

CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 30 JUNE 1971
COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA



BULLETIN 4.
BIRTHPLACE

PART 7. NORTHERN TERRITORY

Prepared under instructions from the Honourable the Treasurer by

J. P. O'NEILL
COMMONWEALTH STATISTICIAN

**COMMONWEALTH BUREAU OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS
CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA**

1973—AMBASSADOR PRESS PTY. LTD., Granville, N.S.W. 2142

PREFACE

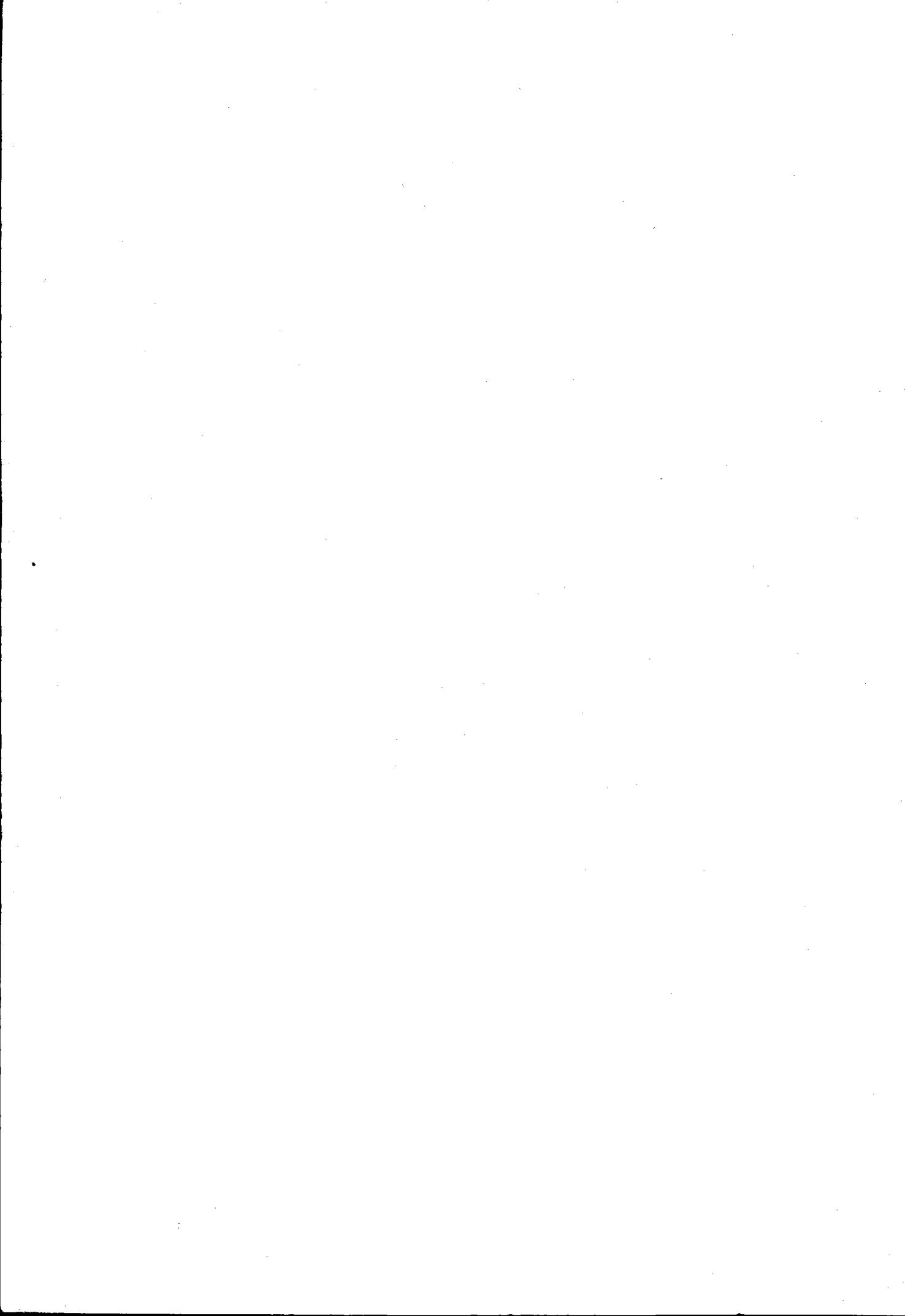
Final results from the 1971 Census of Population and Housing are being released in a series of 14 bulletins covering single and cross-classified characteristics of population and dwellings.

It should be recognised that in processing census data for 13 million persons and 4.5 million households there are innumerable possibilities for error. As in other areas of statistics, much of the effort of statisticians is directed to devising procedures which prevent most errors from occurring or which detect and eliminate those which do occur. Despite such efforts, it is impracticable to eliminate every inaccuracy but special steps such as editing and quality control procedures are taken to measure and control the level of such inaccuracy. Thus while some minor errors and discrepancies may be evident in the final results, it is unlikely that they would have any practical significance in the interpretation of the Census data.

A large number of tabulations are being produced for the 1971 Census which, because of their size and complexity, will not be published. In some cases, classifications of characteristics will be available at a finer level than those published in the Bulletins. A complete list of the tabulations produced (published and unpublished) and the levels of classification available will be published in the Catalogue of 1971 Census Tabulations (Bulletin 14). For information on the more detailed classifications and the availability of unpublished tabulations please contact the office of the Bureau of Census and Statistics in each State capital city or in Canberra.

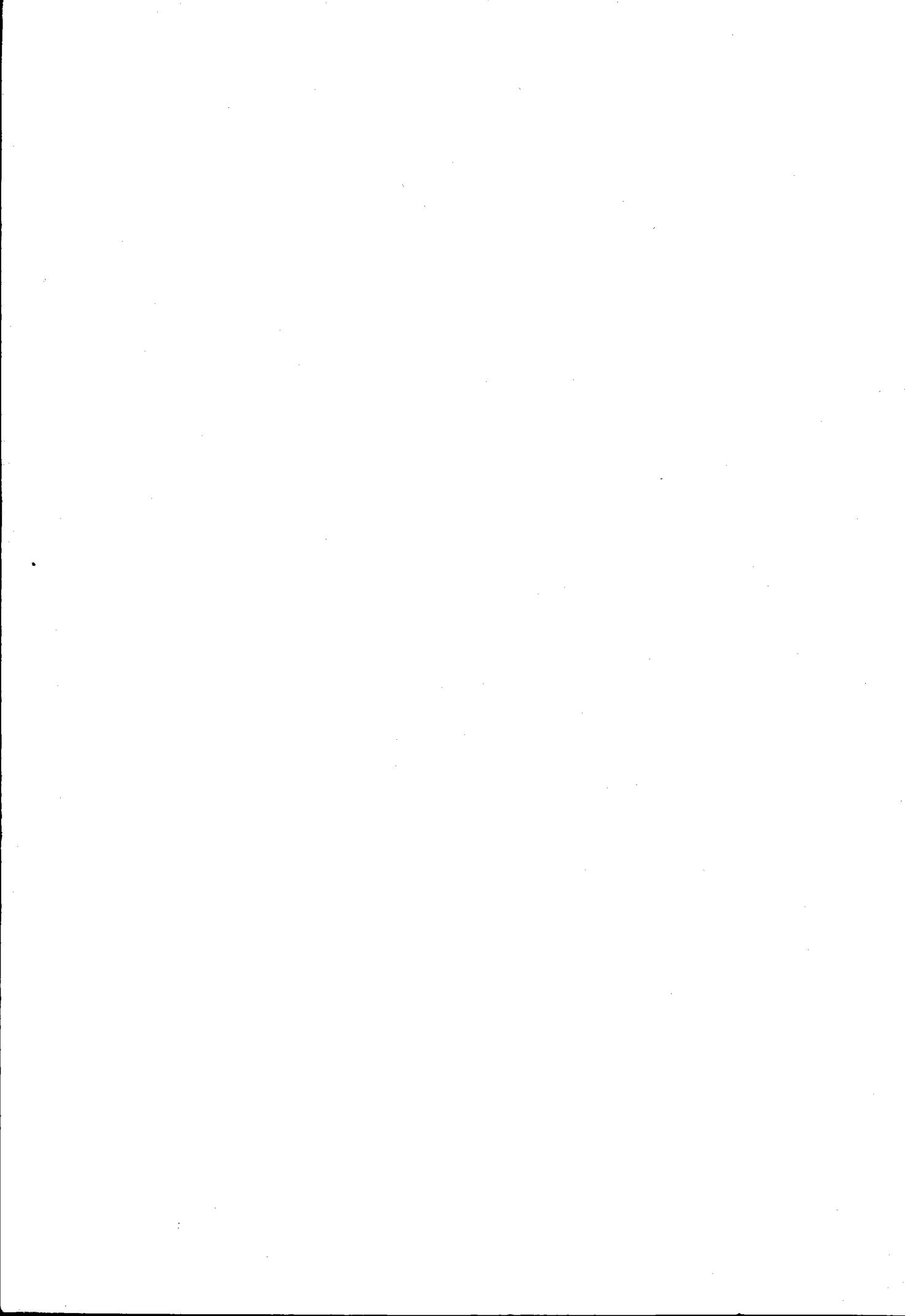
J. P. O'NEILL
Commonwealth Statistician

Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics
Canberra, A.C.T. 2600 December 1972



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INTRODUCTION

Publications

The publication programme for the 1971 Census of Population and Housing comprises a series of 14 Bulletins; the title and content of each are as follows :

Bulletin 1. *Summary of Population*

Single characteristics : age, marital status, birthplace, period of residence, nationality, usual major activity, 1966 residence, religion, level of schooling, educational institution, qualifications, occupational status, occupation, industry.

