1	26.9	4.7	1,047.9
February	12.5	37.2	89.2	53.0	43.8	21.4	7.3	*	265.3
March	9.6	25.2	68.9	34.6	36.4	21.7	7.8	*	204.6
April	15.0	44.8	110.9	88.3	62.4	26.7	12.2	*	362.1
FEMALES									
1983—May	4.1	17.5	44.9	35.7	21.3	8.0	*	*	134.1
June	4.6	17.4	26.4	15.3	10.8	*	*	*	78.5
July	3.6	17.0	26.5	13.3	11.9	3.4	*	*	77.0
August	7.8	23.7	54.9	38.7	28.3	6.5	3.4	*	163.4
September	7.8	33.4	67.1	50.5	31.7	8.4	5.2	*	204.2
October	6.7	27.4	29.1	17.0	14.8	4.8	3.1	*	103.3
November	5.7	25.8	27.8	15.0	12.0	6.4	*	*	95.4
December	25.5	83.0	139.4	128.4	81.8	20.7	7.7	*	488.3
1984—January	29.7	84.9	146.8	148.7	85.5	22.2	7.0	*	526.7
February	14.3	42.0	46.7	24.8	19.7	6.7	*	*	156.1
March	14.5	32.4	30.7	14.1	14.6	5.4	*	*	113.8
April	13.9	42.5	57.7	31.8	22.3	6.6	3.1	*	178.4
PERSONS									
1983—May	6.5	25.9	104.3	97.0	57.3	22.7	7.4	*	321.2
June	8.1	31.7	68.0	48.1	31.2	12.0	4.8	*	204.5
July	6.6	30.4	68.1	43.7	33.3	15.6	6.2	*	204.8
August	11.8	46.9	130.4	107.6	69.9	26.0	9.7	*	403.2
September	14.2	56.2	162.7	144.6	87.2	32.9	14.6	*	513.3
October	10.1	46.0	86.3	52.2	46.3	21.3	12.1	*	275.4
November	9.1	41.3	93.5	50.8	45.1	21.2	9.5	*	270.8
December	75.4	203.9	413.9	400.7	259.6	84.8	36.6	7.3	1,482.0
1984—January	87.5	203.9	422.2	451.8	278.6	90.3	33.9	6.5	1,574.6
February	26.8	79.1	135.8	77.8	63.5	28.1	9.2	*	421.3
March	24.0	57.6	99.6	48.7	51.0	27.1	9.7	*	318.3
April	28.8	87.3	168.6	120.1	84.7	33.3	15.3	*	540.6

(a) Of One week or more.

NOTE: See NOTE to Table 3.

TABLE 6. ALL EMPLOYEES: LEAVE STATUS AND MARITAL STATUS, MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984
(' 000)

	Married			Not-married			Total		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Took no days of leave	521.3	516.3	1,037.6	502.7	428.5	931.1	1,023.9	944.8	1,968.7
Took annual leave(a) only	1,528.3	641.9	2,170.2	658.0	526.5	1,184.5	2,186.3	1,168.4	3,354.7
Took long-service leave(a) only	15.2	4.5	19.7	3.6	*	5.8	18.8	6.6	25.5
Took both types of leave(a)	84.9	20.4	105.3	15.3	8.2	23.5	100.1	28.6	128.8
Total	2,149.7	1,183.1	3,332.8	1,179.5	965.3	2,144.9	3,329.2	2,148.4	5,477.7

(a) Of at least one day.

TABLE 7. ALL EMPLOYEES : TYPE OF LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984, AGE AND MARITAL STATUS

Age (years) and marital status	Took less than one week	Leave(a) taken				Total	Total	Proportion who took leave(b) — per cent—
		Annual leave only	Long-service leave only	Both types of leave	Total			
— '000—								
MALES								
15-19	195.8	109.0	..	..	109.0	304.8	35.8
20-24	186.8	278.1	..	..	278.1	465.0	59.8
25-34	276.4	640.4	3.1	20.0	663.5	939.9	70.6	
35-44	187.3	526.3	6.4	28.0	560.7	748.0	75.0	
45-54	130.8	375.0	6.3	23.4	404.7	535.5	75.6	
55-59	50.2	149.4	*	14.0	165.6	215.8	76.7	
60-64	25.1	62.5	*	5.4	69.8	94.8	73.6	
65 and over	15.4	9.8	*	*	10.1	25.4	39.6	
Married	550.2	1,506.6	15.9	77.0	1,599.6	2,149.7	74.4	
Not-married	517.6	644.1	4.1	13.8	661.9	1,179.5	56.1	
Total	1,067.7	2,150.7	20.0	90.8	2,261.5	3,329.2	67.9	
FEMALES								
15-19	200.6	92.9	..	..	92.9	293.6	31.7
20-24	165.4	254.5	..	..	254.5	419.9	60.6
25-34	229.6	316.5	*	7.3	325.4	555.0	58.6	
35-44	216.1	248.2	*	6.3	256.0	472.1	54.2	
45-54	112.9	164.0	*	8.0	174.2	287.1	60.7	
55-59	31.1	47.4	*	*	50.4	81.5	61.8	
60-64	10.7	16.1	*	*	18.4	29.1	63.3	
65 and over	6.8	3.0	*	*	3.3	10.1	32.6	
Married	532.6	627.4	4.8	18.3	650.5	1,183.1	55.0	
Not-married	440.6	515.3	*	7.6	524.7	965.3	54.4	
Total	973.2	1,142.7	6.6	25.9	1,175.2	2,148.4	54.7	
PERSONS								
15-19	396.4	202.0	..	..	202.0	598.4	33.8
20-24	352.2	532.7	..	..	532.7	884.9	60.2
25-34	506.0	956.9	4.6	27.3	988.9	1,494.9	66.2	
35-44	403.5	774.5	7.9	34.3	816.7	1,220.1	66.9	
45-54	243.6	539.1	8.4	31.4	578.9	822.6	70.4	
55-59	81.4	196.8	3.1	16.1	216.0	297.3	72.6	
60-64	35.8	78.6	*	7.5	88.2	124.0	71.1	
65 and over	22.1	12.9	*	*	13.4	35.5	37.6	
Married	1,082.8	2,134.0	20.7	95.3	2,250.0	3,332.8	67.5	
Not-married	958.2	1,159.4	5.9	21.4	1,186.6	2,144.9	55.3	
Total	2,041.0	3,293.4	26.6	116.7	3,436.7	5,477.7	62.7	

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave as a proportion of all employees.

TABLE 8. ALL EMPLOYEES : TYPE OF LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 AND INDUSTRY

Industry	Took less than one week	Leave(a) taken			Total	Total	Proportion who took leave(b) —per cent—
		Annual leave only	Long-service leave only	Both types of leave			
		—'000—					
MALES							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	63.0	41.0	*	*	41.9	105.0	40.0
Mining	19.7	65.2	*	3.6	69.7	89.4	77.9
Manufacturing	225.8	570.7	3.4	18.3	592.4	818.2	72.4
Electricity, gas and water	25.0	96.7	*	10.1	108.7	133.7	81.3
Construction	109.5	135.0	*	3.7	139.5	249.0	56.0
Wholesale and retail trade	227.2	341.8	*	3.5	347.5	574.7	60.5
Transport and storage	82.2	165.7	*	9.2	177.6	259.8	68.4
Communication	20.0	72.2	*	7.8	82.1	102.1	80.4
Finance, property and business services	84.0	168.5	*	3.2	172.9	256.9	67.3
Public administration and defence	54.5	148.1	*	9.9	160.0	214.5	74.6
Community services	81.4	283.0	*	20.4	306.1	387.5	79.0
Recreation, personal and other services	75.3	62.8	*	*	63.3	138.6	45.7
Total	1,067.7	2,150.7	20.0	90.8	2,261.5	3,329.2	67.9
FEMALES							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	18.5	6.6	*	*	6.6	25.1	26.3
Mining	3.1	6.0	*	*	6.0	9.1	65.7
Manufacturing	101.1	173.9	*	*	176.3	277.4	63.6
Electricity, gas and water	3.7	12.4	*	*	12.7	16.4	77.7
Construction	13.8	16.7	*	*	16.8	30.6	55.0
Wholesale and retail trade	275.3	179.7	*	*	182.0	457.3	39.8
Transport and storage	17.6	28.7	*	*	29.3	46.9	62.4
Communication	11.9	19.0	*	*	20.8	32.7	63.7
Finance, property and business services	109.3	166.9	*	*	169.5	278.8	60.8
Public administration and defence	39.9	65.8	*	*	68.3	108.2	63.1
Community services	245.7	412.0	3.7	15.1	430.8	676.5	63.7
Recreation, personal and other services	133.3	55.1	*	*	56.1	189.5	29.6
Total	973.2	1,142.7	6.6	25.9	1,175.2	2,148.4	54.7
PERSONS							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	81.5	47.6	*	*	48.5	130.0	37.3
Mining	22.8	71.1	*	3.6	75.6	98.5	76.8
Manufacturing	326.9	744.5	3.8	20.3	768.7	1,095.6	70.2
Electricity, gas and water	28.7	109.1	*	10.3	121.4	150.0	80.9
Construction	123.3	151.8	*	3.8	156.3	279.6	55.9
Wholesale and retail trade	502.5	521.5	3.0	4.9	529.5	1,031.9	51.3
Transport and storage	99.9	194.4	*	9.5	206.9	306.7	67.4
Communication	31.9	91.2	*	9.2	102.9	134.8	76.3
Finance, property and business services	193.3	335.4	*	5.6	342.3	535.6	63.9
Public administration and defence	94.4	214.0	*	12.1	228.3	322.6	70.8
Community services	327.1	695.0	6.4	35.5	736.9	1,064.0	69.3
Recreation, personal and other services	208.6	117.8	*	*	119.5	328.1	36.4
Total	2,041.0	3,293.4	26.6	116.7	3,436.7	5,477.7	62.7

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave as a proportion of all employees.