Bulletin 2. *Summary of Dwellings*

Class of dwelling cross-classified by : number of rooms, number of bedrooms, nature of occupancy, electricity and gas, bathroom and kitchen facilities, sewage disposal, inmates by number of rooms, inmates by number of bedrooms.

Bulletin 3. *Demographic Characteristics*

Age and marital status cross-classified by : usual major activity, employment status, birthplace of parents, birthplace, nationality.

Bulletin 4. *Birthplace*

Country of birth cross-classified by : age, marital status, nationality, period of residence, level of schooling, qualifications, occupational status, occupation, industry.

Bulletin 5. *The Labour Force*

Employment status cross-classified by age and marital status. Occupation cross-classified by : occupational status, age, birthplace, qualifications. Industry cross-classified by : occupational status, age, birthplace, qualifications.

Bulletin 6. *Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres*

Bulletin 7. *Characteristics of the Population and Dwellings – Local Government Areas*

Single characteristics : age, religion, marital status, nationality, birthplace, period of residence, 1966 residence, usual residence, usual major activity, level of schooling, qualifications, occupational status, industry, occupation, class of dwelling, rent, reason unoccupied, number of rooms and bedrooms, nature of occupancy, facilities, sewage disposal, motor vehicles, material of outer walls.

Bulletin 8. *Characteristics of the Population and Dwellings – Commonwealth Electoral Divisions*

The topics in this Bulletin are identical to those in Bulletin 7.

Bulletin 9. *The Aboriginal Population*

Characteristics of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population.

Bulletin 10. *Families and Households*

Bulletin 11. *Fertility*

Bulletin 12. *Geographic Distribution*

Bulletin 13. *Maps*

Each State, showing Local Government Areas and Statistical Divisions plus maps of principal urban centres.

Bulletin 14. *Catalogue of 1971 Census Tabulations*

Index of all tabulations, published and unpublished, produced from the 1971 Census.

Bulletins 1-6 consist of a series of separate parts for each State and Territory and one for Australia. In Bulletin 6 the Northern Territory part is combined with that of the Australian Capital Territory. There is no Australian part to Bulletin 7 and Bulletins 8-14 consist only of one part.

Each publication can be identified by a number and colour code system as follows :

<i>Bulletin Number</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Cover Colour</i>
1	Summary of Population	Yellow Green
2	Summary of Dwellings	Light Brown
3	Demographic Characteristics	Pink
4	Birthplace	Light Purple
5	The Labour Force	Light Blue
6	Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres	Light Green
7	Characteristics of the Population and Dwellings – Local Government Areas	Grey
8	Characteristics of the Population and Dwellings – Commonwealth Electoral Divisions	Dark Grey
9	The Aboriginal Population	Dark Green
10	Families and Households	Dark Purple
11	Fertility	Dark Brown
12	Geographic Distribution	Dark Blue
13	Maps	Olive Green
14	Catalogue of 1971 Census Tabulations	Dark Red

<i>Geographic Area</i>	<i>Part Number</i>	<i>Horizontal Band Colour</i>
New South Wales	1	Blue
Victoria	2	Orange
Queensland	3	Maroon
South Australia	4	Red
Western Australia	5	Black
Tasmania	6	Green
Northern Territory	7	Brown
Australian Capital Territory	8	Purple
Australia	9	Gold

As an illustration of the colour code system, all 'Summary of Dwellings' bulletins have light brown covers with a horizontal band varying in colour according to the State.

Coverage

In conformity with the 1967 repeal of Section 127 of the Constitution, 1971 Census statistics include Aborigines. In order to provide comparability between the 1971 and 1966 Censuses, tables showing 1966 data have been amended to include Aborigines or their dwellings and therefore differ from the 1966 tables previously published.

Persons with diplomatic immunity (diplomatic and home-based staff of diplomatic missions, and their families) are excluded from the Census. Dwellings occupied by persons with diplomatic immunity are also excluded.

(NOTE. Any discrepancies between totals and sums of components in percentages in tables are due to rounding.)

State	N.T.
Div.	01
S. Div.	
C.D.	
Rec. No.	

CONFIDENTIAL

A FEW FACTS ABOUT THE CENSUS

*At the Census everybody in Australia contributes
to Australia's knowledge about itself*

YOUR FORM IS ABSOLUTELY CONFIDENTIAL. The LAW prevents anyone but the Commonwealth Statistician and his officers from seeing your return. OTHER PERSONS OR GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS CANNOT see your return for any purpose whatsoever.

THE STATISTICS ARE ESSENTIAL TO PEOPLE WORKING ON SUCH NATIONAL PROBLEMS AS:

- HOUSING NEEDS
- BETTER LIVING STANDARDS
- EDUCATION (SCHOOLS, TEACHERS, ETC.)
- WELFARE OF THE AGED, WIDOWS, ABORIGINES, MIGRANTS, ETC.
- CITY GROWTH, TRAFFIC PROBLEMS, ROADS
- SEWERAGE, WATER AND POWER SUPPLY
- EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT, VOCATIONAL TRAINING
- DECENTRALISATION, RURAL DEPOPULATION, LOCATION OF INDUSTRY

MOST CENSUS INFORMATION CANNOT BE OBTAINED IN ANY OTHER WAY.

The great value of the Census is that all the information about everybody is obtained at the one time. This means that it can be added together and cross-tabulated to give a very detailed statistical picture of AUSTRALIA at a single point in time. Without you the picture would be incomplete.

THE STATISTICS ARE AVAILABLE TO YOU. All the statistical tables which are compiled from the Census serve important Governmental purposes, but they are also available to private individuals, the business community and researchers.



CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING AUSTRALIA

30 June 1971

HOUSEHOLDER'S SCHEDULE

Under the provisions of the *Census and Statistics Act 1905-1966* you are required to fill in this form to the best of your knowledge and belief. However, there is no penalty for omitting information on a person's religious denomination.

The information supplied in this form is **CONFIDENTIAL**. The Act provides that it cannot be seen by any persons other than officers of the Bureau of Census and Statistics. It will be used only for obtaining totals for statistical purposes.

The completed schedule should be ready to hand to the Census Collector who will call on THURSDAY 1 JULY or as soon as possible after that day.

• Signature of Householder.....
• Signature of Collector.....
• Street, etc.....
City, town or village.....

Bureau of Census and Statistics

For Census Collector's use only

2. The reason for being unoccupied—

- For sale
 - Holiday home
 - Condemned or awaiting demolition
 - To let (other than holiday home)
 - Newly completed and awaiting occupancy
 - Usual residents temporarily absent
 - Vacant for repairs or alterations
 - Other (describe) _____
- (Refer to sketches and descriptions on page 2)
- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Separate house | <input type="checkbox"/> Self-contained flat |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Semi-detached or duplex house | <input type="checkbox"/> Non self-contained flat |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attached house | <input type="checkbox"/> Caravan, houseboat |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Terrace or row house | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (describe) _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Vill development | |

HOW TO FILL IN THIS FORM

After you have read the instructions:

- **Step 1:** Lift this flap and fill in page 1 for all persons who spent the night of Wednesday 30 June in this household.
- **Step 2:** Give particulars of this dwelling on pages 2 and 3.
- **Step 3:** Complete a double page of personal particulars for each person listed on page 1.
- **Step 4:** Sign the form on the front page.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. **FILL IN A SEPARATE FORM FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD.**
A household is a domestic group living and eating together. A person living alone is also a household.
2. **IF THERE IS MORE THAN ONE HOUSEHOLD OBTAIN EXTRA FORMS FROM THE CENSUS COLLECTOR WHEN HE RETURNS.**
3. **THIS BOOKLET HAS PAGES FOR 8 PERSONS. IF THERE ARE MORE THAN 8 PERSONS IN THE HOUSEHOLD OBTAIN PERSONAL SLIPS FOR THESE EXTRA PERSONS FROM THE CENSUS COLLECTOR WHEN HE RETURNS.**
4. **IF ANY PERSON IN THE HOUSEHOLD, SUCH AS A VISITOR OR BOARDER, PREFERENCES TO FILL IN A SEPARATE FORM TO MAINTAIN PRIVACY, ASK THE COLLECTOR FOR A 'PERSONAL SLIP' AND AN ENVELOPE. The Personal Slip should be filled in and sealed in the envelope by the person concerned, for delivery by you unopened to the Census Collector with this schedule.**
5. **FOR ANY PERSON WHO COMPLETES A PERSONAL SLIP, ENTER ON PAGE 1 OF THIS SCHEDULE THE NAME, RELATIONSHIP AND SEX OF THE PERSON AND WRITE 'P.S.' IN THE AGE COLUMN.**
6. **Not all questions have to be answered by everybody. Read each question carefully, give your answer, then follow the directions to the next question which applies. Most questions can be answered simply by placing a tick in the appropriate box, e.g.**

No
 Yes
7. **If you do not know the exact answer to a question, give the best estimate you can.**
8. **Please use ink or ball point pen.**
9. **The completed schedule should be ready to hand to the Census Collector who will call on THURSDAY 1 JULY or as soon as possible after that day.**
10. **If you need any help with this form, telephone the Divisional Returning Officer for your Commonwealth Electoral Division, or ask the Census Collector when he returns.**

- List in Column ① all persons (including visitors), who spent the night of **Wednesday 30 June** in this household (or returned on **Thursday 1 July** without having been counted elsewhere), and then fill in Columns ② to ⑥ for each person.

Column ①	Column ②	Column ③	Column ④	Column ⑤	Column ⑥
First Name and Surname List LAST any persons in this household who have completed 5 on previous page. For unnamed baby write BABY and surname.					
Relationship to head of household For example: mother wife daughter son-in-law brother grandchild visitor boarder co-tenant etc.					
1	First name Surname	Sex	Age (in years and completed months)	Present Marital Status	Is this person a usual resident of this dwelling?
NOTE A 'usual' person is any person who has lived here for the last 6 months, or who will be spending 6 months or more during 1971 in this dwelling. OR any person who is here now and who has no usual place of residence.					
2	First name Surname	Male Female	Years Months	<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
3	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
4	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
5	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
6	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
7	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
8	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
9	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence
10	First name Surname	Male Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Married but permanently separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No → Give State, Territory or Country of usual residence

For Census Collector's use only

Total persons in household i.e. listed in Column ① and on any extra Personal Slips issued.	Males _____ Females _____ Persons _____
--	---



LIFT
FLAP

NOW LIFT THIS FLAP AND FILL IN PAGE 1

PARTICULARS OF THIS DWELLING

These questions should preferably be answered by the Head of the Household.
The dwelling for which particulars are sought is the house, flat or other premises occupied solely by your household on 30 June 1971.

D 1. Tick the box opposite the description which best describes your dwelling. The sketches and comments will help you decide which box to tick. (Tick one box only.)

Sketch	Description	Dwelling type	
	Generally a structure containing only one dwelling on its own block of land, separated by open space from other dwellings. However, if the house has only one flat attached to or incorporated in it, tick this box if you occupy the main part of the structure.	1 <input type="checkbox"/> Separate House	
	One of a set of two houses (single or double storey) joined together and separated only by a wall extending from foundation to ceiling.	2 <input type="checkbox"/> Semi-detached or Duplex House	
	A house attached to business premises separated only by a wall extending from foundation to ceiling.	3 <input type="checkbox"/> Attached House	
	One of a set of houses (single or double storey) in a row of 3 or more separated only by walls extending from foundation to ceiling.	4 <input type="checkbox"/> Terrace or Row Houses	
	One of a group (three or more) of single or double storey homes separate or joined together in sets of 2 or more all occupying a common block of land.	5 <input type="checkbox"/> Villa Development	
(a)	(a) One of a block of rental or own-your-own flats or home units.	6 <input type="checkbox"/> Self-contained Flat or Home Unit (Self-contained means able to be completely closed off and with own cooking and bathing facilities)	
(b)	(b) A self-contained flat in or attached to a house. (Tick this box if you live in the flat)	(d)	(d) A pair of self-contained flats or home units.
(c)	(c) A pair of self-contained flats or home units.	(e)	(e) A self-contained flat situated on the same block of land as a house, but not attached to the house.
7 <input type="checkbox"/> Non-self-contained Flat	A non-self-contained part of a house, flat or other premises (including room or rooms).	8 <input type="checkbox"/> Improvised Home	
9 <input type="checkbox"/> Caravan, Houseboat, etc.	Mobile unit occupied on a permanent or semi-permanent basis.	X <input type="checkbox"/> Other—describe	

PARTICULARS OF DWELLING

D2. (a) Was this dwelling built after 30 June 1966?
Yes No → Go to question D3

(b) In what year was this dwelling built?

1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971

1 2 3 4 5 6

Brick Brick Veneer Stone Concrete

Timber Metal Fibro-cement

Other (please describe)

↓

D3. What is the material of the outer walls of this building?

If more than one, give main material.
(Tick one box only)

0 1 2 3 4 5 6

Brick Brick Veneer Stone Concrete

Timber Metal Fibro-cement

Other (please describe)

↓

D4. Do you or any usual member of your household pay rent for this dwelling?

Yes No → Go to question D12

(b) To whom is this rent paid?

1 Northern Territory Administration or Housing Commission
2 Employer
3 Other landlord

D10. Is this dwelling owned (or being purchased) by you or any usual member of your household?

Yes No → Go to question D12

D11.(a) Do you or any usual member of your household pay rent for this dwelling?

Yes No → Go to question D12

(b) To whom is this rent paid?

1 Northern Territory Administration or Housing Commission
2 Employer
3 Other landlord

(c) Is this dwelling rented furnished or unfurnished?

0 Unfurnished
1 Furnished

(d) What is the weekly rent?

• Include the weekly equivalent of any rates payable separately by this household; e.g. sanitation, garbage, water rates (other than excess water), etc.

↓

D12.(a) Is this dwelling situated on a holding of one acre or more which is used principally for agricultural or pastoral purposes? (i.e. for any type of crop growing, animal or poultry farming)

Yes No → Go to question D13

(b) Is this dwelling less than one mile from the nearest Post Office?

Yes No → Go to question D13

(c) What is the name of that Post Office?

D5. How many bedrooms are there in your dwelling?

• Include also permanently enclosed sleep-out. If one-room apartment or bed-sitting room, tick 'none'.

None 1 2 3 4 5 or more

↓

D6. Does your household have the use of a bathroom?

(Tick one box only)

Yes, for this household only
Yes, but used also by another household
No

D7. Does your household have the use of a kitchen?

(Tick one box only)

Yes, for this household only
Yes, but used also by another household
No

D8. What is the method of sewage disposal for this dwelling?

1 Flush toilet connected to public sewer

2 Flush toilet connected to individual system, e.g. septic tank

3 Sanitary pan collection

4 Other

D13. Excluding this dwelling, how many dwellings (other than caravans or houseboats) are owned or purchased by you (or any usual member of the household) in which you or they live sometime during each year (e.g. for holidays)?

(Tick one box only)

None 1 2 3 or more

↓

D14. How many motor vehicles owned or driven by members of your household were stored or parked at one time this dwelling for the night of Wednesday 30 June 1971?

• Exclude motor cycles, scooters, tractors.

• Include company vehicles kept at home.