TABLE 9. ALL EMPLOYEES: TYPE OF LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 AND OCCUPATION

Occupation	Took less than one week	Leave(a) taken			Total	Total	Proportion who took leave(b) —per cent—
		Annual leave only	Long-service leave only	Both types of leave			
—'000—							
MALES							
Professional, technical, etc.	101.2	355.8	*	22.6	381.0	482.2	79.0
Administrative, executive and managerial	77.3	207.0	*	4.4	212.6	289.9	73.3
Clerical	79.2	225.6	3.4	13.4	242.4	321.5	75.4
Sales	90.7	116.7	*	*	119.6	210.3	56.9
Farmers, fisherpersons, timbergetters, etc.	83.5	58.6	*	*	60.8	144.2	42.1
Transport and communication	77.5	138.9	*	7.2	148.0	225.5	65.6
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	475.7	926.4	8.5	34.7	969.6	1,445.3	67.1
Service, sport and recreation	82.7	121.8	*	5.2	127.5	210.2	60.7
Total	1,067.7	2,150.7	200	90.8	2,261.5	3,329.2	67.9
FEMALES							
Professional, technical, etc.	136.0	282.3	*	10.3	294.2	430.2	68.4
Administrative, executive and managerial	18.1	24.4	*	*	24.7	42.7	57.7
Clerical	319.5	473.2	*	9.0	483.9	803.3	60.2
Sales	158.3	84.2	*	*	85.8	244.1	35.1
Farmers, fisherpersons, timbergetters, etc.	18.1	6.0	*	*	6.0	24.0	24.9
Transport and communication	18.6	16.4	*	*	18.2	36.8	49.5
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	87.9	107.1	*	*	108.7	196.6	55.3
Service, sport and recreation	216.9	149.1	*	3.4	153.8	370.8	41.5
Total	973.2	1,142.7	6.6	25.9	1,175.2	2,148.4	54.7
PERSONS							
Professional, technical, etc.	237.2	638.1	4.2	32.9	675.2	912.4	74.0
Administrative, executive and managerial	95.4	231.4	*	4.5	237.3	332.7	71.3
Clerical	398.6	698.8	5.1	22.4	726.2	1,124.9	64.6
Sales	249.0	200.9	*	*	205.3	454.3	45.2
Farmers, fisherpersons, timbergetters, etc.	101.5	64.5	*	*	66.7	168.2	40.0
Transport and communication	96.1	155.3	*	8.3	166.2	262.3	63.4
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	563.6	1,033.5	9.0	35.8	1,078.3	1,641.9	65.7
Service, sport and recreation	299.7	270.8	*	8.6	281.3	581.0	48.4
Total	2,041.0	3,293.4	26.6	116.7	3,436.7	5,477.7	62.7

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave as a proportion of all employees.

TABLE 10. ALL EMPLOYEES: NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 AND INDUSTRY

Industry	Number of weeks								Total	Average number of weeks(a)
	Less than one	1	2	3	4	5-7	8 and over	One or more		
	—'000—									—weeks—
MALES										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	63.2	5.5	13.9	7.8	10.9	3.4	*	41.8	105.0	3.0
Mining	20.6	7.0	9.9	12.8	18.1	18.4	*	68.8	89.4	3.8
Manufacturing	229.2	39.5	98.2	139.6	236.5	69.3	5.9	589.0	818.2	3.4
Electricity, gas and water	26.9	7.7	24.5	21.6	36.5	15.0	*	106.8	133.7	3.4
Construction	110.3	12.9	36.7	29.0	46.4	13.3	*	138.8	249.0	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	229.5	33.2	91.3	70.1	119.1	28.7	*	345.2	574.7	3.2
Transport and storage	84.9	10.0	25.9	25.0	60.5	46.0	7.5	174.9	259.8	4.1
Communication	22.0	3.5	12.9	9.5	41.6	11.6	*	80.0	102.1	3.7
Finance, property and business services	85.1	15.9	37.7	33.3	58.0	23.4	3.4	171.7	256.9	3.4
Public administration and defence	56.4	11.9	37.0	32.9	54.9	18.9	*	158.0	214.5	3.4
Community services	84.0	11.8	37.9	35.2	67.2	57.1	94.3	303.4	387.5	5.7
Recreation, personal and other services	75.6	7.9	15.8	11.0	20.4	7.0	*	63.0	138.6	3.2
Total	1,087.7	166.8	441.5	427.8	770.0	312.1	123.3	2,241.5	3,329.2	3.7
FEMALES										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	18.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	6.6	25.1	3.2
Mining	3.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	6.0	9.1	3.2
Manufacturing	101.6	13.0	25.9	46.3	74.5	14.8	*	175.8	277.4	3.4
Electricity, gas and water	3.9	*	*	4.1	*	*	*	12.5	16.4	3.3
Construction	13.8	*	4.0	4.4	4.4	*	*	16.8	30.6	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	276.1	17.7	51.6	36.6	62.0	12.0	*	181.2	457.3	3.1
Transport and storage	17.9	*	7.1	4.7	7.7	6.0	*	29.0	46.9	3.6
Communication	12.3	*	*	3.0	7.9	4.8	*	20.4	32.7	3.7
Finance, property and business services	109.6	15.9	41.7	34.8	57.5	16.5	*	169.2	278.8	3.3
Public administration and defence	40.1	9.0	17.9	14.7	19.1	6.3	*	68.1	108.2	3.2
Community services	249.4	23.5	57.8	55.7	97.4	80.0	112.7	427.1	676.5	5.4
Recreation, personal and other services	133.7	6.1	14.2	8.5	18.4	7.6	*	55.8	189.5	3.3
Total	979.9	94.8	227.7	215.9	354.2	153.6	122.3	1,168.5	2,148.4	4.0
PERSONS										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	81.7	6.8	15.5	9.2	12.2	3.8	*	48.4	130.0	3.0
Mining	23.7	8.0	10.8	14.5	19.6	19.0	*	74.7	98.5	3.8
Manufacturing	330.8	52.4	124.1	185.9	311.0	84.1	7.4	764.9	1,095.6	3.4
Electricity, gas and water	30.7	9.1	26.7	25.7	39.2	17.2	*	119.3	150.0	3.4
Construction	124.0	14.8	40.6	33.4	50.7	15.6	*	155.6	279.6	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	505.5	51.0	142.9	106.7	181.1	40.8	4.1	526.4	1,031.9	3.1
Transport and storage	102.8	12.4	33.0	29.7	68.2	52.1	8.6	203.9	306.7	4.0
Communication	34.4	5.1	15.7	12.6	49.5	16.4	*	100.4	134.8	3.7
Finance, property and business services	194.7	31.8	79.4	68.2	115.5	39.9	6.2	341.0	535.6	3.3
Public administration and defence	96.6	20.9	54.9	47.6	73.9	25.2	3.6	226.1	322.6	3.3
Community services	333.5	35.3	95.7	90.9	164.5	137.1	207.1	730.5	1,064.0	5.5
Recreation, personal and other services	209.3	14.0	30.1	19.5	38.8	14.6	*	118.8	328.1	3.2
Total	2,067.6	261.5	669.3	643.7	1,124.2	465.7	245.6	3,410.0	5,477.7	3.8

(a) The average number of weeks of annual leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual leave.