None 1 2 3 4 or more

PARTICULARS OF PERSON LISTED

1. Name of person on line 1 of page 1 First name Surname	8. If this person is now a child at school or a full-time or part-time student, print full name and address of school, university, college, etc. (If not applicable, write 'N.A.') Name of school, etc. For Office Use Address G O T
2. What is this person's usual major activity? (Tick one box only) 1 Working in a job, trade, business or profession 2 Engaged in home duties 3 Child not yet attending primary school 4 Child at primary or secondary school 5 Full-time student (other than school child) 6 Other, specify:	9. Did this person live at this address in June 1966? (i.e. 5 years ago)? Yes No Y Did this person live in a city, town or village in June 1966? Yes No Y Give name of that city, town or village which was NEAREST (If overseas write 'O') Name of city, town or village State, Territory
3. Was this person born in Australia? Yes Y Give State or Territory of birth No Y (a) Give country of birth (not town or locality) (b) Give nationality or citizenship (e.g. 'Australian', 'British', 'Greek', 'Italian', ' Stateless ', etc.) If Australian or British by naturalisation, write Australian or British. (c) State whether a resident of Australia or a visitor to Australia Resident <input type="checkbox"/> Give date of first arrival in Australia as a resident. Month Year Visitor <input type="checkbox"/> Give date of arrival in Australia on this visit Month Year	10. (a) Has this person ever been a widow or widower? Yes No Y (b) If now widowed, give the length of this widowhood (If less than one year, write 'O') (c) If since remarried, give length of LAST widowhood (If less than one year, write 'O') (d) If this person did not work or did only unpaid housework. Yes No Y (e) Did this person do any work at all last week for payment or profit? Yes No Y (f) Tick 'yes' even if this person was temporarily absent from a job because of sickness, holidays, industrial dispute, etc. Yes No Y (g) Tick 'no' if this person did not have a job or did only unpaid housework. Yes No Y (h) Did this person temporarily laid off by his employer without pay for the WHOLE of last week? Yes No Y (i) Did this person took for work last week? Yes No Y (j) Looking for work means being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service, or approaching a prospective employer, or placing or answering advertisements, or writing letters of application, or awaiting the results of recent applications.
4. Give the country of birth of— (a) this person's father (b) this person's mother (c) What is this person's racial origin? (If of mixed origin indicate the one to which he considers himself to belong) 1 European origin 2 Aboriginal origin 3 Torres Strait Islander origin 4 Other origin (give one only)	11. (a) How many babies has this person EVER had from all marriages? (Include adoptions. Exclude still births) Now living (If none write 'nil') (b) What is the length of this PRESENT marriage? Now living (If less than 1 year, write 'O') (c) How many babies has she had from this PRESENT marriage? (Include adoptions. Exclude still births) Now living (If none write 'nil')
5. What is this person's religious denomination? (If no religion write 'none') 	12. (a) Is this person AT PRESENT married? Yes Y Is this person GOING TO GET MARRIED? No Y (b) What is the length of this PRESENT marriage? Now living (If less than 1 year, write 'O') (c) How many babies has she had from this PRESENT marriage? (Include adoptions. Exclude still births) Now living (If none write 'nil')
6. What is this person's level of schooling this person has ever attended? • Answer for all persons 5 years of age and over. • If schooling was completed several years ago, in another state or overseas give the grade which is most nearly the same. • If now attending school give the present grade. (Tick one box only)	7. What is the highest level of schooling this person has ever attended? • Answer for all persons 5 years of age and over. • If schooling was completed several years ago, in another state or overseas give the grade which is most nearly the same. • If now attending school give the present grade. (Tick one box only)
Never attended school Prepared for school 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 2 3 4 5 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	PRIMARY SCHOOL SECONDARY SCHOOL Grade or Form Grade or Form 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 1 2 3 4 5 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

ON LINE 1 OF PAGE 1

12. Is this person now doing a course leading to a trade or other qualification? Yes Y Give full name of qualification for which studying (e.g. Automotive Engineering Certificate, B.Econ, etc.)	13. Since leaving school has this person obtained a trade or other qualification? (e.g. trade or apprenticeship certificate, diploma, degree) Yes Y Full name of qualification(s) (e.g. Fitter and Turner's Certificate, Diploma in Public Health, B.Eng. (Civil) etc.)
14. In the job held last week, was this person— (Tick one box only) A wage or salary earner? Conducting own business but not employing others? Conducting own business and employing others? A helper not receiving wages or salary?	15. How many hours per week does this person usually work in the job or jobs held last week? Main job Other job(s) (If none write 'nil') hours
16. IN QUESTIONS 16 TO 18 GIVE DETAILS OF THE JOB (OR MAIN JOB) HELD BY THIS PERSON LAST WEEK. (If this person changed jobs last week give details of present job.)	17. (a) What is the full trading name of this person's own or employer's business? (For government employees give full name of department) (b) What is the full name of the Division, or Branch, or Section (if any) in which he works? (c) What is the full address of the Division, or Branch, or Section (if any) or business at which he works? (Persons with no fixed place of work last week, e.g. taxi-drivers, airline pilots, etc., write 'N.A.') (d) What kind of industry, business or service is carried out at that address? (Use BLOCK LETTERS) (e) What is the full address of the Division, or Branch, or Section (if any) or business at which he works? (Persons with no fixed place of work last week, e.g. taxi-drivers, airline pilots, etc., write 'N.A.') (f) Did this person took for work last week? • Looking for work means being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service, or approaching a prospective employer, or placing or answering advertisements, or writing letters of application, or awaiting the results of recent applications. Yes No Y (g) Was this person temporarily laid off by his employer without pay for the WHOLE of last week? Yes No Y (h) Did this person did not work or did only unpaid housework. Yes No Y (i) Did this person took for work last week? Yes No Y (j) Looking for first job Yes No Y (k) Otherwise possible give award or government designation. Otherwise describe as fully as possible using two or more words. For example, dairy farming, road construction, green wholesale, retail grocery, jewellery repairing, hospital administration, Public Service, etc.) (l) What was this person's occupation (kind of work) last week? (Where possible give award or government designation. Otherwise describe as fully as possible using two or more words. For example, builder, labourer, electrical fitter, retail shop proprietor, shearing contractor, insurance clerk.)
18. IF THE ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS 14 (s) AND 14 (b) WERE BOTH 'NO', ANSWER NO MORE QUESTIONS FOR THIS PERSON	19. PERSONS UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE NO MORE QUESTIONS IF THIS PERSON IS NOT MARRIED AND HAS NEVER BEEN MARRIED GO TO QUESTION 12
20. PERSONS UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE NO MORE QUESTIONS IF THIS PERSON IS A MALE GO TO QUESTION 12	21. PERSONS UNDER 8 YEARS OF AGE NO MORE QUESTIONS IF THIS PERSON IS A FEMALE GO TO QUESTION 12

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Householder's Schedule

The Householder's Schedule used for the 1971 Census of Population and Housing represents a major departure in design from that used at the 1966 and earlier Censuses. The single large sheet used previously, with provision for a maximum of 8 persons, was replaced by a booklet-type schedule with extensive use of the tick-box type question. In this schedule (a facsimile of which appears on pages ix to xii), the first page (page 1) provided for a list of persons in the dwelling, pages 2 and 3 contained questions relating to the dwelling, while the remaining 16 pages provided for two pages of questions to be completed in respect of each person listed on page 1.

The ordering of the questions was designed to minimise the number of questions to be answered by any one person. For persons under 5 years of age a maximum of 12 questions required an answer and 15 questions applied to those under 15 years of age. Males are not required to answer questions on issue and duration of marriage (Question 11) and only employed persons completed details of hours worked, occupational status, industry and occupation (Questions 15-18).

In the following notes on the individual topics appearing in this bulletin, reference to the specific question in the Householder's Schedule appears in parentheses.

Age (Column 4, page 1 of Schedule)

Before the 1954 Census, cases where age was not given were distributed to specific ages subsequent to tabulation in accordance with the frequency of stated ages. In the 1954 and later Censuses, ages were allocated by first establishing the minimum age range within which the correct age most probably lay (as indicated by answers to other questions on the Schedule) and then by selecting an age, within that range, from a table of random ages based on the most currently available date on age distribution.

Marital status (Column 5, page 1 of Schedule)

It will be seen from the wording of the question that the status referred to is that at the time of enumeration regardless of any previous status.

In the very small proportion of cases where the question on marital status was not answered a status was allocated as follows:

Males under 18 years and females under 17 years were allocated to 'never married' unless there was definite evidence to the contrary in other answers on the Schedule. For other persons 'never married' was imputed if Questions 10 and 11 were not answered, 'widowed' if 10(b) was answered, and 'now married' if the answer was 'yes' to the question 'Is this person at present married?' in question 11(a). Otherwise a marital status was selected from a random list according to age, compiled from the most currently available data on the distribution of the population by age and marital status.

Birthplace (Question 3(a), page 4 of Schedule)

Nationality (Question 3(b), page 4 of Schedule)

British nationality includes all persons who, by virtue of the *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948-1966* (Section 7 and Regulation 5A), are deemed to be British subjects. In a small number of cases persons of British nationality and birthplace have inadvertently been shown as having 'nationality same as birthplace' rather than 'British'.

Period of residence (Question 3(c), page 4 of Schedule)

For the first time in Australian censuses, overseas-born persons were asked whether they were a resident of, or a visitor to, Australia. The number of years on overseas-born person has been resident of Australia has been defined as commencing from the date of *first arrival* as a *resident*.

Qualifications (Question 13, page 5 of Schedule)

For the 1971 Census the qualifications have been classified to five major levels and specific fields within each level. The levels have been determined as follows :

Trade : formal recognition of competency in a skilled manual occupation which is usually obtained through an apprenticeship and satisfactory progress in part-time studies concurrently with practical training (e.g. plumber, fitter, compositor, carpenter, hairdresser).

Technician : a level which requires theoretical knowledge, as well as practical skills, e.g. wool classing or nursing. Certificates issued by technical colleges following periods of 4 or 5 years part-time study after passing intermediate or final secondary school examinations are classified as 'technician'.

Tertiary (Other than university degree): a level relating to qualifications obtained following substantial advanced study beyond matriculation conferred by institutions and professional associations, e.g. Associate of Australian Society of Accountants, Diploma in Business Studies, Teaching Certificate, Diploma of Engineering.

Bachelor degree : usually conferred by a university following a period of at least 3 years full-time study or equivalent part-time study and includes post-graduate diplomas.

Higher degree : conferred by a university in recognition of substantial studies beyond the Bachelor level.

Some qualifications could not be classified to any of the above levels. Most of these relate to short specialised courses in such fields as typewriting and shorthand, farm book-keeping, dressmaking, automotive maintenance.

The labour force and occupational status (Questions 14 and 16, page 5 of Schedule)

The term 'labour force' is used throughout 1971 Census publications in place of 'work force' in conformity with the Bureau's quarterly population survey and with international usage.

The labour force is defined as those persons 15 years of age and over who answered 'Yes' to any of the four parts of Question 14. Thus the labour force comprises those persons who worked, those who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, those who were temporarily laid off without pay for the whole of the reference week *and* those who did not work, did not have a job and were actively looking for work.

Persons helping but not receiving wages or salary who usually worked less than 15 hours a week are excluded from the labour force. Bonded trainees (including trainee teachers) and cadets engaged in full-time study at educational institutions are also excluded, even though such institutions were conducted by their employer.

The unemployed members of the labour force are those persons who answered 'No' to Question 14(a) and 14(b) and 'Yes' to Question 14(d) AND those who answered 'Yes' to Question 14(a), 'No' to Question 14(b) and 'Yes' to Question 14(c). Thus the unemployed consist of those persons who did no work during the reference week *and* either looked for work (having no job) or were temporarily laid off from a job.

The approach adopted in the 1971 Census for determining the labour force conforms closely to the recommendations of the Eighth International Conference of Labour Statisticians held in Geneva in 1954 and to the approach used at the 1966 Census.

According to the definition any labour force activity during the previous week, however little, results in the person being counted in the labour force.

Thus many persons whose main activity is not a labour force one (e.g. housewife, full-time student) are drawn into the labour force by virtue of part-time or occasional labour force activity in the previous week. Answers to Question 2 on the schedule indicate that there were substantially more of such persons at the Census of 1971 than at the Census of 1966 and that they were predominantly females.

On the other hand, the definition excludes persons who may frequently or usually participate in the labour force but who in the previous week happened to have withdrawn from the labour force. Answers to Question 2 on the schedule indicate that there were substantially more of such persons at the Census of 1971 than at the census of 1966, especially among males.

A similar definition of the labour force is used in the quarterly population sample survey conducted by the Bureau by the method of personal interview. This survey is used to measure changes in the labour force from quarter to quarter in the intercensal period.

Evidence from post-enumeration surveys and pilot tests indicates that the personal interview approach tends to identify a larger number of persons as in the labour force than does the filling in of the census questions on the schedule by the householder and that this tendency has increased between the 1966 and 1971 Censuses.

The above considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons of the total labour force or labour force participation rates are made between the 1966 and 1971 Censuses, or between the 1971 Census and the 1971 labour force quarterly estimates.

The relationship between the terms 'occupational status', 'employment status' and 'labour force status' as used in 1971 Census publications is illustrated by the following classifications:

<i>Occupational status</i>	<i>Employment status</i>	<i>Labour force status</i>
1. Employer		
2. Self-employed	Employed	In the labour force
3. Employee		
4. Helper		
5. Looking for first job	Unemployed	
6. Other unemployed		
7. Not in the labour force	Not in the labour force	Not in the labour force

Occupation (Question 18, page 5 of Schedule)

Occupation is defined as the type of work performed by an employed person and should not be confused with the type of productive activity, business or service carried out by the establishment in which a person works, e.g. a carpenter employed by a steel-making establishment would have the occupation of 'carpenter' and industry 'steel manufacture'; an electrician working at an oil refinery would have the occupation of 'electrician' but his industry would be that of 'oil refining' (see Industry).

In accordance with the International Standard Classifications of Occupations the structure of the Australian classification used for the 1971 and previous censuses is based primarily on the nature of the work done. The 1971 classification was prepared from the International Standard Classification of Occupations 1958 (revised 1966). The changes in the revised classification were given careful consideration in the preparation of the 1971 Australian classification. A number of new entries have been created to maintain convertibility to the international classification and others created to give more precise codes in certain occupation groups.

The classification of persons to an occupation based upon the replies provided on census schedules can be a most difficult task. This is particularly so in respect of occupations described as 'professional'. This can be simply illustrated by taking the reply 'engineer' which is provided on census schedules by persons ranging from university graduates in engineering to mechanics of various types, locomotive drivers and attendants of stationery engines.

Much of this difficulty can be overcome by studying the answers to the census questions on qualifications held (Question 13), but considerable knowledge of qualifications is needed to use them effectively in coding occupations. Such knowledge could not be conveyed in a simple set of instructions to the coders employed for census processing.

For this reason occupation minor group OA (Architects, engineers and surveyors, professional) has been limited solely to persons holding a university degree. Other persons describing themselves in professional terms but not holding a degree were classified to minor group OK (Draftsmen and technicians NEC).

This is of course too restrictive a definition of many 'professional' occupations and consequently a set of tabulations of the individual occupations in minor group OK cross-classified by tertiary qualifications held (other than university degrees) will be produced as a supplement to all tabulations showing occupation at the minor group level. Information from these supplementary tabulations will be available on request.

Industry (Question 17, page 5 of Schedule)

Industry is defined as the branch of productive activity, business or service carried out by the establishment in which a person is employed.

For the 1971 Census the classification of industry was based on the Preliminary Edition of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC).

Because of space considerations some of the full industry titles of the ASIC have had to be abbreviated for inclusion in this publication. The table overleaf sets out the corresponding ASIC codes for each of the industry titles used in this publication so that reference to the ASIC document itself (*Australian Standard Industrial Classification, Preliminary Edition 1969, Volume 1*), and to other statistics classified according to ASIC, will be facilitated.

For the purposes of the population census an 'undefined' category was added, where appropriate, to individual Divisions, Subdivisions and Groups of the classification to facilitate the coding of imprecise or generalised descriptions of industrial activities on the census schedules.

At the 1966 and previous censuses, industry was determined from the respondent's own stated description of the 'kind of industry, business or service' in which he worked. With the adoption of ASIC for the 1971 Census comparability with previous censuses is greatly impaired, not only because of changes in the classification itself but also because in 1971 the industry coding in general was not determined from the stated description. Instead the name and address of the establishment at which the respondent worked (Question 17(a), (b), (c)) in general provided the industry code for employees of that establishment. However, in a number of cases, due to deficient replies concerning name and address of employer or because the establishment had not been pre-coded for industry, recourse still had to be made in coding to the respondent's own description (Question 17(d)) of the industry in which he worked.

Schooling (Question 7, page 4 of Schedule)

At the 1966 Census persons were asked to state the highest level of schooling completed. For the 1971 Census the question was redesigned to obtain a measure of the highest level attended.

Persons no longer at school were requested to mark the grade in the current local system corresponding to the highest grade which they had attended.

Education systems differ between the Australian States and the question on schooling was varied appropriately in Schedules used in different States.

The following table was used to assign grades (or forms) in each State or Territory to an approximately comparable level.

<i>State or Territory</i>	<i>Grade or form reported</i>									
N.S.W., VIC., A.C.T., TAS.	1 & 2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5 & 6
QLD	1, 2 & 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
S.A., N.T.	1, 2 & 3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5
W.A.	1, 2 & 3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5 & 6
Level assigned	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Primary school					Secondary school				

The category 'Child not yet attending school' includes children aged 0-4 years and a small number of 5 and 6 year olds who had not commenced schooling. Persons aged 5-15 years who failed to answer the question were allocated a level based on the modal level for the age in each State using the most currently available information on the distribution of the school population by age and level.

NOTE. In these computer-generated tables some abbreviations have been used in order to present the data in the space available. Examples of these are :

NEC not elsewhere classified
REL related
PHYS physical

STAT stationary
PROD production

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION

Industry Titles and Codes

Because of space considerations some of the full industry titles of the ASIC have had to be abbreviated for inclusion in this publication. The following table sets out the corresponding ASIC codes for each of the industry titles used in this publication so that reference to the ASIC document itself (*Australian Standard Industrial Classification, Preliminary Edition 1969, Volume 1*) and to other statistics classified according to ASIC will be facilitated.