TABLE 11. ALL EMPLOYEES: NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984, OCCUPATION AND FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME STATUS

Occupation and full-time or part-time status	Number of weeks								Total	Average number of weeks ^(a)
	Less than one	1	2	3	4	5-7	8 and over	One or more		
	—'000—								—weeks—	
MALES										
Professional, technical, etc.	103.8	29.7	63.3	62.8	83.8	47.6	91.2	378.4	482.2	4.9
Administrative, executive and managerial	78.6	22.2	55.8	42.3	63.4	24.6	3.0	211.3	289.9	3.2
Clerical	82.6	16.1	55.2	46.9	85.4	31.9	3.4	239.0	321.5	3.4
Sales	91.8	9.3	27.6	28.3	40.4	12.0	*	118.5	210.3	3.3
Farmers, fisherpersons, timber-getters, etc.	84.1	7.9	18.9	10.5	17.8	3.6	*	60.1	144.2	3.0
Transport and communication	79.4	6.8	20.0	21.1	58.4	33.6	6.2	146.1	225.5	4.1
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	484.2	68.0	180.9	199.0	379.9	122.9	10.4	961.1	1,445.3	3.4
Service, sport and recreation	83.3	6.6	19.8	16.8	41.0	36.0	6.7	127.0	210.2	4.2
Total	1,087.7	166.8	441.5	427.8	770.0	312.1	123.3	2,241.5	3,329.2	3.7
Full-time employees	940.4	164.7	435.8	423.0	759.4	307.0	114.1	2,203.9	3,144.3	3.7
Part-time employees	147.3	*	5.8	4.8	10.6	5.1	9.2	37.6	184.9	5.1
FEMALES										
Professional, technical, etc.	137.5	15.1	35.9	31.8	55.2	52.0	102.7	292.6	430.2	6.0
Administrative, executive and managerial	18.2	3.0	6.5	4.9	7.7	*	*	24.5	42.7	3.1
Clerical	321.1	53.3	118.6	105.4	146.9	49.0	9.0	482.2	803.3	3.2
Sales	159.1	7.0	23.0	16.1	32.2	5.7	*	85.0	244.1	3.3
Farmers, fisherpersons, timber-getters, etc.	18.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	6.0	24.0	3.5
Transport and communication	19.3	*	3.4	*	5.1	6.0	*	17.5	36.8	4.1
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	88.4	4.9	11.9	29.8	51.0	10.1	*	108.2	196.6	3.5
Service, sport and recreation	218.3	10.4	27.0	24.2	55.0	28.7	7.2	152.5	370.8	3.9
Total	979.9	94.8	227.7	215.9	354.2	153.6	122.3	1,168.5	2,148.4	4.0
Full-time employees	438.1	76.7	185.8	182.7	295.7	124.4	96.6	961.8	1,399.9	4.0
Part-time employees	541.8	18.0	41.9	33.3	58.5	29.3	25.7	206.7	748.5	4.1
PERSONS										
Professional, technical, etc.	241.4	44.8	99.3	94.6	138.9	99.6	193.9	671.0	912.4	5.4
Administrative, executive and managerial	96.8	25.2	62.3	47.2	71.1	26.3	3.8	235.9	332.7	3.2
Clerical	403.7	69.4	173.8	152.3	232.3	81.0	12.4	721.2	1,124.9	3.3
Sales	250.8	16.3	50.6	44.3	72.5	17.6	*	203.5	454.3	3.3
Farmers, fisherpersons, timber-getters, etc.	102.2	8.9	20.3	11.8	19.0	4.0	*	66.0	168.2	3.0
Transport and communication	98.7	7.1	23.3	23.7	63.5	39.5	6.5	163.6	262.3	4.1
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	572.6	72.9	192.8	228.9	430.9	133.0	10.9	1,069.3	1,641.9	3.5
Service, sport and recreation	301.5	17.0	46.9	41.0	96.0	64.7	13.9	279.5	581.0	4.0
Total	2,067.6	261.5	669.3	643.7	1,124.2	465.7	245.6	3,410.0	5,477.7	3.8
Full-time employees	1,378.5	241.4	621.6	605.6	1,055.1	431.4	210.7	3,165.7	4,544.2	3.8
Part-time employees	689.1	20.9	47.7	38.1	69.1	34.3	35.0	244.3	933.4	4.3

(a) The average number of weeks of annual leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual leave.

TABLE 12. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL LEAVE(a): NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN, MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN AND AGE

Age (years) and months in which leave taken	Number of weeks				Total	Proportion of those employees who took leave (a)(b)	Proportion of all employees (c)
	1	2	3	4-5			
	—'000—					—per cent—	
15 to 24—							
1983—May	6.1	17.3	3.1	5.9	32.4	4.4	2.2
June	11.2	14.2	4.1	10.2	39.7	5.4	2.7
July	14.1	11.7	4.9	6.2	37.0	5.0	2.5
August	20.2	23.3	7.0	8.3	58.8	8.0	4.0
September	24.5	28.1	9.5	8.3	70.4	9.6	4.7
October	15.4	20.2	9.5	11.0	56.1	7.6	3.8
November	13.6	21.4	7.7	7.6	50.4	6.9	3.4
December	160.2	81.2	24.2	13.6	279.2	38.0	18.8
1984—January	61.7	115.9	68.4	45.5	291.4	39.7	19.6
February	27.9	45.6	15.8	16.7	105.9	14.4	7.1
March	22.3	31.6	12.9	14.9	81.7	11.1	5.5
April	56.1	34.6	11.7	13.7	116.1	15.8	7.8
25 to 44—							
1983—May	25.7	134.3	10.8	19.4	190.3	10.6	7.0
June	43.9	33.9	9.5	18.6	105.9	5.9	3.9
July	37.3	34.8	13.1	15.5	100.7	5.6	3.7
August	114.3	75.3	16.2	22.9	228.6	12.7	8.4
September	130.4	116.8	24.8	25.2	297.1	16.6	10.9
October	41.3	48.0	17.4	23.1	129.9	7.2	4.8
November	34.2	53.5	23.1	23.8	134.6	7.5	5.0
December	396.5	281.3	80.1	50.2	808.0	45.1	29.8
1984—January	178.5	286.3	191.2	212.9	865.9	48.3	31.9
February	73.5	69.8	29.5	32.6	205.4	11.5	7.6
March	46.9	50.2	19.1	23.7	139.9	7.8	5.2
April	153.9	76.2	23.8	23.2	277.0	15.4	10.2
45 to 54—							
1983—May	8.9	34.5	5.1	5.4	54.0	9.5	6.6
June	7.1	9.7	3.4	5.5	25.8	4.5	3.1
July	4.7	9.6	4.3	8.6	27.3	4.8	3.3
August	27.5	21.4	3.3	9.0	61.3	10.7	7.4
September	32.1	30.3	7.0	10.5	80.0	14.0	9.7
October	9.7	15.0	6.2	9.3	40.1	7.0	4.9
November	7.7	16.2	5.5	9.1	38.6	6.8	4.7
December	140.3	81.0	19.1	15.9	256.3	44.9	31.2
1984—January	41.5	104.8	66.8	61.1	274.1	48.1	33.3
February	15.7	22.1	10.2	10.8	58.8	10.3	7.1
March	11.3	18.0	6.4	10.1	45.8	8.0	5.6
April	41.1	22.6	7.3	6.9	77.8	13.6	9.5
55 and over—							
1983—May	3.3	16.2	3.5	3.6	26.7	8.5	5.8
June	4.1	4.1	*	4.0	13.6	4.4	3.0
July	4.8	3.8	*	4.9	16.1	5.2	3.5
August	13.6	8.4	3.3	4.9	30.2	9.7	6.6
September	13.9	16.4	5.3	6.4	42.1	13.5	9.2
October	6.3	10.0	4.2	7.9	28.3	9.1	6.2
November	6.2	11.7	3.4	4.8	26.0	8.4	5.7
December	65.0	42.3	9.8	9.1	126.2	40.5	27.6
1984—January	24.1	43.9	33.4	27.1	128.5	41.2	28.1
February	7.7	11.9	7.2	8.0	34.8	11.2	7.6
March	9.0	12.4	5.3	7.1	33.8	10.8	7.4
April	23.0	11.7	4.9	8.5	48.1	15.4	10.5
Total—							
1983—May	44.0	202.5	22.6	34.3	303.3	8.9	5.5
June	66.3	61.9	18.6	38.3	185.0	5.4	3.4
July	61.0	60.0	24.9	35.2	181.1	5.3	3.3
August	175.6	128.4	29.8	45.1	378.9	11.1	6.9
September	200.9	191.6	46.6	50.4	489.6	14.4	8.9
October	72.8	93.1	37.3	51.3	254.4	7.5	4.6
November	61.7	102.8	39.7	45.4	249.5	7.3	4.6
December	762.0	485.8	133.1	88.8	1,469.8	43.1	26.8
1984—January	302.7	550.8	359.8	346.5	1,560.0	45.7	28.5
February	124.8	149.3	62.7	68.0	404.9	11.9	7.4
March	89.5	112.2	43.6	55.9	301.1	8.8	5.5
April	274.1	145.1	47.7	52.2	519.1	15.2	9.5

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks annual leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees who took one or more weeks annual leave. (c) Employees who took one or more weeks annual leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees.