<i>Industry title</i>	<i>Corresponding ASIC Code</i>
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, etc.	A
Mining	B
Manufacturing	C
Electricity, Gas & Water	D
Construction	E
Wholesale and Retail Trade	F
Transport and Storage	G
Communication	H
Finance, Business Services, etc.	I
Public Administration, Defence	J
Community Services	K
Entertainment, Recreation, etc.	L

BIRTHPLACE	MALES									TOTAL
	0-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	AGE GROUPS 35-44	(IN YEARS) 45-54	55-59	60-64	65 AND+	
NEVER MARRIED										
AUSTRALIA	13586	2661	2908	1959	715	377	92	64	102	22464
NEW ZEALAND	66	17	171	104	17	9	1	4	1	390
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	311	119	369	398	99	89	26	17	31	1459
GERMANY	23	28	78	116	39	11	2	1	1	299
GREECE	58	67	126	126	26	6	2	0	1	412
ITALY	36	18	83	179	74	11	3	3	2	409
MALTA	3	1	6	4	3	0	0	0	0	17
NETHERLANDS	10	7	36	39	11	9	1	0	1	114
POLAND	0	0	1	3	7	18	3	1	1	34
YUGOSLAVIA	5	2	67	167	50	7	2	0	1	301
OTHER EUROPE	73	25	163	361	120	50	11	8	7	838
OTHER COUNTRIES	405	122	243	182	44	22	9	2	5	994
TOTAL	14576	3067	4231	3638	1205	609	152	97	156	27731
MARRIED										
AUSTRALIA	0	71	1499	4772	3248	2299	702	440	575	13606
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	25	120	32	28	7	3	5	220
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	3	124	637	430	331	96	75	76	1772
GERMANY	0	1	29	132	129	34	5	0	7	337
GREECE	0	3	39	215	162	60	27	9	6	521
ITALY	0	1	14	106	171	51	14	6	7	370
MALTA	0	0	5	5	3	3	0	0	1	17
NETHERLANDS	0	0	15	71	66	26	5	3	2	188
POLAND	0	0	1	10	9	14	5	1	1	41
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	6	56	44	9	2	0	0	117
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	23	205	165	92	10	4	9	508
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	2	44	317	308	159	28	18	10	886
TOTAL	0	81	1824	6646	4767	3106	901	559	699	18583
PERMANENTLY SEPARATED										
AUSTRALIA	0	1	39	201	214	144	41	30	32	702
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	3	4	4	4	0	0	0	15
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	6	25	17	20	6	6	9	89
GERMANY	0	0	4	6	8	4	0	0	1	23
GREECE	0	0	0	3	3	2	0	0	2	10
ITALY	0	0	0	3	5	3	0	1	0	12
MALTA	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	0	2
NETHERLANDS	0	0	2	5	7	0	0	0	0	14
POLAND	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	6
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	5	6	2	0	0	0	13
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	1	10	23	14	3	2	3	56
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	3	12	5	5	3	0	2	30
TOTAL	0	1	58	275	294	200	53	42	49	972
DIVORCED										
AUSTRALIA	0	0	9	99	144	120	47	17	27	463
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	4	6	2	0	3	2	2	17
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	1	13	17	21	6	11	4	73
GERMANY	0	0	0	1	9	1	2	0	0	13
GREECE	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	6
ITALY	0	0	0	6	1	0	1	1	0	9
MALTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
NETHERLANDS	0	0	1	2	3	2	1	0	0	9
POLAND	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	7
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	2	2	3	4	1	0	0	12
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	0	9	16	9	3	0	2	37
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	1	15	10	8	2	2	1	39
TOTAL	0	0	14	153	211	174	63	34	37	686
WIDOWED										
AUSTRALIA	0	0	5	24	79	108	49	48	211	524
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	1	1	1	5	1	0	3	12
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	0	1	3	15	10	7	24	60
GERMANY	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	5
GREECE	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	3
ITALY	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	4	11
MALTA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
POLAND	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	4
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	0	2	2	4	2	1	3	14
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	1	0	2	2	2	0	5	5	17
TOTAL	0	1	8	34	93	140	63	62	254	655
TOTAL										
AUSTRALIA	13586	2733	4460	7055	4400	3048	931	599	947	37759
NEW ZEALAND	66	17	200	233	60	48	9	7	14	654
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	311	122	500	1074	566	476	144	116	144	3453
GERMANY	23	29	111	255	188	51	9	1	10	677
GREECE	58	70	165	346	193	70	31	9	10	952
ITALY	36	19	98	296	254	66	18	11	13	811
MALTA	3	1	12	10	6	3	0	1	3	39
NETHERLANDS	10	7	54	117	87	38	7	3	3	326
POLAND	0	0	2	14	18	42	9	4	3	92
YUGOSLAVIA	5	2	75	231	103	22	5	1	1	445
OTHER EUROPE	73	25	207	567	326	169	27	15	24	1453
OTHER COUNTRIES	405	125	251	528	369	196	42	27	23	1966
TOTAL	14576	3150	6135	10746	6570	4229	1232	794	1195	48627

TABLE 1. (CONTINUED). BIRTHPLACE BY AGE BY MARITAL STATUS

PAGE 2

BIRTHPLACE	FEMALES										TOTAL
	0-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	AGE GROUPS 35-44	(IN YEARS) 45-54	55-59	60-64	65 AND+		
NEVER MARRIED											
AUSTRALIA	12861	1757	1177	580	139	85	36	23	38	16696	
NEW ZEALAND	61	15	75	44	5	2	1	0	0	203	
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	311	90	131	118	27	13	4	4	2	700	
GERMANY	22	16	24	18	1	1	0	0	0	82	
GREECE	53	26	17	2	1	2	0	0	0	101	
ITALY	34	13	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	55	
MALTA	3	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	7	
NETHERLANDS	11	6	16	10	4	0	0	0	0	47	
POLAND	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
YUGOSLAVIA	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	
OTHER EUROPE	51	9	26	21	4	0	0	0	0	111	
OTHER COUNTRIES	421	87	60	31	8	7	4	1	0	619	
TOTAL	13829	2021	1534	830	189	110	45	30	40	18628	
MARRIED											
AUSTRALIA	0	676	2472	4407	2676	1724	485	307	274	13021	
NEW ZEALAND	0	4	69	103	26	17	7	2	2	230	
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	19	216	534	281	235	59	36	34	1414	
GERMANY	0	0	41	72	71	25	2	2	1	214	
GREECE	0	31	93	143	64	31	8	2	2	374	
ITALY	0	3	26	87	65	22	7	2	4	216	
MALTA	0	0	2	7	1	0	0	0	0	10	
NETHERLANDS	0	2	22	60	24	13	5	0	2	128	
POLAND	0	0	3	4	1	7	0	0	0	15	
YUGOSLAVIA	0	2	7	26	11	1	0	0	0	47	
OTHER EUROPE	0	5	41	103	54	34	5	3	2	247	
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	11	116	322	231	96	15	6	7	804	
TOTAL	0	753	3108	5868	3505	2205	593	360	328	16720	
PERMANENTLY SEPARATED											
AUSTRALIA	0	13	77	140	107	103	32	22	14	508	
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	5	1	1	2	1	0	1	11	
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	2	5	8	8	7	3	4	2	39	
GERMANY	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	
GREECE	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	5	
ITALY	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	
MALTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	5	
POLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	3	1	3	1	0	0	0	8	
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	3	2	5	1	1	0	1	13	
TOTAL	0	16	94	154	130	119	38	27	18	596	
DIVORCED											
AUSTRALIA	0	2	10	54	51	56	16	14	7	210	
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	5	
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	1	7	8	4	8	3	6	37	
GERMANY	0	0	0	3	0	3	1	0	0	7	
GREECE	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	5	
ITALY	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	
MALTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
POLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	4	
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	1	4	2	2	0	0	2	13	
TOTAL	0	2	14	74	63	71	28	18	15	285	
WIDOWED											
AUSTRALIA	0	6	14	67	158	272	156	208	466	1347	
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	1	1	1	3	2	0	2	10	
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	0	1	0	13	11	24	39	88	
GERMANY	0	0	1	3	1	8	2	2	2	8	
GREECE	0	0	0	0	1	2	5	1	6	15	
ITALY	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	
MALTA	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
POLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	4	4	11	
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	0	1	4	9	7	4	16	41	
TOTAL	0	6	16	70	168	302	184	245	543	1534	
TOTAL											
AUSTRALIA	12861	2454	3750	5248	3131	2240	725	574	799	31782	
NEW ZEALAND	61	19	151	151	34	25	11	2	5	459	
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	311	111	353	668	324	272	85	71	83	2278	
GERMANY	22	16	67	93	75	29	5	4	3	314	
GREECE	53	58	110	147	67	38	14	5	8	500	
ITALY	34	16	30	93	67	26	8	6	10	287	
MALTA	3	0	4	9	1	0	0	0	0	17	
NETHERLANDS	11	8	38	72	29	14	6	0	3	181	
POLAND	0	1	4	4	1	8	0	0	1	19	
YUGOSLAVIA	1	3	8	28	12	3	0	0	0	55	
OTHER EUROPE	51	14	71	126	64	37	5	7	6	381	
OTHER COUNTRIES	421	98	180	36ii	250	115	29	11	26	1490	
TOTAL	13829	2798	4766	6996	4555	28u7	888	620	944	37763	