NOTE: See NOTE to Table 3.

TABLE 13. TOTAL NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN BY EMPLOYEES: FAMILY STATUS AND MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL LEAVE TAKEN

Months in which leave taken	Family status									Total
	Member of a family						Not a member of a family			
	Husband or wife		Not-married family head		Child of family head	Other relative of family head	Living alone	Not living alone	Not family coded	
	With children aged 0-14 present	Without children aged 0-14 present	With children aged 0-14 present	Without children aged 0-14 present						
BY MALES										
—'000 weeks—										
1983—May	180.1	101.5	*	*	19.2	*	21.4	18.6	30.9	381.7
June	93.7	73.3	*	*	30.4	*	17.1	15.7	6.7	244.8
July	75.7	84.9	*	*	31.8	*	18.4	22.0	7.8	245.1
August	170.4	117.0	*	*	41.7	*	35.9	31.6	19.9	427.0
September	264.8	163.5	*	*	41.4	*	35.0	31.7	23.4	571.0
October	121.9	129.7	*	*	37.9	*	22.0	26.6	12.5	358.9
November	127.0	124.5	*	*	46.2	*	29.0	27.5	9.4	373.1
December	726.9	418.9	7.8	12.4	209.8	14.6	97.2	83.8	64.9	1,636.3
1984—January	1,135.1	614.5	16.1	21.3	334.3	27.7	142.9	126.7	95.5	2,514.2
February	205.3	191.3	*	*	79.3	*	36.2	30.3	13.1	568.1
March	121.0	164.7	*	*	57.0	*	31.6	31.6	12.4	430.4
April	222.4	194.1	*	*	78.6	8.4	40.5	36.0	21.8	612.5
Total number of weeks	3,444.3	2,377.9	49.3	83.4	1,007.5	74.0	527.1	482.2	318.3	8,363.0
—weeks—										
Average number of weeks(a)	3.8	3.8	4.1	3.8	3.3	3.6	3.9	3.8	4.0	3.7
BY FEMALES										
—'000 weeks—										
1983—May	66.7	89.0	6.3	10.2	32.8	*	27.3	22.2	17.4	272.9
June	25.0	47.1	*	*	28.5	*	23.1	13.1	7.1	155.8
July	19.1	57.3	*	*	22.9	*	22.6	17.5	*	153.3
August	57.9	90.9	7.2	7.6	38.8	*	33.2	25.0	14.9	277.5
September	78.8	110.1	12.4	14.7	48.1	*	43.5	29.5	15.9	356.3
October	19.7	76.2	*	7.8	41.3	*	34.3	25.5	7.9	217.9
November	20.0	71.7	*	6.8	34.5	*	25.5	23.7	8.9	195.5
December	230.2	274.0	28.3	29.5	104.2	10.8	82.0	52.4	42.7	854.1
1984—January	402.2	435.6	51.1	41.9	151.2	14.7	123.0	75.6	68.0	1,363.2
February	43.8	109.7	*	10.4	71.8	*	37.9	26.0	12.3	319.1
March	20.5	94.1	*	7.1	49.4	*	30.2	21.1	10.3	238.7
April	42.4	108.7	9.1	7.1	50.0	*	37.6	35.9	11.1	303.9
Total number of weeks	1,026.4	1,564.5	136.5	152.7	673.3	46.1	520.3	367.5	220.8	4,708.2
—weeks—										
Average number of weeks(a)	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.0
BY PERSONS										
—'000 weeks—										
1983—May	246.8	190.6	8.0	15.8	51.9	*	48.7	40.8	48.2	654.6
June	118.7	120.4	*	9.3	58.9	*	40.2	28.8	13.8	400.7
July	94.7	142.1	*	6.6	54.8	*	41.0	39.5	12.0	398.3
August	228.4	207.9	11.0	12.7	80.5	*	69.1	56.6	34.8	704.5
September	343.6	273.6	16.0	20.3	89.5	*	78.5	61.2	39.3	927.3
October	141.7	205.9	7.4	11.1	79.2	*	56.3	52.1	20.5	576.8
November	147.0	196.2	*	11.8	80.6	*	54.5	51.2	18.3	568.6
December	957.1	692.9	36.1	41.8	314.0	25.4	179.1	136.3	107.6	2,490.3
1984—January	1,537.3	1,050.1	67.2	63.2	485.6	42.4	265.9	202.2	163.5	3,877.4
February	249.1	301.0	6.9	16.5	151.1	6.7	74.0	56.4	25.5	887.2
March	141.5	258.8	*	12.5	106.4	7.0	61.9	52.7	22.7	669.1
April	264.8	302.9	13.5	13.4	128.6	10.3	78.1	71.9	32.8	916.4
Total number of weeks	4,470.8	3,942.4	185.8	235.1	1,680.8	120.0	1,047.4	849.7	539.1	13,071.2
—weeks—										
Average number of weeks(a)	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.4	3.6	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.8

(a) The average number of weeks of annual leave taken by employees who took one week or more of annual leave.

TABLE 14. ALL EMPLOYEES: NUMBER OF WEEKS OF LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984 AND AGE ('000)

Age (years)	Number of weeks								Total
	Less than one	1-2	3-4	5-8	9-12	13-25	26 and over	One or more	
MALES									
15-24	769.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	769.8
25-34	916.8	9.4	6.0	5.1	*	*	*	23.1	939.9
35-44	713.7	12.5	11.9	4.1	4.1	*	*	34.3	748.0
45-54	505.8	8.4	10.7	6.9	*	*	*	29.7	535.5
55-59	199.6	4.1	5.4	3.9	*	*	*	16.2	215.8
60-64	87.6	*	3.0	*	*	*	*	7.3	94.8
65 and over	25.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	25.4
Total	3,218.5	35.1	37.2	21.5	9.9	6.1	*	110.8	3,329.2
FEMALES									
15-24	713.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	713.5
25-34	546.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	8.9	555.0
35-44	464.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	7.8	472.1
45-54	276.9	*	3.1	*	*	*	*	10.2	287.1
55-59	78.5	*	*	*	*	*	*	3.0	81.5
60-64	26.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	29.1
65 and over	9.8	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	10.1
Total	2,115.9	6.4	11.2	5.9	4.7	3.3	*	32.5	2,148.4
PERSONS									
15-24	1,483.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,483.3
25-34	1,462.9	11.4	8.7	6.5	3.3	*	*	32.0	1,494.9
35-44	1,178.0	13.7	14.7	5.4	5.3	*	*	42.2	1,220.1
45-54	782.7	10.5	13.7	9.3	*	3.0	*	39.8	822.6
55-59	278.1	4.7	6.9	4.3	*	*	*	19.2	297.3
60-64	114.3	*	4.2	*	*	*	*	9.6	124.0
65 and over	35.0	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	35.5
Total	5,334.4	41.6	48.4	27.4	14.6	9.4	*	143.3	5,477.7

TABLE 15. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK LONG-SERVICE LEAVE(a): NUMBER OF WEEKS OF LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND MONTHS IN WHICH LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN

Months in which leave taken	Number of weeks				Total	Proportion of those employees who took leave (a)(b)	Proportion of all employees (c)
	1	2	3	4-5			
--'000--							
MALES							
1983—May	*	4.7	*	7.6	16.3	14.7	0.5
June	*	*	*	9.0	15.8	14.2	0.5
July	*	3.1	*	11.4	18.8	17.0	0.6
August	3.3	3.7	*	10.2	18.9	17.1	0.6
September	*	4.8	*	10.5	20.3	18.3	0.6
October	*	3.9	*	9.2	16.0	14.5	0.5
November	*	5.2	*	8.4	16.3	14.8	0.5
December	*	3.8	*	4.9	12.5	11.3	0.4
1984—January	*	7.1	*	5.5	15.6	14.0	0.5
February	*	3.4	*	6.8	12.6	11.3	0.4
March	*	3.6	*	5.8	13.4	12.1	0.4
April	3.6	5.4	*	6.3	17.4	15.7	0.5
FEMALES							
1983—May	*	*	*	*	4.5	13.8	0.2
June	*	*	*	3.1	5.2	16.1	0.2
July	*	*	*	3.6	5.8	17.9	0.3
August	*	*	*	4.7	7.3	22.3	0.3
September	*	*	*	4.2	6.7	20.7	0.3
October	*	*	*	4.3	6.4	19.8	0.3
November	*	*	*	3.1	5.5	16.8	0.3
December	*	*	*	*	4.5	13.9	0.2
1984—January	*	*	*	*	5.7	17.4	0.3
February	*	*	*	3.2	5.4	16.6	0.3
March	*	*	*	4.0	6.1	18.6	0.3
April	*	*	*	3.6	6.2	19.2	0.3
PERSONS							
1983—May	*	5.5	*	10.2	20.8	14.5	0.4
June	*	4.0	*	12.1	21.0	14.7	0.4
July	*	4.9	*	15.0	24.6	17.2	0.4
August	4.3	4.6	*	14.9	26.2	18.3	0.5
September	*	5.9	3.7	14.7	27.1	18.9	0.5
October	*	4.8	*	13.6	22.5	15.7	0.5
November	*	6.5	*	11.5	21.8	15.2	0.4
December	3.3	5.5	*	6.1	17.0	11.9	0.3
1984—January	*	8.1	*	8.4	21.2	14.8	0.4
February	*	4.8	*	10.0	18.0	12.5	0.3
March	3.0	4.9	*	9.8	19.5	13.6	0.4
April	4.5	6.7	*	9.9	23.6	16.5	0.4

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave. (c) Employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees.