TABLE 1. (CONTINUED)

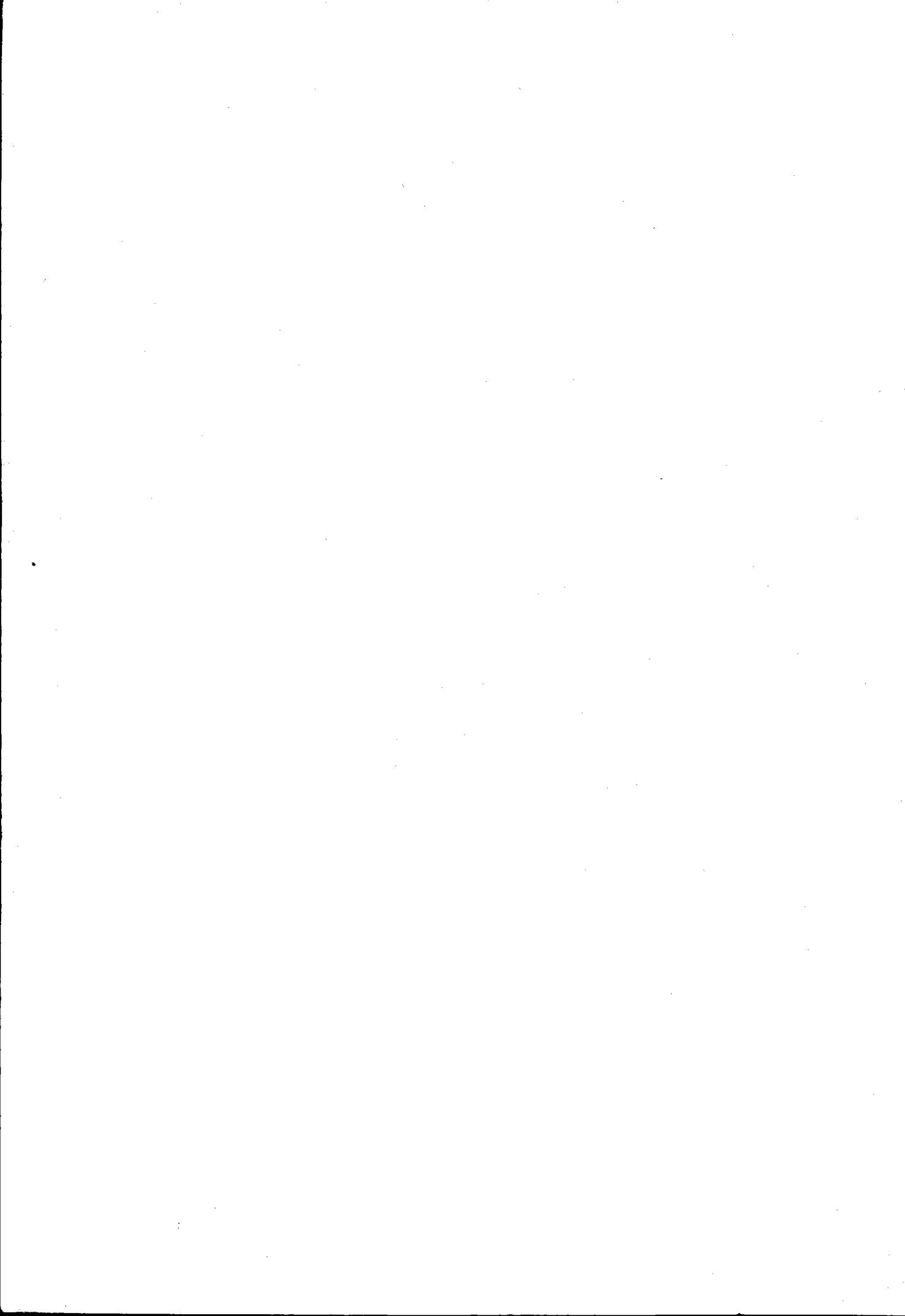
BIRTHPLACE BY AGE BY MARITAL STATUS

BIRTHPLACE	PERSONS									TOTAL
	0-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	(IN YEARS) 45-54	55-59	60-64	65 AND+	
NEVER MARRIED										
AUSTRALIA	26447	4418	4085	2539	854	462	128	87	140	39160
NEW ZEALAND	127	32	246	148	22	11	2	1	4	593
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	622	209	500	516	126	102	30	21	33	2159
GERMANY	45	44	102	134	40	12	2	1	1	381
GREECE	111	93	143	128	27	8	2	0	1	513
ITALY	70	31	87	181	74	11	3	5	2	464
MALTA	6	1	8	6	3	0	0	0	0	24
NETHERLANDS	21	13	52	49	15	9	1	0	1	161
POLAND	6	1	2	3	7	18	3	1	1	36
YUGOSLAVIA	6	3	68	169	50	7	2	0	1	306
OTHER EUROPE	124	34	209	382	124	50	11	8	7	949
OTHER COUNTRIES	826	209	263	213	52	29	13	3	5	1613
TOTAL	28405	5088	5765	4468	1394	719	197	127	196	46359
MARRIED										
AUSTRALIA	0	747	3971	9179	5924	4023	1187	747	849	26627
NEW ZEALAND	0	4	94	223	58	45	14	5	7	450
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	22	340	1171	711	566	155	111	110	3186
GERMANY	0	1	70	204	200	59	7	2	8	551
GREECE	0	34	132	358	226	91	35	11	8	895
ITALY	0	4	40	193	236	73	21	8	11	586
MALTA	0	0	7	12	4	3	0	0	1	27
NETHERLANDS	0	2	37	131	90	39	10	3	4	316
POLAND	0	0	4	14	10	21	5	1	1	56
YUGOSLAVIA	0	2	13	82	55	10	2	0	0	164
OTHER EUROPE	0	5	64	308	219	126	15	7	11	755
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	13	160	639	539	255	43	24	17	1690
TOTAL	0	834	4932	12514	8272	5311	1494	919	1027	35303
PERMANENTLY SEPARATED										
AUSTRALIA	0	14	116	341	321	247	73	52	46	1210
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	8	5	5	6	1	0	1	26
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	2	11	33	25	27	9	10	11	128
GERMANY	0	0	5	6	10	4	0	0	1	26
GREECE	0	1	0	3	4	4	0	1	2	15
ITALY	0	0	0	3	6	4	0	1	0	14
MALTA	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
NETHERLANDS	0	0	2	7	8	1	1	0	0	19
POLAND	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	2	0	7
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	5	7	2	0	0	0	14
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	4	11	26	15	3	2	3	64
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	6	14	10	6	4	0	3	43
TOTAL	0	17	152	429	424	319	91	69	87	1568
DIVORCED										
AUSTRALIA	0	2	19	153	195	176	63	31	34	673
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	1	6	7	3	0	3	2	22
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	2	20	25	25	14	14	10	110
GERMANY	0	0	0	4	9	4	3	0	0	20
GREECE	0	0	0	4	2	2	2	1	0	11
ITALY	0	0	0	7	1	1	1	1	0	11
MALTA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
NETHERLANDS	0	0	1	2	3	2	1	0	0	9
POLAND	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	7
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	2	2	3	6	1	0	0	14
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	1	10	17	10	1	0	2	41
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	0	2	19	12	10	4	2	3	92
TOTAL	0	2	28	227	274	245	91	52	52	971
WIDOWED										
AUSTRALIA	0	6	19	91	237	380	205	256	677	1871
NEW ZEALAND	0	0	2	2	2	8	3	0	5	22
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	0	0	0	2	3	28	21	31	63	148
GERMANY	0	0	1	0	4	1	2	2	3	13
GREECE	0	0	0	0	1	3	6	1	7	18
ITALY	0	0	1	2	4	3	1	2	10	23
MALTA	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
NETHERLANDS	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	2
POLAND	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	5
YUGOSLAVIA	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
OTHER EUROPE	0	0	0	2	4	5	2	5	7	25
OTHER COUNTRIES	0	1	0	3	6	11	7	9	21	58
TOTAL	0	7	24	104	261	442	247	307	797	2189
TOTAL										
AUSTRALIA	26447	5187	8210	12303	7531	5288	1656	1173	1746	69541
NEW ZEALAND	127	36	351	384	94	73	20	9	19	1113
UNITED KINGDOM, EIRE	622	233	853	1742	890	748	229	187	227	5731
GERMANY	45	45	178	348	263	80	14	5	13	991
GREECE	111	128	275	493	256	108	45	14	18	1452
ITALY	70	35	128	386	321	92	26	17	23	1098
MALTA	6	1	16	19	7	3	0	1	3	56
NETHERLANDS	21	15	92	189	116	52	13	3	6	507
POLAND	0	1	6	18	19	50	9	4	4	111
YUGOSLAVIA	6	5	83	259	115	25	5	1	1	500
OTHER EUROPE	124	39	278	713	390	206	32	22	30	1834
OTHER COUNTRIES	826	223	431	888	619	311	71	38	49	3456
TOTAL	28405	5948	10901	17742	10625	7036	2120	1474	2139	86390