NOTE: See NOTE to Table 3.

TABLE 16. TOTAL NUMBER OF WEEKS OF LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN BY EMPLOYEES: FAMILY STATUS AND MONTHS IN WHICH LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN

Months in which leave taken	Family status					Total	
	Member of a family			Other(a)	Not a member of a family		Not family coded
	Husband or wife		Without children aged 0-14 present				
	With children aged 0-14 present	Without children aged 0-14 present					
BY MALES							
---'000 weeks---							
1983—May	20.2	17.3	*	7.0	*	47.4	
June	22.9	17.5	*	8.5	*	52.6	
July	24.8	25.2	*	7.1	*	59.7	
August	24.6	26.8	*	*	*	58.1	
September	24.7	26.5	*	*	*	62.5	
October	17.8	19.3	*	6.7	*	50.6	
November	21.0	17.3	*	7.2	*	50.3	
December	15.7	10.7	*	*	*	34.4	
1984—January	24.8	9.2	*	*	*	41.1	
February	15.9	13.7	*	*	*	38.7	
March	14.4	14.8	*	*	*	37.7	
April	21.2	14.2	*	*	*	45.9	
Total number of weeks	248.2	212.4	*	67.4	*	579.0	
---weeks---							
Average number of weeks(b)	5.0	5.3	*	4.1	*	5.2	
BY FEMALES							
---'000 weeks---							
1983—May	*	6.8	*	*	*	14.8	
June	*	10.0	*	*	*	16.9	
July	*	11.6	*	*	*	19.0	
August	*	15.4	*	*	*	24.4	
September	*	12.8	*	*	*	23.5	
October	*	11.2	*	*	*	20.9	
November	*	9.1	*	*	*	17.5	
December	*	*	*	*	*	11.3	
1984—January	*	6.5	*	*	*	17.6	
February	6.4	*	*	*	*	17.2	
March	7.7	*	*	*	*	19.8	
April	9.0	*	*	*	*	19.1	
Total number of weeks	51.2	101.8	*	*	*	222.0	
---weeks---							
Average number of weeks(b)	7.8	6.8	*	*	*	6.8	
BY PERSONS							
---'000 weeks---							
1983—May	23.8	24.1	*	8.4	*	62.2	
June	25.9	27.4	*	10.8	*	69.5	
July	26.8	36.8	*	10.0	*	78.6	
August	26.5	42.2	*	7.7	*	82.5	
September	28.1	39.2	*	8.1	7.3	86.0	
October	21.2	30.5	*	8.4	7.6	71.6	
November	24.1	26.4	*	8.8	*	67.8	
December	17.9	14.9	*	6.0	*	45.7	
1984—January	30.6	15.7	*	*	*	58.6	
February	22.4	17.5	*	7.7	*	56.0	
March	22.1	20.2	6.8	6.3	*	57.6	
April	30.2	19.3	6.9	6.2	*	65.0	
Total number of weeks	299.4	314.2	53.5	94.2	*	801.1	
---weeks---							
Average number of weeks(b)	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.8	*	5.6	

(a) Comprises not-married family head with and without children aged 0-14 present, child of family head and other relative of family head. (b) The average number of weeks of long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks long-service leave.

NOTE: See NOTE to Table 3.

TABLE 17. ALL EMPLOYEES: NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS FROM MAY 1983 TO APRIL 1984

	Number of weeks								Total	Average number of weeks(a)
	Less than one	1	2	3	4	5-7	8 and over	One or more		
	—'000—								—weeks—	
Industry—										
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	81.5	6.8	15.3	9.1	11.9	4.2	*	48.5	130.0	3.0
Mining	22.8	7.9	10.6	13.7	18.7	19.2	5.6	75.6	98.5	4.0
Manufacturing	326.9	50.8	122.7	183.6	302.1	91.4	18.0	768.7	1,095.6	3.6
Electricity, gas and water	28.7	8.5	24.8	24.7	36.7	20.1	6.6	121.4	150.0	3.9
Construction	123.3	14.6	39.9	32.3	49.9	16.9	*	156.3	279.6	3.3
Wholesale and retail trade	502.5	50.8	141.9	106.2	179.2	43.2	8.2	529.5	1,031.9	3.2
Transport and storage	99.9	12.1	31.6	29.9	66.8	52.9	13.5	206.9	306.7	4.3
Communication	31.9	4.8	14.4	11.9	46.8	21.1	3.8	102.9	134.8	4.0
Finance, property and business services	193.3	31.7	78.0	67.6	114.2	40.8	10.1	342.3	535.6	3.4
Public administration and defence	94.4	19.2	52.6	45.9	71.5	30.7	8.3	228.3	322.6	3.6
Community services	327.1	34.3	92.4	89.6	158.9	134.5	227.2	736.9	1,064.0	5.9
Recreation, personal and other services	208.6	14.0	30.2	19.3	38.3	14.8	*	119.5	328.1	3.3
Occupation—										
Professional, technical, etc.	237.2	43.1	95.5	92.5	135.2	103.0	206.0	675.2	912.4	5.7
Administrative, executive and managerial	95.4	24.9	61.6	46.7	70.0	26.9	7.3	237.3	332.7	3.3
Clerical	398.6	67.8	168.9	150.8	227.6	86.8	24.4	726.2	1,124.9	3.5
Sales	249.0	16.1	49.9	44.4	71.9	19.4	3.7	205.3	454.3	3.4
Farmers, fisherpersons, timber-getters, etc.	101.5	8.9	19.7	11.6	19.0	4.7	*	66.7	168.2	3.1
Transport and communication	96.1	6.8	23.1	23.2	61.1	41.7	10.3	166.2	262.3	4.3
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	563.6	71.6	188.8	223.7	418.4	142.7	33.1	1,078.3	1,641.9	3.6
Service, sport and recreation	299.7	16.5	46.9	40.6	91.7	64.8	20.8	281.3	581.0	4.2
Marital status—										
Married	1,082.8	155.1	405.2	417.4	713.6	337.4	221.3	2,250.0	3,332.8	4.1
Not-married	958.2	100.4	249.2	216.3	381.2	152.5	87.0	1,186.6	2,144.9	3.8
Age (years)—										
15-19	396.4	22.5	50.9	38.5	73.4	14.7	*	202.0	598.4	3.1
20-24	352.2	44.8	120.3	108.2	172.3	66.0	21.1	532.7	884.9	3.5
25-34	506.0	78.6	192.7	177.4	277.3	152.4	110.5	988.9	1,494.9	4.2
35-44	403.5	57.8	149.7	158.3	242.7	118.8	89.5	816.7	1,220.1	4.2
45-54	243.6	36.9	91.5	101.6	207.9	88.1	52.9	578.9	822.6	4.2
55-59	81.4	9.8	31.5	34.7	82.4	35.4	22.1	216.0	297.3	4.4
60-64	35.8	4.4	15.3	13.4	32.7	12.3	10.1	88.2	124.0	4.4
65 and over	22.1	*	*	*	6.0	*	*	13.4	35.5	3.7
Males	1,067.7	162.1	429.9	419.2	747.1	332.8	170.4	2,261.5	3,329.2	4.0
Females	973.2	93.4	224.5	214.5	347.8	157.1	137.9	1,175.2	2,148.4	4.2
Total	2,041.0	255.5	654.4	633.7	1,094.9	489.9	308.3	3,436.7	5,477.7	4.0
May 1978 to April 1979	1,855.3	217.1	543.5	588.5	1,160.2	431.2	276.1	3,216.6	5,071.9	4.0

(a) The average number of weeks of annual and/or long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave.

TABLE 18. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE(a): FAMILY STATUS AND MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN ('000)

Months in which leave taken	Family status									Total
	Member of a family						Not a member of a family			
	Husband or wife		Not-married family head		Child of family head	Other relative of family head	Living alone	Not living alone	Not family coded	
	With children aged 0-14 present	Without children aged 0-14 present	With children aged 0-14 present	Without children aged 0-14 present						
MALES										
1983—May	88.9	48.9	*	*	8.4	*	10.9	10.4	14.5	187.1
June	52.2	37.9	*	*	12.3	*	8.3	8.0	3.7	126.0
July	45.0	44.8	*	*	12.9	*	9.7	10.0	3.9	127.8
August	100.4	65.7	*	3.0	20.2	*	19.4	15.6	12.8	239.8
September	146.9	86.4	*	3.2	19.6	*	18.6	16.2	15.3	309.0
October	61.2	59.2	*	*	17.5	*	9.7	13.3	7.7	172.1
November	64.4	58.4	*	*	19.0	*	11.1	13.6	5.2	175.5
December	434.5	256.1	4.7	8.3	136.0	8.8	57.2	50.7	37.4	993.7
1984—January	475.7	257.1	6.0	8.7	141.4	10.3	58.1	51.6	38.8	1,047.9
February	99.9	84.7	*	*	35.4	*	17.4	16.4	6.6	265.3
March	63.1	77.1	*	*	26.3	*	13.5	14.1	5.6	204.6
April	139.6	111.0	*	3.0	44.1	4.7	22.9	21.5	13.3	362.1
FEMALES										
1983—May	34.7	45.2	3.5	4.7	14.2	*	12.6	10.7	7.9	134.1
June	13.6	25.5	*	*	12.3	*	11.4	6.4	3.6	78.5
July	10.4	28.8	*	*	11.7	*	10.6	8.4	*	77.0
August	37.4	54.3	4.7	4.5	20.6	*	18.0	13.8	9.1	163.4
September	48.5	66.4	7.2	8.0	23.9	*	23.4	15.7	9.4	204.2
October	9.8	36.5	*	3.4	17.5	*	15.7	12.3	4.7	103.3
November	9.7	33.9	*	3.5	15.9	*	12.3	12.4	4.7	95.4
December	128.8	158.1	16.0	16.1	60.9	6.0	47.0	31.7	23.7	488.3
1984—January	153.5	168.5	20.2	15.5	62.5	5.6	47.8	28.6	24.6	526.7
February	24.2	52.7	*	5.3	31.7	*	18.2	12.5	7.0	156.1
March	11.8	43.3	*	3.5	23.4	*	13.2	11.1	4.7	113.8
April	30.9	59.6	5.0	4.6	28.9	*	21.0	20.7	6.5	178.4
PERSONS										
1983—May	123.6	94.1	4.4	7.5	22.7	*	23.4	21.1	22.5	321.2
June	65.8	63.4	3.0	4.2	24.6	*	19.7	14.5	7.3	204.5
July	55.4	73.6	*	*	24.6	*	20.3	18.3	6.0	204.8
August	137.8	120.0	6.7	7.6	40.8	*	37.4	29.4	21.9	403.2
September	195.5	152.8	9.0	11.2	43.5	*	42.0	31.9	24.7	513.3
October	71.0	95.8	4.0	5.0	35.0	*	25.4	25.6	12.4	275.4
November	74.2	92.3	*	5.2	34.9	*	23.4	26.0	9.9	270.8
December	563.3	414.2	20.8	24.3	196.9	14.8	104.2	82.4	61.1	1,482.0
1984—January	629.2	425.6	26.2	24.2	203.9	16.0	105.9	80.2	63.4	1,574.6
February	124.1	137.4	4.0	7.6	67.1	3.2	35.6	28.9	13.5	421.3
March	74.9	120.3	*	5.4	49.7	*	26.7	25.3	10.3	318.3
April	170.6	170.6	7.0	7.6	73.0	5.9	43.9	42.2	19.9	540.6

(a) Of one week or more.

NOTE: See NOTE to Table 3.

TABLE 19. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE(a): NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND MONTHS IN WHICH LEAVE TAKEN

Months in which leave taken	Number of weeks				Total	Proportion of those employees who took leave (a)(b)	Proportion of all employees (c)
	1	2	3	4-5			
--'000--					--per cent--		
MALES							
1983—May	28.9	108.6	16.9	32.8	187.1	8.3	5.6
June	38.8	40.2	13.5	33.4	126.0	5.6	3.8
July	37.9	38.5	17.1	34.3	127.8	5.6	3.8
August	98.6	79.9	21.2	40.1	239.8	10.6	7.2
September	110.5	120.8	31.5	46.2	309.0	13.7	9.3
October	43.5	63.6	21.9	43.2	172.1	7.6	5.2
November	37.6	69.7	27.5	40.6	175.5	7.8	5.3
December	538.1	302.8	87.1	65.7	993.7	43.9	29.8
1984—January	208.5	385.1	246.3	207.9	1,047.9	46.3	31.5
February	77.3	91.6	42.5	54.0	265.3	11.7	8.0
March	59.3	72.2	29.2	43.9	204.6	9.0	6.1
April	187.5	97.4	33.0	44.3	362.1	16.0	10.9
FEMALES							
1983—May	15.8	96.7	8.1	13.5	134.1	11.4	6.2
June	28.3	25.5	6.5	18.2	78.5	6.7	3.7
July	25.5	25.2	9.5	16.8	77.0	6.6	3.6
August	80.1	51.5	10.3	21.6	163.4	13.9	7.6
September	90.6	74.3	17.9	21.4	204.2	17.4	9.5
October	30.2	33.2	17.5	22.4	103.3	8.8	4.8
November	25.9	38.6	14.1	16.8	95.4	8.1	4.4
December	224.4	183.9	47.1	32.9	488.3	41.6	22.7
1984—January	93.5	166.6	115.0	151.7	526.7	44.8	24.5
February	48.4	61.1	21.6	25.0	156.1	13.3	7.3
March	32.5	41.7	16.1	23.5	113.8	9.7	5.3
April	89.6	52.5	17.5	18.9	178.4	15.2	8.3
PERSONS							
1983—May	44.7	205.3	25.0	46.3	321.2	9.3	5.9
June	67.1	65.8	20.0	51.6	204.5	6.0	3.7
July	63.5	63.7	26.6	51.1	204.8	6.0	3.7
August	178.7	131.3	31.5	61.6	403.2	11.7	7.4
September	201.1	195.2	49.4	67.6	513.3	14.9	9.4
October	73.7	96.7	39.4	65.5	275.4	8.0	5.0
November	63.5	108.4	41.5	57.4	270.8	7.9	4.9
December	762.6	486.7	134.2	98.6	1,482.0	43.1	27.1
1984—January	302.0	551.7	361.4	359.6	1,574.6	45.8	28.7
February	125.6	152.7	64.1	79.0	421.3	12.3	7.7
March	91.8	113.9	45.3	67.4	318.3	9.3	5.8
April	277.0	149.9	50.5	63.2	540.6	15.7	9.9

(a) Of one week or more. (b) Employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave. (c) Employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave in reference month as a proportion of all employees.

NOTE: See NOTE to Table 3.

TABLE 20. TOTAL NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN BY EMPLOYEES: MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND AGE

Months in which leave taken	Age (years)								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	
— '000 weeks—									
1983—May	17.0	56.6	230.9	210.4	128.3	56.4	16.9	*	716.8
June	20.4	73.0	145.0	107.7	76.9	32.2	13.2	*	470.2
July	14.6	62.5	147.2	97.6	93.3	43.7	15.4	*	477.0
August	21.6	99.3	237.2	203.0	145.6	52.8	25.4	*	787.0
September	27.7	114.8	304.7	268.6	184.3	73.9	37.4	*	1,013.3
October	21.7	106.5	193.9	117.9	117.0	56.9	31.8	*	648.3
November	22.3	88.0	216.8	120.4	114.9	48.3	24.9	*	636.4
December	119.4	330.4	735.7	690.8	433.8	149.1	64.5	12.1	2,536.0
1984—January	202.9	478.4	1,066.9	1,145.7	714.5	228.9	82.9	15.8	3,936.1
February	61.0	172.2	296.7	165.5	149.4	72.8	22.9	*	943.2
March	51.0	132.9	228.1	100.7	124.4	64.1	24.4	*	726.7
April	50.7	164.5	303.1	205.7	154.3	67.7	30.3	5.1	981.4
Total	630.4	1,879.2	4,106.3	3,434.0	2,436.7	946.8	390.1	48.8	13,872.3
—weeks—									
Average number of weeks(a)	3.1	3.5	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	3.7	4.0

(a) The average number of weeks of annual and/ or long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks of annual and/ or long-service leave.