TABLE 9. (CONTINUED). BIRTHPLACE BY HIGHEST LEVEL OF SCHOOLING ATTENDED

PAGE 9

HIGHEST LEVEL ATTENDED		CURRENTLY ATTENDING SCHOOL			NOT CURRENTLY ATTENDING SCHOOL		
		MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS	MALES	FEMALES	PERSONS
BIRTHPLACE - GREECE							
CHILD NOT YET ATTENDING SCHOOL							
LEVEL 1	5	9	14		11	12	23
LEVEL 2	9	4	13		39	35	74
LEVEL 3	8	5	13		34	23	57
LEVEL 4	6	6	12		53	29	82
LEVEL 5	7	8	15		201	91	292
LEVEL 6	10	6	16		49	21	70
LEVEL 7	7	2	9		58	18	76
LEVEL 8	0	4	4		69	37	106
LEVEL 9	3	2	5		31	11	42
LEVEL 10 OR HIGHER	0	1	1		70	25	95
TOTAL AT SCHOOL	55	47	102				
OTHER NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL					9	19	28
NOT STATED					74	26	100
BIRTHPLACE - GERMANY							
CHILD NOT YET ATTENDING SCHOOL							
LEVEL 1	7	7	14		2	2	4
LEVEL 2	2	4	6		4	1	5
LEVEL 3	2	2	4		0	0	0
LEVEL 4	2	3	5		1	2	3
LEVEL 5	2	2	4		8	1	9
LEVEL 6	5	2	7		96	34	130
LEVEL 7	1	1	2		48	20	68
LEVEL 8	1	2	3		58	25	83
LEVEL 9	0	0	0		132	61	193
LEVEL 10 OR HIGHER	2	0	2		77	44	121
TOTAL AT SCHOOL	24	23	47		158	79	237
OTHER NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL					0	0	0
NOT STATED					69	22	91
BIRTHPLACE - YUGOSLAVIA							
CHILD NOT YET ATTENDING SCHOOL							
LEVEL 1	3	1	4		2	0	2
LEVEL 2	0	0	0		7	1	8
LEVEL 3	0	0	0		19	3	22
LEVEL 4	0	0	0		13	4	17
LEVEL 5	0	0	0		17	4	21
LEVEL 6	0	0	0		57	7	64
LEVEL 7	0	0	0		36	7	43
LEVEL 8	0	0	0		33	4	37
LEVEL 9	0	0	0		58	5	63
LEVEL 10 OR HIGHER	0	0	0		40	8	48
TOTAL AT SCHOOL	3	1	4		66	8	74
OTHER NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL					3	0	3
NOT STATED					91	3	94
BIRTHPLACE - OTHER							
CHILD NOT YET ATTENDING SCHOOL							
LEVEL 1	176	164	340		157	157	314
LEVEL 2	48	51	99		41	19	60
LEVEL 3	39	33	72		52	18	70
LEVEL 4	33	31	64		69	17	86
LEVEL 5	40	41	81		110	52	162
LEVEL 6	41	38	79		335	148	483
LEVEL 7	32	42	74		136	55	191
LEVEL 8	30	18	48		262	127	389
LEVEL 9	14	18	32		493	298	791
LEVEL 10 OR HIGHER	8	6	14		436	210	646
TOTAL AT SCHOOL	461	442	903		1535	855	2390
OTHER NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL					26	24	50
NOT STATED					417	125	542
BIRTHPLACE - TOTAL BORN OVERSEAS							
CHILD NOT YET ATTENDING SCHOOL							
LEVEL 1	302	292	594		220	235	455
LEVEL 2	104	92	196		122	70	192
LEVEL 3	87	67	154		132	57	189
LEVEL 4	75	66	141		312	126	438
LEVEL 5	78	77	155		443	184	627
LEVEL 6	73	73	146		1042	500	1542
LEVEL 7	67	70	137		381	177	558
LEVEL 8	54	45	99		664	310	974
LEVEL 9	25	26	51		1244	767	2011
LEVEL 10 OR HIGHER	18	9	27		1130	625	1755
TOTAL AT SCHOOL	883	817	1700		3186	1755	4941
OTHER NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL					47	48	95
NOT STATED					1082	310	1372
BIRTHPLACE - TOTAL POPULATION							
CHILD NOT YET ATTENDING SCHOOL							
LEVEL 1	3848	3620	7460		6502	6217	12719
LEVEL 2	1085	970	2055		1513	1225	2738
LEVEL 3	861	835	1696		669	495	1164
LEVEL 4	736	727	1463		944	644	1588
LEVEL 5	664	619	1283		1266	818	2084
LEVEL 6	540	495	1035		3042	2095	5137
LEVEL 7	458	423	881		1412	1010	2422
LEVEL 8	283	289	572		5020	4197	9217
LEVEL 9	142	147	289		3142	2244	5386
LEVEL 10 OR HIGHER	59	43	102		6020	3688	9708
TOTAL AT SCHOOL	8668	8168	16836				
OTHER NEVER ATTENDED SCHOOL					3295	3378	6673
NOT STATED					4376	1548	5924



1971 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING PUBLICATIONS
Issued by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics

Information from the 1971 Census of Population and Housing is in two series of publications :

Field Count Statements contain preliminary population figures compiled by field personnel during the taking of the Census and are available free of charge from the Bureau of Census and Statistics in Canberra. These have all been issued and in the list below dates of issue are shown in italics.

No. 1. Population : States and Territories	<i>October</i> 1971
No. 2. Population : Principal Urban Centres	<i>April</i> 1972

Population : Local Government Areas and Towns —

No. 3. New South Wales	<i>February</i> 1972
No. 4. Victoria	<i>February</i> 1972
No. 5. Queensland	<i>February</i> 1972
No. 6. South Australia	<i>February</i> 1972
No. 7. Western Australia	<i>February</i> 1972
No. 8. Tasmania	<i>February</i> 1972
No. 9. Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory	<i>December</i> 1971
No. 10. Population : Commonwealth Electoral Divisions	<i>July</i> 1972

Bulletins. Final results of the 1971 Census of Population and Housing are being released in a series of 14 bulletins, seven of which consist of separate parts for States and Territories. The titles are given below with the price (where known so far), with freight cost within Australia in brackets. Bulletins 1 to 5 will be issued early in 1973. The remainder will follow during the year.

Bulletin 1. SUMMARY OF POPULATION. 25 cents each part (12c)

Part 1. New South Wales	Part 4. South Australia	Part 7. Northern Territory
Part 2. Victoria	Part 5. Western Australia	Part 8. Australian Capital Territory
Part 3. Queensland	Part 6. Tasmania	Part 9. Australia

Bulletin 2. SUMMARY OF DWELLINGS. 25 cents each part (12c)

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Part 3. Queensland	Part 6. Tasmania	Part 9. Australia

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Part 2. Victoria	Part 5. Western Australia	Part 8. Australian Capital Territory
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Bulletin 6. POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS AND URBAN CENTRES

Part 1. New South Wales	35c (18c)	Part 5. Western Australia	35c (12c)
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Part 3. Queensland	35c (18c)	Part 7 & 8. Northern Territory	
Part 4. South Australia	35c (12c)	and Australian Capital Territory	35c (12c)
		Part 9. Australia	50c (18c)

Bulletin 7. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION AND DWELLINGS – LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS

Part 1. New South Wales	\$8.00 (65c)	Part 5. Western Australia	\$5.00 (65c)
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(Prices are post-free.)

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- General dot distribution map and rainfall belts of Australia. 40c
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- Western Australia urban centre map covering : Albany, Geraldton, Kalgoorlie. 20c
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