TABLE 21. TOTAL NUMBER OF WEEKS OF ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN BY EMPLOYEES: MONTHS IN WHICH ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE TAKEN AND FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME STATUS

Months in which leave taken	By males			By females			By persons		
	Full-time employees	Part-time employees	Total	Full-time employees	Part-time employees	Total	Full-time employees	Part-time employees	Total
—'000 weeks—									
1983—May	410.3	18.7	429.0	221.5	66.3	287.7	631.8	85.0	716.8
June	289.8	7.7	297.5	147.7	25.0	172.7	437.5	32.7	470.2
July	297.8	6.9	304.7	144.6	27.6	172.2	442.4	34.6	477.0
August	467.8	17.2	485.1	240.2	61.7	301.9	708.0	78.9	787.0
September	618.3	15.3	633.6	316.8	63.0	379.7	935.1	78.2	1,013.3
October	401.2	8.3	409.5	206.2	32.6	238.8	607.4	40.9	648.3
November	415.2	8.2	423.4	184.6	28.4	213.0	599.7	36.6	636.4
December	1,632.9	37.8	1,670.7	687.5	177.9	865.4	2,320.4	215.7	2,536.0
1984—January	2,492.8	62.4	2,555.2	1,082.7	298.1	1,380.8	3,575.6	360.5	3,936.1
February	594.2	12.6	606.8	286.6	49.7	336.3	880.8	62.4	943.2
March	460.8	7.3	468.1	223.2	35.3	258.6	684.1	42.6	726.7
April	645.6	12.8	658.4	287.8	35.2	323.0	933.4	48.0	981.4
Total	8,726.7	215.3	8,942.0	4,029.5	900.8	4,930.2	12,756.2	1,116.1	13,872.3
—weeks—									
Average number of weeks(a)	3.9	5.6	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.0

(a) The average number of weeks of annual and/ or long-service leave taken by employees who took one or more weeks annual and/ or long-service leave.

TABLE 22. EMPLOYEES WHO TOOK ANNUAL AND/OR LONG-SERVICE LEAVE IN DECEMBER 1983 AND JANUARY 1984 IN ONE UNINTERRUPTED PERIOD(a); NUMBER OF WEEKS OF UNINTERRUPTED LEAVE IN DECEMBER 1983 AND JANUARY 1984 AND SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS

	Number of weeks					Total
	2	3	4	5	6 and over	
	—'000—					
Family status—						
Member of a family	107.6	201.9	284.5	85.9	180.7	860.6
Husband or wife	82.7	161.0	219.1	70.9	153.0	686.7
With children aged 0-14 present	47.0	93.6	120.9	44.9	87.5	393.8
Without children aged 0-14 present	35.8	67.5	98.2	26.0	65.5	292.9
Not-married family head	3.3	5.6	8.6	*	10.9	31.3
With children aged 0-14 present	*	*	3.6	*	4.9	15.4
Without children aged 0-14 present	*	*	5.0	*	5.9	15.9
Child of family head	20.4	34.0	52.5	10.3	14.9	132.1
Other relative of family head	*	*	4.3	*	*	10.5
Not a member of a family	16.5	25.2	34.8	11.4	39.5	127.4
Living alone	7.0	10.2	15.2	6.1	15.1	53.5
Not living alone	9.5	15.0	19.6	5.3	24.4	73.8
Not family coded	5.2	6.8	10.5	4.5	16.1	43.3
Industry—						
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	*	*	*	*	*	4.9
Mining	*	13.8	9.5	*	*	31.1
Manufacturing	37.1	119.1	148.3	28.0	8.9	341.4
Electricity, gas and water	5.1	4.5	8.3	5.0	*	24.8
Construction	14.3	14.7	24.3	5.1	*	60.6
Wholesale and retail trade	23.2	27.9	32.0	4.9	3.6	91.7
Transport and storage	5.3	6.0	14.8	8.1	5.6	39.9
Communication	*	*	7.8	3.4	*	16.3
Finance, property and business services	12.8	13.0	19.2	4.9	4.0	53.9
Public administration and defence	10.2	9.1	16.5	6.0	5.0	46.8
Community services	13.5	20.7	41.5	30.8	198.1	304.5
Recreation, personal and other services	*	3.7	6.5	*	*	15.4
Occupation—						
Professional, technical, etc.	20.0	21.3	36.7	28.3	187.8	294.1
Administrative, executive and managerial	10.9	12.6	16.7	4.5	*	47.5
Clerical	30.3	37.2	43.2	10.4	12.5	133.5
Sales	9.1	12.4	11.8	*	*	36.1
Farmers, fisherpersons, timbergetters, etc.	*	*	*	*	*	6.9
Transport and communication	*	4.4	14.7	5.8	4.1	31.9
Trades and production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c., and miners and quarry workers	50.0	137.1	183.8	40.5	17.3	428.6
Service, sport and recreation	4.3	7.6	21.1	10.2	9.4	52.6
Age (years)—						
15-19	7.2	13.5	22.4	3.3	*	48.5
20-24	19.6	36.3	48.0	9.7	19.9	133.5
25-34	38.7	57.3	64.8	26.9	89.4	277.1
35-44	35.3	60.0	87.4	33.2	71.7	287.5
45-54	17.9	45.7	68.6	17.6	38.4	188.3
55-59	6.9	13.5	24.0	8.3	11.6	64.4
60-64	*	6.4	11.7	*	*	26.2
65 and over	*	*	3.0	*	*	5.8
Males	92.3	165.4	237.1	72.4	116.1	683.3
Females	37.1	68.5	92.8	29.4	120.1	347.9
Total	129.3	233.9	329.9	101.8	236.3	1,031.3
	—per cent—					
<i>Proportion of employees who took leave (b)</i>	3.8	6.8	9.6	3.0	6.9	30.0
	—'000—					
May 1978 to April 1979—						
Total	100.7	703.4			209.0	1,013.0
	—per cent—					
<i>Proportion of employees who took leave (b)</i>	3.1	21.9			6.5	31.5

(a) Employees who took all of their December and January annual and/or long-service leave without returning to work during the period from their first day of leave in December to their last day of leave in January. Employees who in addition took other leave in December or January are not included in this table. (b) Employees who took annual and/or long-service leave in December and January in one uninterrupted period as a proportion of employees who took one or more weeks annual and/or long-service leave.

TECHNICAL NOTE

Estimation procedure

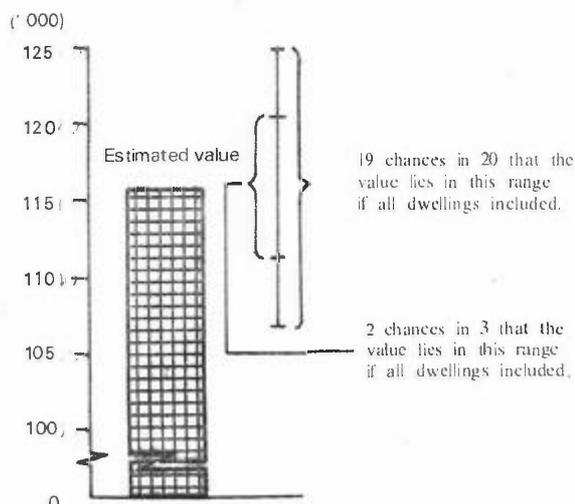
The estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population for each capital city and remainder of State by age and sex, rather than to the corresponding distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

2. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of the likely difference is the *relative standard error*, which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate.

3. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Three tables of standard errors follow. Table A gives the standard errors of estimates of persons. Table B shows the standard errors of estimates of total weeks of leave taken monthly. The third table (Table C) gives the standard errors of estimates of total weeks of leave taken annually. Since they are averages based on calculations for a limited number of past surveys over a wide range of characteristics these figures will not give a precise measure of the standard error of a particular estimate but they will provide an indication of its magnitude.

4. An example of the calculation and the use of standard errors in relation to estimates of persons is as follows. Table 7 shows the estimated number of employees in Australia, who took both types of leave during the year ended April 1984 is 116,700. Since this estimate is between 100,000 and 200,000, the standard error for Australia will be between 3,900 and 5,100 in the standard error table for persons (Table A), and can be approximated as 4,100 (rounded to the nearest 100). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall in the range 112,600 to 120,800 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the value will fall within the range 108,500 to 124,900. This example is illustrated in the following diagram.



5. An example of the calculation and use of standard errors in relation to total weeks of leave taken monthly is as follows. Table 13 shows the estimated number of weeks of annual leave taken in December 1983 is 2,490,300. Since this estimate is between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 in the standard error table for weeks of leave taken monthly (Table B), the standard error for Australia will be between 21,000 and 26,000 and can be approximated as 23,500 (rounded to the nearest 100). Therefore there are about two chances in three that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall in the range 2,466,800 and 2,513,800 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the value will fall within the range 2,443,300 and 2,537,300.

6. As can be seen from the standard error tables, *the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error*. Very small estimates are thus subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, estimates less than the lowest levels shown in the standard error tables have not been published. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable.

7. Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling errors. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion is given below:

$$RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$$

8. Considering the example from paragraph 4 above, the 116,700 employees who took both types of leave during the year May 1983 to April 1984 represent 3.4 per cent of the 3,436,700 employees who took leave. The standard error of 3,436,700 is approximately 12,900 so the relative standard error is 0.4 per cent. The relative standard error for 116,700 is 3.5 per cent. Applying the above formula, the relative standard error of the proportion is $\sqrt{(3.5)^2 - (0.4)^2}$ or 3.5 per cent, giving a standard error for the proportion (3.4 per cent) of 0.1 percentage points. Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the proportion of employees who took both types of leave out of those employees who took leave during the year May 1983 to April 1984 is between 3.3 per cent and 3.5 per cent and nineteen chances in twenty the proportion is within the range 3.2 per cent to 3.6 per cent.

9. Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of estimates of either total weeks of leave taken monthly or total weeks of leave taken annually are calculated in the same way as the example above illustrates. However, to obtain the RSE of either the estimates of the total weeks of leave taken monthly or the estimates of total weeks of leave taken annually you use Table B and Table C respectively.

10. Standard errors of estimates of the average number of weeks of annual and/or long-service leave taken are negligible.

11. Published figures may also be used to estimate the difference between two survey estimates (of numbers or percentages). Such a figure is itself an estimate and is therefore subject to sampling error. The sampling error of the difference between two estimates depends on their standard errors and the relationship (correlation) between them. An approximate standard error (SE) of the difference between two estimates (x-y) may be calculated by the following formula:

$$SE(x-y) = \sqrt{[SE(x)]^2 + [SE(y)]^2}$$

While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics or sub-populations it is expected to provide a good approximation for all differences likely to be of interest in this publication.

12. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by interviewers and respon-

dents and errors made in the coding and processing of data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error*, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample.

TABLE A — STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF PERSONS

Size of estimate	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia	
									— number —		Relative standard error (per cent)
1,000						250				
1,500						300	410	390		
2,000				460	490	340	470	440		
2,500			630	510	540	380	510	480		
3,000			690	550	590	410	550	510	800	26.7
3,500	920	910	740	590	630	430	590	540	860	24.6
4,000	980	960	780	620	660	460	620	560	920	23.0
4,500	1,000	1,000	820	650	700	480	650	590	970	21.6
5,000	1,100	1,100	860	680	730	500	680	610	1,000	20.0
6,000	1,200	1,200	930	730	790	530	740	650	1,100	18.0
10,000	1,500	1,400	1,200	900	970	640	910	750	1,400	14.0
20,000	2,000	1,900	1,500	1,200	1,300	810	1,200	910	2,000	10.0
50,000	3,000	2,700	2,200	1,600	1,700	1,100	1,700	1,100	2,900	5.8
100,000	3,900	3,500	2,800	2,100	2,200	1,300		1,300	3,900	3.9
200,000	5,000	4,400	3,600	2,600	2,700	1,500			5,100	2.6
300,000	5,800	5,000	4,100	2,900	3,000				6,000	2.0
500,000	6,900	5,800	4,800	3,300	3,500				7,200	1.4
1,000,000	8,500	7,000	5,900						9,100	0.9
2,000,000	10,000	8,400							11,000	0.6
5,000,000									15,000	0.3

NOTE: Estimates below the levels indicated have not been published.

TABLE B — STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF TOTAL WEEKS OF LEAVE TAKEN MONTHLY

Size of estimate	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	W.A.	S.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia	
									— number —		Relative standard error (per cent)
1,000						330				
2,000					560	460			550	
3,000			840	760	690	550			670	
4,000			970	860	800	630			770	
5,000			1,100	950	890	690			860	
6,000	1,600	1,500	1,200	1,000	980	750	1,500	930	1,600	26.7
7,000	1,700	1,600	1,300	1,100	1,100	800	1,600	1,000	1,700	24.3
8,000	1,800	1,700	1,400	1,200	1,100	850	1,700	1,100	1,800	22.5
9,000	1,900	1,700	1,500	1,200	1,200	900	1,800	1,100	1,900	21.1
10,000	2,000	1,800	1,500	1,300	1,300	940	1,900	1,200	1,900	19.0
20,000	2,800	2,400	2,200	1,800	1,800	1,300	2,400	1,500	2,600	13.0
30,000	3,300	2,900	2,600	2,100	2,100	1,500	2,700	1,800	3,100	10.3
40,000	3,800	3,300	3,000	2,400	2,400	1,700		2,000	3,500	8.8
50,000	4,200	3,600	3,300	2,700	2,700	1,900		2,100	3,900	7.8
60,000	4,500	3,900	3,600	2,900	2,900	2,000		2,300	4,200	7.0
70,000	4,900	4,200	3,900	3,100	3,100	2,200		2,400	4,500	6.4
80,000	5,200	4,500	4,100	3,300	3,300	2,300			4,800	6.0
90,000	5,400	4,700	4,300	3,400	3,500	2,400			5,000	5.6
100,000	5,700	4,900	4,500	3,600	3,700	2,500			5,300	5.3
200,000	7,900	6,800	6,100	4,900	4,900	3,400			7,200	3.6
300,000	9,600	8,200	7,300	5,800	5,800				8,700	2.9
400,000	11,000	9,300	8,200	6,600	6,500				9,900	2.5
500,000	12,000	10,000	9,000						11,000	2.2
600,000	13,000	11,000							12,000	2.0
700,000	14,000	12,000							13,000	1.9
800,000	15,000	13,000							14,000	1.8
900,000	16,000	14,000							15,000	1.7
1,000,000	17,000	14,000							15,000	1.5
2,000,000	24,000	20,000							21,000	1.1
3,000,000									26,000	0.9
4,000,000									30,000	0.8

NOTE: Estimates below the levels indicated have not been published.

TABLE C — STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF TOTAL WEEKS OF LEAVE TAKEN ANNUALLY

Size of estimate	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	W.A.	S.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A. C. T.	Australia	
									— number —	Relative standard error (per cent)
7,000									1,900	
8,000									1,900	
9,000									2,000	
10,000			3,200	2,500	2,600	2,500	3,400		2,100	
20,000			4,000	3,300	3,400	2,900	4,600		2,600	
30,000		7,500	4,600	3,800	4,000	3,200	5,400		3,000	
40,000	11,000	8,100	5,100	4,300	4,500	3,400	6,100	3,300	12,000	30.0
50,000	12,000	8,600	5,500	4,700	4,900	3,700	6,600	3,600	12,000	24.0
60,000	12,000	9,000	5,900	5,100	5,300	3,900	7,100	3,900	13,000	21.7
70,000	12,000	9,400	6,200	5,400	5,600	4,100	7,500	4,200	13,000	18.6
80,000	13,000	9,700	6,500	5,700	5,900	4,200	7,800	4,400	13,000	16.3
90,000	13,000	10,000	6,800	6,000	6,200	4,400	8,200	4,600	14,000	15.6
100,000	13,000	10,000	7,100	6,200	6,500	4,600	8,500	4,800	14,000	14.0
200,000	16,000	13,000	9,400	8,100	8,600	5,900	11,000	6,500	17,000	8.5
300,000	18,000	15,000	11,000	9,500	10,000	6,900		7,900	19,000	6.3
400,000	19,000	16,000	13,000	11,000	11,000	7,800			20,000	5.0
500,000	21,000	17,000	14,000	12,000	12,000	8,600			22,000	4.4
600,000	22,000	19,000	15,000	12,000	13,000				23,000	3.8
700,000	23,000	20,000	16,000	13,000	14,000				24,000	3.4
800,000	24,000	21,000	17,000	14,000	15,000				25,000	3.1
900,000	25,000	21,000	18,000	15,000	16,000				26,000	2.9
1,000,000	26,000	22,000	19,000	15,000	17,000				27,000	2.7
2,000,000	34,000	29,000	27,000	20,000	22,000				34,000	1.7
3,000,000	40,000	35,000	33,000						40,000	1.3
4,000,000	45,000	39,000							44,000	1.1
5,000,000	49,000								48,000	1.0
6,000,000									52,000	0.9
7,000,000									55,000	0.8
8,000,000									59,000	0.7
9,000,000									62,000	0.7
10,000,000									65,000	0.7
20,000,000									88,000	0.4

NOTE: Estimates below the levels indicated have not been published.